



Rep. Camille Y. Lilly

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1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 158

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend House Bill 158 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Title I. General Provisions

5 Article 1.

6 Section 1-1. This Act may be referred to as the Illinois
7 Health Care and Human Service Reform Act.

8 Section 1-5. Findings.

9 "We, the People of the State of Illinois in order to
10 provide for the health, safety and welfare of the people;
11 maintain a representative and orderly government; eliminate
12 poverty and inequality; assure legal, social and economic
13 justice; provide opportunity for the fullest development of
14 the individual; insure domestic tranquility; provide for the

1 common defense; and secure the blessings of freedom and
2 liberty to ourselves and our posterity - do ordain and
3 establish this Constitution for the State of Illinois."

4 The Illinois Legislative Black Caucus finds that, in order
5 to improve the health outcomes of Black residents in the State
6 of Illinois, it is essential to dramatically reform the
7 State's health and human service system. For over 3 decades,
8 multiple health studies have found that health inequities at
9 their very core are due to racism. As early as 1998 research
10 demonstrated that Black Americans received less health care
11 than white Americans because doctors treated patients
12 differently on the basis of race. Yet, Illinois' health and
13 human service system disappointingly continues to perpetuate
14 health disparities among Black Illinoisans of all ages,
15 genders, and socioeconomic status.

16 In July 2020, Trinity Health announced its plans to close
17 Mercy Hospital, an essential resource serving the Chicago
18 South Side's predominantly Black residents. Trinity Health
19 argued that this closure would have no impact on health access
20 but failed to understand the community's needs. Closure of
21 Mercy Hospital would only serve to create a health access
22 desert and exacerbate existing health disparities. On December
23 15, 2020, after hearing from community members and advocates,
24 the Health Facilities and Services Review Board unanimously
25 voted to deny closure efforts, yet Trinity still seeks to
26 cease Mercy's operations.

1 Prior to COVID-19, much of the social and political
2 attention surrounding the nationwide opioid epidemic focused
3 on the increase in overdose deaths among white, middle-class,
4 suburban and rural users; the impact of the epidemic in Black
5 communities was largely unrecognized. Research has shown rates
6 of opioid use at the national scale are higher for whites than
7 they are for Blacks, yet rates of opioid deaths are higher
8 among Blacks (43%) than whites (22%). The COVID-19 pandemic
9 will likely exacerbate this situation due to job loss,
10 stay-at-home orders, and ongoing mitigation efforts creating a
11 lack of physical access to addiction support and harm
12 reduction groups.

13 In 2018, the Illinois Department of Public Health reported
14 that Black women were about 6 times as likely to die from a
15 pregnancy-related cause as white women. Of those, 72% of
16 pregnancy-related deaths and 93% of violent
17 pregnancy-associated deaths were deemed preventable. Between
18 2016 and 2017, Black women had the highest rate of severe
19 maternal morbidity with a rate of 101.5 per 10,000 deliveries,
20 which is almost 3 times as high as the rate for white women.

21 In the City of Chicago, African American and Latinx
22 populations are suffering from higher rates of AIDS/HIV
23 compared to the general population. Recent data places HIV as
24 one of the top 5 leading causes of death in African American
25 women between the ages of 35 to 44 and the seventh ranking
26 cause in African American women between the ages of 20 to 34.

1 Among the Latinx population, nearly 20% with HIV exclusively
2 depend on indigenous-led and staffed organizations for
3 services.

4 Cardiovascular disease (CVD) accounts for more deaths in
5 Illinois than any other cause of death, according to the
6 Illinois Department of Public Health; CVD is the leading cause
7 of death among Black residents. According to the Kaiser Family
8 Foundation (KFF), for every 100,000 people, 224 Black
9 Illinoisans die of CVD compared to 158 white Illinoisans.
10 Cancer, the second leading cause of death in Illinois, too is
11 pervasive among African Americans. In 2019, an estimated
12 606,880 Americans, or 1,660 people a day, died of cancer; the
13 American Cancer Society estimated 24,410 deaths occurred in
14 Illinois. KFF estimates that, out of every 100,000 people, 191
15 Black Illinoisans die of cancer compared to 152 white
16 Illinoisans.

17 Black Americans suffer at much higher rates from chronic
18 diseases, including diabetes, hypertension, heart disease,
19 asthma, and many cancers. Utilizing community health workers
20 in patient education and chronic disease management is needed
21 to close these health disparities. Studies have shown that
22 diabetes patients in the care of a community health worker
23 demonstrate improved knowledge and lifestyle and
24 self-management behaviors, as well as decreases in the use of
25 the emergency department. A study of asthma control among
26 black adolescents concluded that asthma control was reduced by

1 35% among adolescents working with community health workers,
2 resulting in a savings of \$5.58 per dollar spent on the
3 intervention. A study of the return on investment for
4 community health workers employed in Colorado showed that,
5 after a 9-month period, patients working with community health
6 workers had an increased number of primary care visits and a
7 decrease in urgent and inpatient care. Utilization of
8 community health workers led to a \$2.38 return on investment
9 for every dollar invested in community health workers.

10 Adverse childhood experiences (ACEs) are traumatic
11 experiences occurring during childhood that have been found to
12 have a profound effect on a child's developing brain structure
13 and body which may result in poor health during a person's
14 adulthood. ACEs studies have found a strong correlation
15 between the number of ACEs and a person's risk for disease and
16 negative health behaviors, including suicide, depression,
17 cancer, stroke, ischemic heart disease, diabetes, autoimmune
18 disease, smoking, substance abuse, interpersonal violence,
19 obesity, unplanned pregnancies, lower educational achievement,
20 workplace absenteeism, and lower wages. Data also shows that
21 approximately 20% of African American and Hispanic adults in
22 Illinois reported 4 or more ACEs, compared to 13% of
23 non-Hispanic whites. Long-standing ACE interventions include
24 tools such as trauma-informed care. Trauma-informed care has
25 been promoted and established in communities across the
26 country on a bipartisan basis, including in the states of

1 California, Florida, Massachusetts, Missouri, Oregon,
2 Pennsylvania, Washington, and Wisconsin. Several federal
3 agencies have integrated trauma-informed approaches in their
4 programs and grants which should be leveraged by the State.

5 According to a 2019 Rush University report, a Black
6 person's life expectancy on average is less when compared to a
7 white person's life expectancy. For instance, when comparing
8 life expectancy in Chicago's Austin neighborhood to the
9 Chicago Loop, there is a difference of 11 years between Black
10 life expectancy (71 years) and white life expectancy (82
11 years).

12 In a 2015 literature review of implicit racial and ethnic
13 bias among medical professionals, it was concluded that there
14 is a moderate level of implicit bias in most medical
15 professionals. Further, the literature review showed that
16 implicit bias has negative consequences for patients,
17 including strained patient relationships and negative health
18 outcomes. It is critical for medical professionals to be aware
19 of implicit racial and ethnic bias and work to eliminate bias
20 through training.

21 In the field of medicine, a historically racist
22 profession, Black medical professionals have commonly been
23 ostracized. In 1934, Dr. Roland B. Scott was the first African
24 American to pass the pediatric board exam, yet when he applied
25 for membership with the American Academy of Pediatrics he was
26 rejected multiple times. Few medical organizations have

1 confronted the roles they played in blocking opportunities for
2 Black advancement in the medical profession until the formal
3 apologies of the American Medical Association in 2008. For
4 decades, organizations like the AMA predicated their
5 membership on joining a local state medical society, several
6 of which excluded Black physicians.

7 In 2010, the General Assembly, in partnership with
8 Treatment Alternatives for Safe Communities, published the
9 Disproportionate Justice Impact Study. The study examined the
10 impact of Illinois drug laws on racial and ethnic groups and
11 the resulting over-representation of racial and ethnic minority
12 groups in the Illinois criminal justice system. Unsurprisingly
13 and disappointingly, the study confirmed decades long
14 injustices, such as nonwhites being arrested at a higher rate
15 than whites relative to their representation in the general
16 population throughout Illinois.

17 All together, the above mentioned only begins to capture a
18 part of a larger system of racial injustices and inequities.
19 The General Assembly and the people of Illinois are urged to
20 recognize while racism is a core fault of the current health
21 and human service system, that it is a pervasive disease
22 affecting a multiplitude of institutions which truly drive
23 systematic health inequities: education, child care, criminal
24 justice, affordable housing, environmental justice, and job
25 security and so forth. For persons to live up to their full
26 human potential, their rights to quality of life, health care,

1 a quality job, a fair wage, housing, and education must not be
2 inhibited.

3 Therefore, the Illinois Legislative Black Caucus, as
4 informed by the Senate's Health and Human Service Pillar
5 subject matter hearings, seeks to remedy a fraction of a much
6 larger broken system by addressing access to health care,
7 hospital closures, managed care organization reform, community
8 health worker certification, maternal and infant mortality,
9 mental and substance abuse treatment, hospital reform, and
10 medical implicit bias in the Illinois Health Care and Human
11 Service Reform Act. This Act shall achieve needed change
12 through the use of, but not limited to, the Medicaid Managed
13 Care Oversight Commission, the Health and Human Services Task
14 Force, and a hospital closure moratorium, in order to address
15 Illinois' long-standing health inequities.

16 Title II. Community Health Workers

17 Article 5.

18 Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
19 Community Health Worker Certification and Reimbursement Act.
20 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

21 Section 5-5. Definition. In this Act, "community health
22 worker" means a frontline public health worker who is a

1 trusted member or has an unusually close understanding of the
2 community served. This trusting relationship enables the
3 community health worker to serve as a liaison, link, and
4 intermediary between health and social services and the
5 community to facilitate access to services and improve the
6 quality and cultural competence of service delivery. A
7 community health worker also builds individual and community
8 capacity by increasing health knowledge and self-sufficiency
9 through a range of activities, including outreach, community
10 education, informal counseling, social support, and advocacy.
11 A community health worker shall have the following core
12 competencies:

- 13 (1) communication;
- 14 (2) interpersonal skills and relationship building;
- 15 (3) service coordination and navigation skills;
- 16 (4) capacity-building;
- 17 (5) advocacy;
- 18 (6) presentation and facilitation skills;
- 19 (7) organizational skills; cultural competency;
- 20 (8) public health knowledge;
- 21 (9) understanding of health systems and basic
22 diseases;
- 23 (10) behavioral health issues; and
- 24 (11) field experience.

25 Nothing in this definition shall be construed to authorize
26 a community health worker to provide direct care or treatment

1 to any person or to perform any act or service for which a
2 license issued by a professional licensing board is required.

3 Section 5-10. Community health worker training.

4 (a) Community health workers shall be provided with
5 multi-tiered academic and community-based training
6 opportunities that lead to the mastery of community health
7 worker core competencies.

8 (b) For academic-based training programs, the Department
9 of Public Health shall collaborate with the Illinois State
10 Board of Education, the Illinois Community College Board, and
11 the Illinois Board of Higher Education to adopt a process to
12 certify academic-based training programs that students can
13 attend to obtain individual community health worker
14 certification. Certified training programs shall reflect the
15 approved core competencies and roles for community health
16 workers.

17 (c) For community-based training programs, the Department
18 of Public Health shall collaborate with a statewide
19 association representing community health workers to adopt a
20 process to certify community-based programs that students can
21 attend to obtain individual community health worker
22 certification.

23 (d) Community health workers may need to undergo
24 additional training, including, but not limited to, asthma,
25 diabetes, maternal child health, behavioral health, and social

1 determinants of health training. Multi-tiered training
2 approaches shall provide opportunities that build on each
3 other and prepare community health workers for career pathways
4 both within the community health worker profession and within
5 allied professions.

6 Section 5-15. Illinois Community Health Worker
7 Certification Board.

8 (a) There is created within the Department of Public
9 Health, in shared leadership with a statewide association
10 representing community health workers, the Illinois Community
11 Health Worker Certification Board. The Board shall serve as
12 the regulatory body that develops and has oversight of initial
13 community health workers certification and certification
14 renewals for both individuals and academic and community-based
15 training programs.

16 (b) A representative from the Department of Public Health,
17 the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation, the
18 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, and the
19 Department of Human Services shall serve on the Board. At
20 least one full-time professional shall be assigned to staff
21 the Board with additional administrative support available as
22 needed. The Board shall have balanced representation from the
23 community health worker workforce, community health worker
24 employers, community health worker training and educational
25 organizations, and other engaged stakeholders.

1 (c) The Board shall propose a certification process for
2 and be authorized to approve training from community-based
3 organizations, in conjunction with a statewide organization
4 representing community health workers, and academic
5 institutions, in consultation with the Illinois State Board of
6 Education, the Illinois Community College Board and the
7 Illinois Board of Higher Education. The Board shall base
8 training approval on core competencies, best practices, and
9 affordability. In addition, the Board shall maintain a
10 registry of certification records for individually certified
11 community health workers.

12 (d) All training programs that are deemed certifiable by
13 the Board shall go through a renewal process, which will be
14 determined by the Board once established. The Board shall
15 establish criteria to grandfather in any community health
16 workers who were practicing prior to the establishment of a
17 certification program.

18 (e) To ensure high-quality service, the Illinois Community
19 Health Worker Certification Board shall examine and consider
20 for adoption best practices from other states that have
21 implemented policies to allow for alternative opportunities to
22 demonstrate competency in core skills and knowledge in
23 addition to certification.

24 (f) The Department of Public Health shall explore ways to
25 compensate members of the Board.

1 Section 5-20. Reimbursement. Community health worker
2 services shall be covered under the medical assistance
3 program, subject to appropriation, for persons who are
4 otherwise eligible for medical assistance. The Department of
5 Healthcare and Family Services shall develop services,
6 including, but not limited to, care coordination and
7 diagnosis-related patient services, for which community health
8 workers will be eligible for reimbursement and shall request
9 approval from the federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
10 Services to reimburse community health worker services under
11 the medical assistance program. For reimbursement under the
12 medical assistance program, a community health worker must
13 work under the supervision of an enrolled medical program
14 provider, as specified by the Department, and certification
15 shall be required for reimbursement. The supervision of
16 enrolled medical program providers and certification are not
17 required for community health workers who receive
18 reimbursement through managed care administrative moneys.
19 Noncertified community health workers are reimbursable at the
20 discretion of managed care entities following availability of
21 community health worker certification. In addition, the
22 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall amend its
23 contracts with managed care entities to allow managed care
24 entities to employ community health workers or subcontract
25 with community-based organizations that employ community
26 health workers.

1 Section 5-23. Certification. Certification shall not be
2 required for employment of community health workers.
3 Noncertified community health workers may be employed through
4 funding sources outside of the medical assistance program.

5 Section 5-25. Rules. The Department of Public Health and
6 the Department of Healthcare and Family Services may adopt
7 rules for the implementation and administration of this Act.

8 Title III. Hospital Reform

9 Article 10.

10 Section 10-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
11 changing Section 10.4 as follows:

12 (210 ILCS 85/10.4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 151.4)

13 Sec. 10.4. Medical staff privileges.

14 (a) Any hospital licensed under this Act or any hospital
15 organized under the University of Illinois Hospital Act shall,
16 prior to the granting of any medical staff privileges to an
17 applicant, or renewing a current medical staff member's
18 privileges, request of the Director of Professional Regulation
19 information concerning the licensure status, proper
20 credentials, required certificates, and any disciplinary

1 action taken against the applicant's or medical staff member's
2 license, except: (1) for medical personnel who enter a
3 hospital to obtain organs and tissues for transplant from a
4 donor in accordance with the Illinois Anatomical Gift Act; or
5 (2) for medical personnel who have been granted disaster
6 privileges pursuant to the procedures and requirements
7 established by rules adopted by the Department. Any hospital
8 and any employees of the hospital or others involved in
9 granting privileges who, in good faith, grant disaster
10 privileges pursuant to this Section to respond to an emergency
11 shall not, as a result of their acts or omissions, be liable
12 for civil damages for granting or denying disaster privileges
13 except in the event of willful and wanton misconduct, as that
14 term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act. Individuals
15 granted privileges who provide care in an emergency situation,
16 in good faith and without direct compensation, shall not, as a
17 result of their acts or omissions, except for acts or
18 omissions involving willful and wanton misconduct, as that
19 term is defined in Section 10.2 of this Act, on the part of the
20 person, be liable for civil damages. The Director of
21 Professional Regulation shall transmit, in writing and in a
22 timely fashion, such information regarding the license of the
23 applicant or the medical staff member, including the record of
24 imposition of any periods of supervision or monitoring as a
25 result of alcohol or substance abuse, as provided by Section
26 23 of the Medical Practice Act of 1987, and such information as

1 may have been submitted to the Department indicating that the
2 application or medical staff member has been denied, or has
3 surrendered, medical staff privileges at a hospital licensed
4 under this Act, or any equivalent facility in another state or
5 territory of the United States. The Director of Professional
6 Regulation shall define by rule the period for timely response
7 to such requests.

8 No transmittal of information by the Director of
9 Professional Regulation, under this Section shall be to other
10 than the president, chief operating officer, chief
11 administrative officer, or chief of the medical staff of a
12 hospital licensed under this Act, a hospital organized under
13 the University of Illinois Hospital Act, or a hospital
14 operated by the United States, or any of its
15 instrumentalities. The information so transmitted shall be
16 afforded the same status as is information concerning medical
17 studies by Part 21 of Article VIII of the Code of Civil
18 Procedure, as now or hereafter amended.

19 (b) All hospitals licensed under this Act, except county
20 hospitals as defined in subsection (c) of Section 15-1 of the
21 Illinois Public Aid Code, shall comply with, and the medical
22 staff bylaws of these hospitals shall include rules consistent
23 with, the provisions of this Section in granting, limiting,
24 renewing, or denying medical staff membership and clinical
25 staff privileges. Hospitals that require medical staff members
26 to possess faculty status with a specific institution of

1 higher education are not required to comply with subsection
2 (1) below when the physician does not possess faculty status.

3 (1) Minimum procedures for pre-applicants and
4 applicants for medical staff membership shall include the
5 following:

6 (A) Written procedures relating to the acceptance
7 and processing of pre-applicants or applicants for
8 medical staff membership, which should be contained in
9 medical staff bylaws.

10 (B) Written procedures to be followed in
11 determining a pre-applicant's or an applicant's
12 qualifications for being granted medical staff
13 membership and privileges.

14 (C) Written criteria to be followed in evaluating
15 a pre-applicant's or an applicant's qualifications.

16 (D) An evaluation of a pre-applicant's or an
17 applicant's current health status and current license
18 status in Illinois.

19 (E) A written response to each pre-applicant or
20 applicant that explains the reason or reasons for any
21 adverse decision (including all reasons based in whole
22 or in part on the applicant's medical qualifications
23 or any other basis, including economic factors).

24 (2) Minimum procedures with respect to medical staff
25 and clinical privilege determinations concerning current
26 members of the medical staff shall include the following:

1 (A) A written notice of an adverse decision.

2 (B) An explanation of the reasons for an adverse
3 decision including all reasons based on the quality of
4 medical care or any other basis, including economic
5 factors.

6 (C) A statement of the medical staff member's
7 right to request a fair hearing on the adverse
8 decision before a hearing panel whose membership is
9 mutually agreed upon by the medical staff and the
10 hospital governing board. The hearing panel shall have
11 independent authority to recommend action to the
12 hospital governing board. Upon the request of the
13 medical staff member or the hospital governing board,
14 the hearing panel shall make findings concerning the
15 nature of each basis for any adverse decision
16 recommended to and accepted by the hospital governing
17 board.

18 (i) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a
19 hospital's or medical staff's right to summarily
20 suspend, without a prior hearing, a person's
21 medical staff membership or clinical privileges if
22 the continuation of practice of a medical staff
23 member constitutes an immediate danger to the
24 public, including patients, visitors, and hospital
25 employees and staff. In the event that a hospital
26 or the medical staff imposes a summary suspension,

1 the Medical Executive Committee, or other
2 comparable governance committee of the medical
3 staff as specified in the bylaws, must meet as
4 soon as is reasonably possible to review the
5 suspension and to recommend whether it should be
6 affirmed, lifted, expunged, or modified if the
7 suspended physician requests such review. A
8 summary suspension may not be implemented unless
9 there is actual documentation or other reliable
10 information that an immediate danger exists. This
11 documentation or information must be available at
12 the time the summary suspension decision is made
13 and when the decision is reviewed by the Medical
14 Executive Committee. If the Medical Executive
15 Committee recommends that the summary suspension
16 should be lifted, expunged, or modified, this
17 recommendation must be reviewed and considered by
18 the hospital governing board, or a committee of
19 the board, on an expedited basis. Nothing in this
20 subparagraph (C) shall affect the requirement that
21 any requested hearing must be commenced within 15
22 days after the summary suspension and completed
23 without delay unless otherwise agreed to by the
24 parties. A fair hearing shall be commenced within
25 15 days after the suspension and completed without
26 delay, except that when the medical staff member's

1 license to practice has been suspended or revoked
2 by the State's licensing authority, no hearing
3 shall be necessary.

4 (ii) Nothing in this subparagraph (C) limits a
5 medical staff's right to permit, in the medical
6 staff bylaws, summary suspension of membership or
7 clinical privileges in designated administrative
8 circumstances as specifically approved by the
9 medical staff. This bylaw provision must
10 specifically describe both the administrative
11 circumstance that can result in a summary
12 suspension and the length of the summary
13 suspension. The opportunity for a fair hearing is
14 required for any administrative summary
15 suspension. Any requested hearing must be
16 commenced within 15 days after the summary
17 suspension and completed without delay. Adverse
18 decisions other than suspension or other
19 restrictions on the treatment or admission of
20 patients may be imposed summarily and without a
21 hearing under designated administrative
22 circumstances as specifically provided for in the
23 medical staff bylaws as approved by the medical
24 staff.

25 (iii) If a hospital exercises its option to
26 enter into an exclusive contract and that contract

1 results in the total or partial termination or
2 reduction of medical staff membership or clinical
3 privileges of a current medical staff member, the
4 hospital shall provide the affected medical staff
5 member 60 days prior notice of the effect on his or
6 her medical staff membership or privileges. An
7 affected medical staff member desiring a hearing
8 under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (2) must
9 request the hearing within 14 days after the date
10 he or she is so notified. The requested hearing
11 shall be commenced and completed (with a report
12 and recommendation to the affected medical staff
13 member, hospital governing board, and medical
14 staff) within 30 days after the date of the
15 medical staff member's request. If agreed upon by
16 both the medical staff and the hospital governing
17 board, the medical staff bylaws may provide for
18 longer time periods.

19 (C-5) All peer review used for the purpose of
20 credentialing, privileging, disciplinary action, or
21 other recommendations affecting medical staff
22 membership or exercise of clinical privileges, whether
23 relying in whole or in part on internal or external
24 reviews, shall be conducted in accordance with the
25 medical staff bylaws and applicable rules,
26 regulations, or policies of the medical staff. If

1 external review is obtained, any adverse report
2 utilized shall be in writing and shall be made part of
3 the internal peer review process under the bylaws. The
4 report shall also be shared with a medical staff peer
5 review committee and the individual under review. If
6 the medical staff peer review committee or the
7 individual under review prepares a written response to
8 the report of the external peer review within 30 days
9 after receiving such report, the governing board shall
10 consider the response prior to the implementation of
11 any final actions by the governing board which may
12 affect the individual's medical staff membership or
13 clinical privileges. Any peer review that involves
14 willful or wanton misconduct shall be subject to civil
15 damages as provided for under Section 10.2 of this
16 Act.

17 (D) A statement of the member's right to inspect
18 all pertinent information in the hospital's possession
19 with respect to the decision.

20 (E) A statement of the member's right to present
21 witnesses and other evidence at the hearing on the
22 decision.

23 (E-5) The right to be represented by a personal
24 attorney.

25 (F) A written notice and written explanation of
26 the decision resulting from the hearing.

1 (F-5) A written notice of a final adverse decision
2 by a hospital governing board.

3 (G) Notice given 15 days before implementation of
4 an adverse medical staff membership or clinical
5 privileges decision based substantially on economic
6 factors. This notice shall be given after the medical
7 staff member exhausts all applicable procedures under
8 this Section, including item (iii) of subparagraph (C)
9 of this paragraph (2), and under the medical staff
10 bylaws in order to allow sufficient time for the
11 orderly provision of patient care.

12 (H) Nothing in this paragraph (2) of this
13 subsection (b) limits a medical staff member's right
14 to waive, in writing, the rights provided in
15 subparagraphs (A) through (G) of this paragraph (2) of
16 this subsection (b) upon being granted the written
17 exclusive right to provide particular services at a
18 hospital, either individually or as a member of a
19 group. If an exclusive contract is signed by a
20 representative of a group of physicians, a waiver
21 contained in the contract shall apply to all members
22 of the group unless stated otherwise in the contract.

23 (3) Every adverse medical staff membership and
24 clinical privilege decision based substantially on
25 economic factors shall be reported to the Hospital
26 Licensing Board before the decision takes effect. These

1 reports shall not be disclosed in any form that reveals
2 the identity of any hospital or physician. These reports
3 shall be utilized to study the effects that hospital
4 medical staff membership and clinical privilege decisions
5 based upon economic factors have on access to care and the
6 availability of physician services. The Hospital Licensing
7 Board shall submit an initial study to the Governor and
8 the General Assembly by January 1, 1996, and subsequent
9 reports shall be submitted periodically thereafter.

10 (4) As used in this Section:

11 "Adverse decision" means a decision reducing,
12 restricting, suspending, revoking, denying, or not
13 renewing medical staff membership or clinical privileges.

14 "Economic factor" means any information or reasons for
15 decisions unrelated to quality of care or professional
16 competency.

17 "Pre-applicant" means a physician licensed to practice
18 medicine in all its branches who requests an application
19 for medical staff membership or privileges.

20 "Privilege" means permission to provide medical or
21 other patient care services and permission to use hospital
22 resources, including equipment, facilities and personnel
23 that are necessary to effectively provide medical or other
24 patient care services. This definition shall not be
25 construed to require a hospital to acquire additional
26 equipment, facilities, or personnel to accommodate the

1 granting of privileges.

2 (5) Any amendment to medical staff bylaws required
3 because of this amendatory Act of the 91st General
4 Assembly shall be adopted on or before July 1, 2001.

5 (c) All hospitals shall consult with the medical staff
6 prior to closing membership in the entire or any portion of the
7 medical staff or a department. If the hospital closes
8 membership in the medical staff, any portion of the medical
9 staff, or the department over the objections of the medical
10 staff, then the hospital shall provide a detailed written
11 explanation for the decision to the medical staff 10 days
12 prior to the effective date of any closure. No applications
13 need to be provided when membership in the medical staff or any
14 relevant portion of the medical staff is closed.

15 (Source: P.A. 96-445, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1006, eff. 8-17-12.)

16 Article 15.

17 Section 15-3. The Illinois Health Finance Reform Act is
18 amended by changing Section 4-4 as follows:

19 (20 ILCS 2215/4-4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 6504-4)

20 Sec. 4-4. (a) Hospitals shall make available to
21 prospective patients information on the normal charge incurred
22 for any procedure or operation the prospective patient is
23 considering.

1 (b) The Department of Public Health shall require
2 hospitals to post, either by physical or electronic means, in
3 prominent letters, ~~in letters no more than one inch in height~~
4 the established charges for services, where applicable,
5 including but not limited to the hospital's private room
6 charge, semi-private room charge, charge for a room with 3 or
7 more beds, intensive care room charges, emergency room charge,
8 operating room charge, electrocardiogram charge, anesthesia
9 charge, chest x-ray charge, blood sugar charge, blood
10 chemistry charge, tissue exam charge, blood typing charge and
11 Rh factor charge. The definitions of each charge to be posted
12 shall be determined by the Department.

13 (Source: P.A. 92-597, eff. 7-1-02.)

14 Section 15-5. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
15 changing Sections 6, 6.14c, 10.10, and 11.5 as follows:

16 (210 ILCS 85/6) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 147)

17 Sec. 6. (a) Upon receipt of an application for a permit to
18 establish a hospital the Director shall issue a permit if he
19 finds (1) that the applicant is fit, willing, and able to
20 provide a proper standard of hospital service for the
21 community with particular regard to the qualification,
22 background, and character of the applicant, (2) that the
23 financial resources available to the applicant demonstrate an
24 ability to construct, maintain, and operate a hospital in

1 accordance with the standards, rules, and regulations adopted
2 pursuant to this Act, and (3) that safeguards are provided
3 which assure hospital operation and maintenance consistent
4 with the public interest having particular regard to safe,
5 adequate, and efficient hospital facilities and services.

6 The Director may request the cooperation of county and
7 multiple-county health departments, municipal boards of
8 health, and other governmental and non-governmental agencies
9 in obtaining information and in conducting investigations
10 relating to such applications.

11 A permit to establish a hospital shall be valid only for
12 the premises and person named in the application for such
13 permit and shall not be transferable or assignable.

14 In the event the Director issues a permit to establish a
15 hospital the applicant shall thereafter submit plans and
16 specifications to the Department in accordance with Section 8
17 of this Act.

18 (b) Upon receipt of an application for license to open,
19 conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital, the Director shall
20 issue a license if he finds the applicant and the hospital
21 facilities comply with standards, rules, and regulations
22 promulgated under this Act. A license, unless sooner suspended
23 or revoked, shall be renewable annually upon approval by the
24 Department and payment of a license fee as established
25 pursuant to Section 5 of this Act. Each license shall be issued
26 only for the premises and persons named in the application and

1 shall not be transferable or assignable. Licenses shall be
2 posted, either by physical or electronic means, in a
3 conspicuous place on the licensed premises. The Department
4 may, either before or after the issuance of a license, request
5 the cooperation of the State Fire Marshal, county and multiple
6 county health departments, or municipal boards of health to
7 make investigations to determine if the applicant or licensee
8 is complying with the minimum standards prescribed by the
9 Department. The report and recommendations of any such agency
10 shall be in writing and shall state with particularity its
11 findings with respect to compliance or noncompliance with such
12 minimum standards, rules, and regulations.

13 The Director may issue a provisional license to any
14 hospital which does not substantially comply with the
15 provisions of this Act and the standards, rules, and
16 regulations promulgated by virtue thereof provided that he
17 finds that such hospital has undertaken changes and
18 corrections which upon completion will render the hospital in
19 substantial compliance with the provisions of this Act, and
20 the standards, rules, and regulations adopted hereunder, and
21 provided that the health and safety of the patients of the
22 hospital will be protected during the period for which such
23 provisional license is issued. The Director shall advise the
24 licensee of the conditions under which such provisional
25 license is issued, including the manner in which the hospital
26 facilities fail to comply with the provisions of the Act,

1 standards, rules, and regulations, and the time within which
2 the changes and corrections necessary for such hospital
3 facilities to substantially comply with this Act, and the
4 standards, rules, and regulations of the Department relating
5 thereto shall be completed.

6 (Source: P.A. 98-683, eff. 6-30-14.)

7 (210 ILCS 85/6.14c)

8 Sec. 6.14c. Posting of information. Every hospital shall
9 conspicuously post, either by physical or electronic means,
10 for display in an area of its offices accessible to patients,
11 employees, and visitors the following:

12 (1) its current license;

13 (2) a description, provided by the Department, of
14 complaint procedures established under this Act and the
15 name, address, and telephone number of a person authorized
16 by the Department to receive complaints;

17 (3) a list of any orders pertaining to the hospital
18 issued by the Department during the past year and any
19 court orders reviewing such Department orders issued
20 during the past year; and

21 (4) a list of the material available for public
22 inspection under Section 6.14d.

23 Each hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic
24 means, in each facility that has an emergency room, a notice in
25 a conspicuous location in the emergency room with information

1 about how to enroll in health insurance through the Illinois
2 health insurance marketplace in accordance with Sections 1311
3 and 1321 of the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care
4 Act.

5 (Source: P.A. 101-117, eff. 1-1-20.)

6 (210 ILCS 85/10.10)

7 Sec. 10.10. Nurse Staffing by Patient Acuity.

8 (a) Findings. The Legislature finds and declares all of
9 the following:

10 (1) The State of Illinois has a substantial interest
11 in promoting quality care and improving the delivery of
12 health care services.

13 (2) Evidence-based studies have shown that the basic
14 principles of staffing in the acute care setting should be
15 based on the complexity of patients' care needs aligned
16 with available nursing skills to promote quality patient
17 care consistent with professional nursing standards.

18 (3) Compliance with this Section promotes an
19 organizational climate that values registered nurses'
20 input in meeting the health care needs of hospital
21 patients.

22 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section:

23 "Acuity model" means an assessment tool selected and
24 implemented by a hospital, as recommended by a nursing care
25 committee, that assesses the complexity of patient care needs

1 requiring professional nursing care and skills and aligns
2 patient care needs and nursing skills consistent with
3 professional nursing standards.

4 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

5 "Direct patient care" means care provided by a registered
6 professional nurse with direct responsibility to oversee or
7 carry out medical regimens or nursing care for one or more
8 patients.

9 "Nursing care committee" means an existing or newly
10 created hospital-wide committee or committees of nurses whose
11 functions, in part or in whole, contribute to the development,
12 recommendation, and review of the hospital's nurse staffing
13 plan established pursuant to subsection (d).

14 "Registered professional nurse" means a person licensed as
15 a Registered Nurse under the Nurse Practice Act.

16 "Written staffing plan for nursing care services" means a
17 written plan for guiding the assignment of patient care
18 nursing staff based on multiple nurse and patient
19 considerations that yield minimum staffing levels for
20 inpatient care units and the adopted acuity model aligning
21 patient care needs with nursing skills required for quality
22 patient care consistent with professional nursing standards.

23 (c) Written staffing plan.

24 (1) Every hospital shall implement a written
25 hospital-wide staffing plan, recommended by a nursing care
26 committee or committees, that provides for minimum direct

1 care professional registered nurse-to-patient staffing
2 needs for each inpatient care unit. The written
3 hospital-wide staffing plan shall include, but need not be
4 limited to, the following considerations:

5 (A) The complexity of complete care, assessment on
6 patient admission, volume of patient admissions,
7 discharges and transfers, evaluation of the progress
8 of a patient's problems, ongoing physical assessments,
9 planning for a patient's discharge, assessment after a
10 change in patient condition, and assessment of the
11 need for patient referrals.

12 (B) The complexity of clinical professional
13 nursing judgment needed to design and implement a
14 patient's nursing care plan, the need for specialized
15 equipment and technology, the skill mix of other
16 personnel providing or supporting direct patient care,
17 and involvement in quality improvement activities,
18 professional preparation, and experience.

19 (C) Patient acuity and the number of patients for
20 whom care is being provided.

21 (D) The ongoing assessments of a unit's patient
22 acuity levels and nursing staff needed shall be
23 routinely made by the unit nurse manager or his or her
24 designee.

25 (E) The identification of additional registered
26 nurses available for direct patient care when

1 patients' unexpected needs exceed the planned workload
2 for direct care staff.

3 (2) In order to provide staffing flexibility to meet
4 patient needs, every hospital shall identify an acuity
5 model for adjusting the staffing plan for each inpatient
6 care unit.

7 (3) The written staffing plan shall be posted, either
8 by physical or electronic means, in a conspicuous and
9 accessible location for both patients and direct care
10 staff, as required under the Hospital Report Card Act. A
11 copy of the written staffing plan shall be provided to any
12 member of the general public upon request.

13 (d) Nursing care committee.

14 (1) Every hospital shall have a nursing care
15 committee. A hospital shall appoint members of a committee
16 whereby at least 50% of the members are registered
17 professional nurses providing direct patient care.

18 (2) A nursing care committee's recommendations must be
19 given significant regard and weight in the hospital's
20 adoption and implementation of a written staffing plan.

21 (3) A nursing care committee or committees shall
22 recommend a written staffing plan for the hospital based
23 on the principles from the staffing components set forth
24 in subsection (c). In particular, a committee or
25 committees shall provide input and feedback on the
26 following:

1 (A) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of
2 minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units.

3 (B) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of
4 an acuity model to provide staffing flexibility that
5 aligns changing patient acuity with nursing skills
6 required.

7 (C) Selection, implementation, and evaluation of a
8 written staffing plan incorporating the items
9 described in subdivisions (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this
10 Section.

11 (D) Review the following: nurse-to-patient
12 staffing guidelines for all inpatient areas; and
13 current acuity tools and measures in use.

14 (4) A nursing care committee must address the items
15 described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph
16 (3) semi-annually.

17 (e) Nothing in this Section 10.10 shall be construed to
18 limit, alter, or modify any of the terms, conditions, or
19 provisions of a collective bargaining agreement entered into
20 by the hospital.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 97-423, eff. 1-1-12;
22 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

23 (210 ILCS 85/11.5)

24 Sec. 11.5. Uniform standards of obstetrical care
25 regardless of ability to pay.

1 (a) No hospital may promulgate policies or implement
2 practices that determine differing standards of obstetrical
3 care based upon a patient's source of payment or ability to pay
4 for medical services.

5 (b) Each hospital shall develop a written policy statement
6 reflecting the requirements of subsection (a) and shall post,
7 either by physical or electronic means, written notices of
8 this policy in the obstetrical admitting areas of the hospital
9 by July 1, 2004. Notices posted pursuant to this Section shall
10 be posted in the predominant language or languages spoken in
11 the hospital's service area.

12 (Source: P.A. 93-981, eff. 8-23-04.)

13 Section 15-10. The Language Assistance Services Act is
14 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

15 (210 ILCS 87/15)

16 Sec. 15. Language assistance services.

17 (a) To ensure access to health care information and
18 services for limited-English-speaking or non-English-speaking
19 residents and deaf residents, a health facility must do the
20 following:

21 (1) Adopt and review annually a policy for providing
22 language assistance services to patients with language or
23 communication barriers. The policy shall include
24 procedures for providing, to the extent possible as

1 determined by the facility, the use of an interpreter
2 whenever a language or communication barrier exists,
3 except where the patient, after being informed of the
4 availability of the interpreter service, chooses to use a
5 family member or friend who volunteers to interpret. The
6 procedures shall be designed to maximize efficient use of
7 interpreters and minimize delays in providing interpreters
8 to patients. The procedures shall insure, to the extent
9 possible as determined by the facility, that interpreters
10 are available, either on the premises or accessible by
11 telephone, 24 hours a day. The facility shall annually
12 transmit to the Department of Public Health a copy of the
13 updated policy and shall include a description of the
14 facility's efforts to insure adequate and speedy
15 communication between patients with language or
16 communication barriers and staff.

17 (2) Develop, and post, either by physical or
18 electronic means, in conspicuous locations, notices that
19 advise patients and their families of the availability of
20 interpreters, the procedure for obtaining an interpreter,
21 and the telephone numbers to call for filing complaints
22 concerning interpreter service problems, including, but
23 not limited to, a TTY number for persons who are deaf or
24 hard of hearing. The notices shall be posted, at a
25 minimum, in the emergency room, the admitting area, the
26 facility entrance, and the outpatient area. Notices shall

1 inform patients that interpreter services are available on
2 request, shall list the languages most commonly
3 encountered at the facility for which interpreter services
4 are available, and shall instruct patients to direct
5 complaints regarding interpreter services to the
6 Department of Public Health, including the telephone
7 numbers to call for that purpose.

8 (3) Notify the facility's employees of the language
9 services available at the facility and train them on how
10 to make those language services available to patients.

11 (b) In addition, a health facility may do one or more of
12 the following:

13 (1) Identify and record a patient's primary language
14 and dialect on one or more of the following: a patient
15 medical chart, hospital bracelet, bedside notice, or
16 nursing card.

17 (2) Prepare and maintain, as needed, a list of
18 interpreters who have been identified as proficient in
19 sign language according to the Interpreter for the Deaf
20 Licensure Act of 2007 and a list of the languages of the
21 population of the geographical area served by the
22 facility.

23 (3) Review all standardized written forms, waivers,
24 documents, and informational materials available to
25 patients on admission to determine which to translate into
26 languages other than English.

1 (4) Consider providing its nonbilingual staff with
2 standardized picture and phrase sheets for use in routine
3 communications with patients who have language or
4 communication barriers.

5 (5) Develop community liaison groups to enable the
6 facility and the limited-English-speaking,
7 non-English-speaking, and deaf communities to ensure the
8 adequacy of the interpreter services.

9 (Source: P.A. 98-756, eff. 7-16-14.)

10 Section 15-15. The Fair Patient Billing Act is amended by
11 changing Section 15 as follows:

12 (210 ILCS 88/15)

13 Sec. 15. Patient notification.

14 (a) Each hospital shall post a sign with the following
15 notice:

16 "You may be eligible for financial assistance under
17 the terms and conditions the hospital offers to qualified
18 patients. For more information contact [hospital financial
19 assistance representative]".

20 (b) The sign under subsection (a) shall be posted, either
21 by physical or electronic means, conspicuously in the
22 admission and registration areas of the hospital.

23 (c) The sign shall be in English, and in any other language
24 that is the primary language of at least 5% of the patients

1 served by the hospital annually.

2 (d) Each hospital that has a website must post a notice in
3 a prominent place on its website that financial assistance is
4 available at the hospital, a description of the financial
5 assistance application process, and a copy of the financial
6 assistance application.

7 (e) Within 180 days after the effective date of this
8 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly, each ~~Each~~
9 hospital must make available information regarding financial
10 assistance from the hospital in the form of either a brochure,
11 an application for financial assistance, or other written or
12 electronic material in the emergency room, ~~material in the~~
13 hospital admission, or registration area.

14 (Source: P.A. 94-885, eff. 1-1-07.)

15 Section 15-16. The Health Care Violence Prevention Act is
16 amended by changing Section 15 as follows:

17 (210 ILCS 160/15)

18 Sec. 15. Workplace safety.

19 (a) A health care worker who contacts law enforcement or
20 files a report with law enforcement against a patient or
21 individual because of workplace violence shall provide notice
22 to management of the health care provider by which he or she is
23 employed within 3 days after contacting law enforcement or
24 filing the report.

1 (b) No management of a health care provider may discourage
2 a health care worker from exercising his or her right to
3 contact law enforcement or file a report with law enforcement
4 because of workplace violence.

5 (c) A health care provider that employs a health care
6 worker shall display a notice, either by physical or
7 electronic means, stating that verbal aggression will not be
8 tolerated and physical assault will be reported to law
9 enforcement.

10 (d) The health care provider shall offer immediate
11 post-incident services for a health care worker directly
12 involved in a workplace violence incident caused by patients
13 or their visitors, including acute treatment and access to
14 psychological evaluation.

15 (Source: P.A. 100-1051, eff. 1-1-19.)

16 Section 15-17. The Medical Patient Rights Act is amended
17 by changing Sections 3.4 and 5.2 as follows:

18 (410 ILCS 50/3.4)

19 Sec. 3.4. Rights of women; pregnancy and childbirth.

20 (a) In addition to any other right provided under this
21 Act, every woman has the following rights with regard to
22 pregnancy and childbirth:

23 (1) The right to receive health care before, during,
24 and after pregnancy and childbirth.

1 (2) The right to receive care for her and her infant
2 that is consistent with generally accepted medical
3 standards.

4 (3) The right to choose a certified nurse midwife or
5 physician as her maternity care professional.

6 (4) The right to choose her birth setting from the
7 full range of birthing options available in her community.

8 (5) The right to leave her maternity care professional
9 and select another if she becomes dissatisfied with her
10 care, except as otherwise provided by law.

11 (6) The right to receive information about the names
12 of those health care professionals involved in her care.

13 (7) The right to privacy and confidentiality of
14 records, except as provided by law.

15 (8) The right to receive information concerning her
16 condition and proposed treatment, including methods of
17 relieving pain.

18 (9) The right to accept or refuse any treatment, to
19 the extent medically possible.

20 (10) The right to be informed if her caregivers wish
21 to enroll her or her infant in a research study in
22 accordance with Section 3.1 of this Act.

23 (11) The right to access her medical records in
24 accordance with Section 8-2001 of the Code of Civil
25 Procedure.

26 (12) The right to receive information in a language in

1 which she can communicate in accordance with federal law.

2 (13) The right to receive emotional and physical
3 support during labor and birth.

4 (14) The right to freedom of movement during labor and
5 to give birth in the position of her choice, within
6 generally accepted medical standards.

7 (15) The right to contact with her newborn, except
8 where necessary care must be provided to the mother or
9 infant.

10 (16) The right to receive information about
11 breastfeeding.

12 (17) The right to decide collaboratively with
13 caregivers when she and her baby will leave the birth site
14 for home, based on their conditions and circumstances.

15 (18) The right to be treated with respect at all times
16 before, during, and after pregnancy by her health care
17 professionals.

18 (19) The right of each patient, regardless of source
19 of payment, to examine and receive a reasonable
20 explanation of her total bill for services rendered by her
21 maternity care professional or health care provider,
22 including itemized charges for specific services received.
23 Each maternity care professional or health care provider
24 shall be responsible only for a reasonable explanation of
25 those specific services provided by the maternity care
26 professional or health care provider.

1 (b) The Department of Public Health, Department of
2 Healthcare and Family Services, Department of Children and
3 Family Services, and Department of Human Services shall post,
4 either by physical or electronic means, information about
5 these rights on their publicly available websites. Every
6 health care provider, day care center licensed under the Child
7 Care Act of 1969, Head Start, and community center shall post
8 information about these rights in a prominent place and on
9 their websites, if applicable.

10 (c) The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules to
11 implement this Section.

12 (d) Nothing in this Section or any rules adopted under
13 subsection (c) shall be construed to require a physician,
14 health care professional, hospital, hospital affiliate, or
15 health care provider to provide care inconsistent with
16 generally accepted medical standards or available capabilities
17 or resources.

18 (Source: P.A. 101-445, eff. 1-1-20.)

19 (410 ILCS 50/5.2)

20 Sec. 5.2. Emergency room anti-discrimination notice. Every
21 hospital shall post, either by physical or electronic means, a
22 sign next to or in close proximity of its sign required by
23 Section 489.20 (q)(1) of Title 42 of the Code of Federal
24 Regulations stating the following:

25 "You have the right not to be discriminated against by the

1 hospital due to your race, color, or national origin if these
2 characteristics are unrelated to your diagnosis or treatment.
3 If you believe this right has been violated, please call
4 (insert number for hospital grievance officer).".

5 (Source: P.A. 97-485, eff. 8-22-11.)

6 Section 15-25. The Abandoned Newborn Infant Protection Act
7 is amended by changing Section 22 as follows:

8 (325 ILCS 2/22)

9 Sec. 22. Signs. Every hospital, fire station, emergency
10 medical facility, and police station that is required to
11 accept a relinquished newborn infant in accordance with this
12 Act must post, either by physical or electronic means, a sign
13 in a conspicuous place on the exterior of the building housing
14 the facility informing persons that a newborn infant may be
15 relinquished at the facility in accordance with this Act. The
16 Department shall prescribe specifications for the signs and
17 for their placement that will ensure statewide uniformity.

18 This Section does not apply to a hospital, fire station,
19 emergency medical facility, or police station that has a sign
20 that is consistent with the requirements of this Section that
21 is posted on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
22 95th General Assembly.

23 (Source: P.A. 95-275, eff. 8-17-07.)

1 Section 15-30. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is
2 amended by changing Section 5.1 as follows:

3 (740 ILCS 45/5.1) (from Ch. 70, par. 75.1)

4 Sec. 5.1. (a) Every hospital licensed under the laws of
5 this State shall display prominently in its emergency room
6 posters giving notification of the existence and general
7 provisions of this Act. The posters may be displayed by
8 physical or electronic means. Such posters shall be provided
9 by the Attorney General.

10 (b) Any law enforcement agency that investigates an
11 offense committed in this State shall inform the victim of the
12 offense or his dependents concerning the availability of an
13 award of compensation and advise such persons that any
14 information concerning this Act and the filing of a claim may
15 be obtained from the office of the Attorney General.

16 (Source: P.A. 81-1013.)

17 Section 15-35. The Human Trafficking Resource Center
18 Notice Act is amended by changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

19 (775 ILCS 50/5)

20 Sec. 5. Posted notice required.

21 (a) Each of the following businesses and other
22 establishments shall, upon the availability of the model
23 notice described in Section 15 of this Act, post a notice that

1 complies with the requirements of this Act in a conspicuous
2 place near the public entrance of the establishment or in
3 another conspicuous location in clear view of the public and
4 employees where similar notices are customarily posted:

5 (1) On premise consumption retailer licensees under
6 the Liquor Control Act of 1934 where the sale of alcoholic
7 liquor is the principal business carried on by the
8 licensee at the premises and primary to the sale of food.

9 (2) Adult entertainment facilities, as defined in
10 Section 5-1097.5 of the Counties Code.

11 (3) Primary airports, as defined in Section 47102(16)
12 of Title 49 of the United States Code.

13 (4) Intercity passenger rail or light rail stations.

14 (5) Bus stations.

15 (6) Truck stops. For purposes of this Act, "truck
16 stop" means a privately-owned and operated facility that
17 provides food, fuel, shower or other sanitary facilities,
18 and lawful overnight truck parking.

19 (7) Emergency rooms within general acute care
20 hospitals, in which case the notice may be posted by
21 electronic means.

22 (8) Urgent care centers, in which case the notice may
23 be posted by electronic means.

24 (9) Farm labor contractors. For purposes of this Act,
25 "farm labor contractor" means: (i) any person who for a
26 fee or other valuable consideration recruits, supplies, or

1 hires, or transports in connection therewith, into or
2 within the State, any farmworker not of the contractor's
3 immediate family to work for, or under the direction,
4 supervision, or control of, a third person; or (ii) any
5 person who for a fee or other valuable consideration
6 recruits, supplies, or hires, or transports in connection
7 therewith, into or within the State, any farmworker not of
8 the contractor's immediate family, and who for a fee or
9 other valuable consideration directs, supervises, or
10 controls all or any part of the work of the farmworker or
11 who disburses wages to the farmworker. However, "farm
12 labor contractor" does not include full-time regular
13 employees of food processing companies when the employees
14 are engaged in recruiting for the companies if those
15 employees are not compensated according to the number of
16 farmworkers they recruit.

17 (10) Privately-operated job recruitment centers.

18 (11) Massage establishments. As used in this Act,
19 "massage establishment" means a place of business in which
20 any method of massage therapy is administered or practiced
21 for compensation. "Massage establishment" does not
22 include: an establishment at which persons licensed under
23 the Medical Practice Act of 1987, the Illinois Physical
24 Therapy Act, or the Naprapathic Practice Act engage in
25 practice under one of those Acts; a business owned by a
26 sole licensed massage therapist; or a cosmetology or

1 esthetics salon registered under the Barber, Cosmetology,
2 Esthetics, Hair Braiding, and Nail Technology Act of 1985.

3 (b) The Department of Transportation shall, upon the
4 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of
5 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of
6 this Act in a conspicuous place near the public entrance of
7 each roadside rest area or in another conspicuous location in
8 clear view of the public and employees where similar notices
9 are customarily posted.

10 (c) The owner of a hotel or motel shall, upon the
11 availability of the model notice described in Section 15 of
12 this Act, post a notice that complies with the requirements of
13 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the
14 premises in clear view of the employees where similar notices
15 are customarily posted.

16 (d) The organizer of a public gathering or special event
17 that is conducted on property open to the public and requires
18 the issuance of a permit from the unit of local government
19 shall post a notice that complies with the requirements of
20 this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place in or about the
21 premises in clear view of the public and employees where
22 similar notices are customarily posted.

23 (e) The administrator of a public or private elementary
24 school or public or private secondary school shall post a
25 printout of the downloadable notice provided by the Department
26 of Human Services under Section 15 that complies with the

1 requirements of this Act in a conspicuous and accessible place
2 chosen by the administrator in the administrative office or
3 another location in view of school employees. School districts
4 and personnel are not subject to the penalties provided under
5 subsection (a) of Section 20.

6 (f) The owner of an establishment registered under the
7 Tattoo and Body Piercing Establishment Registration Act shall
8 post a notice that complies with the requirements of this Act
9 in a conspicuous and accessible place in clear view of
10 establishment employees.

11 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16; 99-565, eff. 7-1-17;
12 100-671, eff. 1-1-19.)

13 (775 ILCS 50/10)

14 Sec. 10. Form of posted notice.

15 (a) The notice required under this Act shall be at least 8
16 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size, written in a 16-point font,
17 except that when the notice is provided by electronic means
18 the size of the notice and font shall not be required to comply
19 with these specifications, and shall state the following:

20 "If you or someone you know is being forced to engage in any
21 activity and cannot leave, whether it is commercial sex,
22 housework, farm work, construction, factory, retail, or
23 restaurant work, or any other activity, call the National
24 Human Trafficking Resource Center at 1-888-373-7888 to access

1 help and services.

2 Victims of slavery and human trafficking are protected under
3 United States and Illinois law. The hotline is:

4 * Available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

5 * Toll-free.

6 * Operated by nonprofit nongovernmental organizations.

7 * Anonymous and confidential.

8 * Accessible in more than 160 languages.

9 * Able to provide help, referral to services,
10 training, and general information."

11 (b) The notice shall be printed in English, Spanish, and
12 in one other language that is the most widely spoken language
13 in the county where the establishment is located and for which
14 translation is mandated by the federal Voting Rights Act, as
15 applicable. This subsection does not require a business or
16 other establishment in a county where a language other than
17 English or Spanish is the most widely spoken language to print
18 the notice in more than one language in addition to English and
19 Spanish.

20 (Source: P.A. 99-99, eff. 1-1-16.)

21 Article 20.

22 Section 20-5. The University of Illinois Hospital Act is

1 amended by adding Section 8d as follows:

2 (110 ILCS 330/8d new)

3 Sec. 8d. N95 masks. Pursuant to and in accordance with
4 applicable local, State, and federal policies, guidance and
5 recommendations of public health and infection control
6 authorities, and taking into consideration the limitations on
7 access to N95 masks caused by disruptions in local, State,
8 national, and international supply chains, the University of
9 Illinois Hospital shall provide N95 masks to physicians
10 licensed under the Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered
11 nurses and advanced practice registered nurses licensed under
12 the Nurse Licensing Act, and any other employees or
13 contractual workers who provide direct patient care and who,
14 pursuant to such policies, guidance, and recommendations, are
15 recommended to have such a mask to safely provide such direct
16 patient care within a hospital setting. Nothing in this
17 Section shall be construed to impose any new duty or
18 obligation on the University of Illinois Hospital or employee
19 that is greater than that imposed under State and federal laws
20 in effect on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
21 102nd General Assembly. This Section is repealed on December
22 31, 2021.

23 Section 20-10. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by
24 adding Section 6.28 as follows:

1 (210 ILCS 85/6.28 new)

2 Sec. 6.28. N95 masks. Pursuant to and in accordance with
3 applicable local, State, and federal policies, guidance and
4 recommendations of public health and infection control
5 authorities, and taking into consideration the limitations on
6 access to N95 masks caused by disruptions in local, State,
7 national, and international supply chains, a hospital licensed
8 under this Act shall provide N95 masks to physicians licensed
9 under the Medical Practice Act of 1987, registered nurses and
10 advanced practice registered nurses licensed under the Nurse
11 Licensing Act, and any other employees or contractual workers
12 who provide direct patient care and who, pursuant to such
13 policies, guidance, and recommendations, are recommended to
14 have such a mask to safely provide such direct patient care
15 within a hospital setting. Nothing in this Section shall be
16 construed to impose any new duty or obligation on the hospital
17 or employee that is greater than that imposed under State and
18 federal laws in effect on the effective date of this
19 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly. This Section is
20 repealed on December 31, 2021.

21 Article 35.

22 Section 35-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
23 changing Section 5-5.05 as follows:

1 (305 ILCS 5/5-5.05)

2 Sec. 5-5.05. Hospitals; psychiatric services.

3 (a) On and after July 1, 2008, the inpatient, per diem rate
4 to be paid to a hospital for inpatient psychiatric services
5 shall be \$363.77.

6 (b) For purposes of this Section, "hospital" means the
7 following:

8 (1) Advocate Christ Hospital, Oak Lawn, Illinois.

9 (2) Barnes-Jewish Hospital, St. Louis, Missouri.

10 (3) BroMenn Healthcare, Bloomington, Illinois.

11 (4) Jackson Park Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

12 (5) Katherine Shaw Bethea Hospital, Dixon, Illinois.

13 (6) Lawrence County Memorial Hospital, Lawrenceville,
14 Illinois.

15 (7) Advocate Lutheran General Hospital, Park Ridge,
16 Illinois.

17 (8) Mercy Hospital and Medical Center, Chicago,
18 Illinois.

19 (9) Methodist Medical Center of Illinois, Peoria,
20 Illinois.

21 (10) Provena United Samaritans Medical Center,
22 Danville, Illinois.

23 (11) Rockford Memorial Hospital, Rockford, Illinois.

24 (12) Sarah Bush Lincoln Health Center, Mattoon,
25 Illinois.

1 (13) Provena Covenant Medical Center, Urbana,
2 Illinois.

3 (14) Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center,
4 Chicago, Illinois.

5 (15) Mt. Sinai Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

6 (16) Gateway Regional Medical Center, Granite City,
7 Illinois.

8 (17) St. Mary of Nazareth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

9 (18) Provena St. Mary's Hospital, Kankakee, Illinois.

10 (19) St. Mary's Hospital, Decatur, Illinois.

11 (20) Memorial Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

12 (21) Swedish Covenant Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

13 (22) Trinity Medical Center, Rock Island, Illinois.

14 (23) St. Elizabeth Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

15 (24) Richland Memorial Hospital, Olney, Illinois.

16 (25) St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Belleville, Illinois.

17 (26) Samaritan Health System, Clinton, Iowa.

18 (27) St. John's Hospital, Springfield, Illinois.

19 (28) St. Mary's Hospital, Centralia, Illinois.

20 (29) Loretto Hospital, Chicago, Illinois.

21 (30) Kenneth Hall Regional Hospital, East St. Louis,
22 Illinois.

23 (31) Hinsdale Hospital, Hinsdale, Illinois.

24 (32) Pekin Hospital, Pekin, Illinois.

25 (33) University of Chicago Medical Center, Chicago,
26 Illinois.

1 (34) St. Anthony's Health Center, Alton, Illinois.

2 (35) OSF St. Francis Medical Center, Peoria, Illinois.

3 (36) Memorial Medical Center, Springfield, Illinois.

4 (37) A hospital with a distinct part unit for
5 psychiatric services that begins operating on or after
6 July 1, 2008.

7 For purposes of this Section, "inpatient psychiatric
8 services" means those services provided to patients who are in
9 need of short-term acute inpatient hospitalization for active
10 treatment of an emotional or mental disorder.

11 (b-5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section,
12 and subject to appropriation, the inpatient, per diem rate to
13 be paid to all safety-net hospitals for inpatient psychiatric
14 services on and after January 1, 2021 shall be at least \$630.

15 (c) No rules shall be promulgated to implement this
16 Section. For purposes of this Section, "rules" is given the
17 meaning contained in Section 1-70 of the Illinois
18 Administrative Procedure Act.

19 (d) This Section shall not be in effect during any period
20 of time that the State has in place a fully operational
21 hospital assessment plan that has been approved by the Centers
22 for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of
23 Health and Human Services.

24 (e) On and after July 1, 2012, the Department shall reduce
25 any rate of reimbursement for services or other payments or
26 alter any methodologies authorized by this Code to reduce any

1 rate of reimbursement for services or other payments in
2 accordance with Section 5-5e.

3 (Source: P.A. 97-689, eff. 6-14-12.)

4 Title IV. Medical Implicit Bias

5 Article 45.

6 Section 45-5. The Department of Professional Regulation
7 Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by
8 adding Section 2105-15.7 as follows:

9 (20 ILCS 2105/2105-15.7 new)

10 Sec. 2105-15.7. Implicit bias awareness training.

11 (a) As used in this Section, "health care professional"
12 means a person licensed or registered by the Department of
13 Financial and Professional Regulation under the following
14 Acts: Medical Practice Act of 1987, Nurse Practice Act,
15 Clinical Psychologist Licensing Act, Illinois Dental Practice
16 Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987, Pharmacy
17 Practice Act, Illinois Physical Therapy Act, Physician
18 Assistant Practice Act of 1987, Acupuncture Practice Act,
19 Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act, Clinical Social Work
20 and Social Work Practice Act, Dietitian Nutritionist Practice
21 Act, Home Medical Equipment and Services Provider License Act,
22 Naprapathic Practice Act, Nursing Home Administrators

1 Licensing and Disciplinary Act, Illinois Occupational Therapy
2 Practice Act, Illinois Optometric Practice Act of 1987,
3 Podiatric Medical Practice Act of 1987, Respiratory Care
4 Practice Act, Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional
5 Counselor Licensing and Practice Act, Sex Offender Evaluation
6 and Treatment Provider Act, Illinois Speech-Language Pathology
7 and Audiology Practice Act, Perfusionist Practice Act,
8 Registered Surgical Assistant and Registered Surgical
9 Technologist Title Protection Act, and Genetic Counselor
10 Licensing Act.

11 (b) For license or registration renewals occurring on or
12 after January 1, 2022, a health care professional who has
13 continuing education requirements must complete at least a
14 one-hour course in training on implicit bias awareness per
15 renewal period. A health care professional may count this one
16 hour for completion of this course toward meeting the minimum
17 credit hours required for continuing education. Any training
18 on implicit bias awareness applied to meet any other State
19 licensure requirement, professional accreditation or
20 certification requirement, or health care institutional
21 practice agreement may count toward the one-hour requirement
22 under this Section.

23 (c) The Department may adopt rules for the implementation
24 of this Section.

1 Article 50.

2 Section 50-5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
3 amended by changing Section 414 as follows:

4 (720 ILCS 570/414)

5 Sec. 414. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

6 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a
7 controlled substance-induced physiological event that results
8 in a life-threatening emergency to the individual who
9 ingested, inhaled, injected or otherwise bodily absorbed a
10 controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a
11 controlled substance analog.

12 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks or obtains
13 emergency medical assistance for someone experiencing an
14 overdose shall not be arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a
15 violation of Section 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled
16 Substances Act, Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control
17 Act, Section 55 or 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and
18 Community Protection Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code
19 of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05
20 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony possession of a~~
21 ~~controlled, counterfeit, or look-alike substance or a~~
22 ~~controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the violation
23 ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of

1 the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance
2 and providing the amount of substance recovered is within the
3 amount identified in subsection (d) of this Section. The
4 violations listed in this subsection (b) must not serve as the
5 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised
6 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure
7 of property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture
8 so long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a
9 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
10 assistance in the event of an overdose.

11 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be
12 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section
13 401 or 402 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section
14 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of
15 the Criminal Code of 2012, or paragraph (1) of subsection (g)
16 of Section 12-3.05 of the Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 4 felony~~
17 ~~possession of a controlled, counterfeit, or look alike~~
18 ~~substance or a controlled substance analog~~ if evidence for the
19 violation ~~Class 4 felony possession charge~~ was acquired as a
20 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
21 assistance and providing the amount of substance recovered is
22 within the amount identified in subsection (d) of this
23 Section. The violations listed in this subsection (c) must not
24 serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory
25 supervised release, probation, or conditional discharge, or
26 any seizure of property under any State law authorizing civil

1 forfeiture so long as the evidence for the violation was
2 acquired as a result of the person seeking or obtaining
3 emergency medical assistance in the event of an overdose.

4 (d) For the purposes of subsections (b) and (c), the
5 limited immunity shall only apply to a person possessing the
6 following amount:

7 (1) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
8 heroin;

9 (2) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
10 cocaine;

11 (3) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
12 morphine;

13 (4) less than 40 grams of a substance containing
14 peyote;

15 (5) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a
16 derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a
17 derivative of barbituric acid;

18 (6) less than 40 grams of a substance containing
19 amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of
20 amphetamine;

21 (7) less than 3 grams of a substance containing
22 lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

23 (8) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
24 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
25 isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;

26 (9) less than 6 grams of a substance containing

1 methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
2 isomers of methaqualone;

3 (10) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
4 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of
5 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP);

6 (11) less than 6 grams of a substance containing
7 ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers
8 of ketamine;

9 (12) less than 40 grams of a substance containing a
10 substance classified as a narcotic drug in Schedules I or
11 II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included
12 in this subsection.

13 (e) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and
14 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement
15 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,
16 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this
17 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or
18 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or
19 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or
20 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical
21 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of
22 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in
23 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the
24 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the
25 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other
26 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other

1 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a
2 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
3 assistance in the event of an overdose.

4 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

5 Section 50-10. The Methamphetamine Control and Community
6 Protection Act is amended by changing Section 115 as follows:

7 (720 ILCS 646/115)

8 Sec. 115. Overdose; limited immunity ~~from prosecution.~~

9 (a) For the purposes of this Section, "overdose" means a
10 methamphetamine-induced physiological event that results in a
11 life-threatening emergency to the individual who ingested,
12 inhaled, injected, or otherwise bodily absorbed
13 methamphetamine.

14 (b) A person who, in good faith, seeks emergency medical
15 assistance for someone experiencing an overdose shall not be
16 arrested, charged or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55
17 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia
18 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
19 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the
20 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~
21 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the violation ~~Class 3 felony~~
22 ~~possession charge~~ was acquired as a result of the person
23 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance and
24 providing the amount of substance recovered is less than 3

1 ~~grams~~ ~~one gram~~ of methamphetamine or a substance containing
2 methamphetamine. The violations listed in this subsection (b)
3 must not serve as the sole basis of a violation of parole,
4 mandatory supervised release, probation, or conditional
5 discharge, or any seizure of property under any State law
6 authorizing civil forfeiture so long as the evidence for the
7 violation was acquired as a result of the person seeking or
8 obtaining emergency medical assistance in the event of an
9 overdose.

10 (c) A person who is experiencing an overdose shall not be
11 arrested, charged, or prosecuted for a violation of Section 55
12 or 60 of this Act or Section 3.5 of the Drug Paraphernalia
13 Control Act, Section 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 2012, or
14 paragraph (1) of subsection (g) of Section 12-3.05 of the
15 Criminal Code of 2012 ~~Class 3 felony possession of~~
16 ~~methamphetamine~~ if evidence for the Class 3 felony possession
17 charge was acquired as a result of the person seeking or
18 obtaining emergency medical assistance and providing the
19 amount of substance recovered is less than one gram of
20 methamphetamine or a substance containing methamphetamine. The
21 violations listed in this subsection (c) must not serve as the
22 sole basis of a violation of parole, mandatory supervised
23 release, probation, or conditional discharge, or any seizure
24 of property under any State law authorizing civil forfeiture
25 so long as the evidence for the violation was acquired as a
26 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical

1 assistance in the event of an overdose.

2 (d) The limited immunity described in subsections (b) and
3 (c) of this Section shall not be extended if law enforcement
4 has reasonable suspicion or probable cause to detain, arrest,
5 or search the person described in subsection (b) or (c) of this
6 Section for criminal activity and the reasonable suspicion or
7 probable cause is based on information obtained prior to or
8 independent of the individual described in subsection (b) or
9 (c) taking action to seek or obtain emergency medical
10 assistance and not obtained as a direct result of the action of
11 seeking or obtaining emergency medical assistance. Nothing in
12 this Section is intended to interfere with or prevent the
13 investigation, arrest, or prosecution of any person for the
14 delivery or distribution of cannabis, methamphetamine or other
15 controlled substances, drug-induced homicide, or any other
16 crime if the evidence of the violation is not acquired as a
17 result of the person seeking or obtaining emergency medical
18 assistance in the event of an overdose.

19 (Source: P.A. 97-678, eff. 6-1-12.)

20 Article 55.

21 Section 55-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

22 (1) Prior to August of 2020, the federal Substance
23 Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)
24 and the federal Confidentiality of Substance Use Disorder

1 Patient Records, set forth at 42 CFR 2, prohibited the
2 sharing of substance use disorder treatment information by
3 opioid treatment programs with prescription monitoring
4 programs.

5 (2) In August 2020, SAMHSA amended 42 CFR 2 to permit
6 the sharing of substance use disorder treatment
7 information by opioid treatment programs with prescription
8 monitoring programs if required by State law and if
9 patient consent is obtained. In light of the federal
10 modification to 42 CFR 2, the protections available under
11 federal and State law, and the express requirement of
12 patient consent, the reporting by opioid treatment
13 programs to the prescription monitoring program is
14 permitted and will allow for better coordination of care
15 among treating providers.

16 Section 55-10. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is
17 amended by changing Section 316 as follows:

18 (720 ILCS 570/316)

19 Sec. 316. Prescription Monitoring Program.

20 (a) The Department must provide for a Prescription
21 Monitoring Program for Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled
22 substances that includes the following components and
23 requirements:

24 (1) The dispenser must transmit to the central

1 repository, in a form and manner specified by the
2 Department, the following information:

3 (A) The recipient's name and address.

4 (B) The recipient's date of birth and gender.

5 (C) The national drug code number of the
6 controlled substance dispensed.

7 (D) The date the controlled substance is
8 dispensed.

9 (E) The quantity of the controlled substance
10 dispensed and days supply.

11 (F) The dispenser's United States Drug Enforcement
12 Administration registration number.

13 (G) The prescriber's United States Drug
14 Enforcement Administration registration number.

15 (H) The dates the controlled substance
16 prescription is filled.

17 (I) The payment type used to purchase the
18 controlled substance (i.e. Medicaid, cash, third party
19 insurance).

20 (J) The patient location code (i.e. home, nursing
21 home, outpatient, etc.) for the controlled substances
22 other than those filled at a retail pharmacy.

23 (K) Any additional information that may be
24 required by the department by administrative rule,
25 including but not limited to information required for
26 compliance with the criteria for electronic reporting

1 of the American Society for Automation and Pharmacy or
2 its successor.

3 (2) The information required to be transmitted under
4 this Section must be transmitted not later than the end of
5 the next business day after the date on which a controlled
6 substance is dispensed, or at such other time as may be
7 required by the Department by administrative rule.

8 (3) A dispenser must transmit the information required
9 under this Section by:

10 (A) an electronic device compatible with the
11 receiving device of the central repository;

12 (B) a computer diskette;

13 (C) a magnetic tape; or

14 (D) a pharmacy universal claim form or Pharmacy
15 Inventory Control form.

16 (3.5) The requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
17 of this subsection (a) also apply to opioid treatment
18 programs licensed or certified by the Department of Human
19 Services' Division of Substance Use Prevention and
20 Recovery and that are authorized by the federal Drug
21 Enforcement Administration to prescribe Schedule II, III,
22 IV, or V controlled substances for the treatment of opioid
23 use disorder. Opioid treatment programs may not transmit
24 information without patient consent, and reports made may
25 not be utilized for law enforcement purposes, each as
26 proscribed by 42 CFR 2, as amended by 42 U.S.C. 290dd-2.

1 Treatment of a patient may not be conditioned upon his or
2 her consent to reporting.

3 (4) The Department may impose a civil fine of up to
4 \$100 per day for willful failure to report controlled
5 substance dispensing to the Prescription Monitoring
6 Program. The fine shall be calculated on no more than the
7 number of days from the time the report was required to be
8 made until the time the problem was resolved, and shall be
9 payable to the Prescription Monitoring Program.

10 (a-5) Notwithstanding subsection (a), a licensed
11 veterinarian is exempt from the reporting requirements of this
12 Section. If a person who is presenting an animal for treatment
13 is suspected of fraudulently obtaining any controlled
14 substance or prescription for a controlled substance, the
15 licensed veterinarian shall report that information to the
16 local law enforcement agency.

17 (b) The Department, by rule, may include in the
18 Prescription Monitoring Program certain other select drugs
19 that are not included in Schedule II, III, IV, or V. The
20 Prescription Monitoring Program does not apply to controlled
21 substance prescriptions as exempted under Section 313.

22 (c) The collection of data on select drugs and scheduled
23 substances by the Prescription Monitoring Program may be used
24 as a tool for addressing oversight requirements of long-term
25 care institutions as set forth by Public Act 96-1372.
26 Long-term care pharmacies shall transmit patient medication

1 profiles to the Prescription Monitoring Program monthly or
2 more frequently as established by administrative rule.

3 (d) The Department of Human Services shall appoint a
4 full-time Clinical Director of the Prescription Monitoring
5 Program.

6 (e) (Blank).

7 (f) Within one year of January 1, 2018 (the effective date
8 of Public Act 100-564), the Department shall adopt rules
9 requiring all Electronic Health Records Systems to interface
10 with the Prescription Monitoring Program application program
11 on or before January 1, 2021 to ensure that all providers have
12 access to specific patient records during the treatment of
13 their patients. These rules shall also address the electronic
14 integration of pharmacy records with the Prescription
15 Monitoring Program to allow for faster transmission of the
16 information required under this Section. The Department shall
17 establish actions to be taken if a prescriber's Electronic
18 Health Records System does not effectively interface with the
19 Prescription Monitoring Program within the required timeline.

20 (g) The Department, in consultation with the Advisory
21 Committee, shall adopt rules allowing licensed prescribers or
22 pharmacists who have registered to access the Prescription
23 Monitoring Program to authorize a licensed or non-licensed
24 designee employed in that licensed prescriber's office or a
25 licensed designee in a licensed pharmacist's pharmacy who has
26 received training in the federal Health Insurance Portability

1 and Accountability Act and 42 CFR Part 2 to consult the
2 Prescription Monitoring Program on their behalf. The rules
3 shall include reasonable parameters concerning a
4 practitioner's authority to authorize a designee, and the
5 eligibility of a person to be selected as a designee. In this
6 subsection (g), "pharmacist" shall include a clinical
7 pharmacist employed by and designated by a Medicaid Managed
8 Care Organization providing services under Article V of the
9 Illinois Public Aid Code under a contract with the Department
10 of Healthcare and Family Services for the sole purpose of
11 clinical review of services provided to persons covered by the
12 entity under the contract to determine compliance with
13 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 314.5 of this Act. A managed
14 care entity pharmacist shall notify prescribers of review
15 activities.

16 (Source: P.A. 100-564, eff. 1-1-18; 100-861, eff. 8-14-18;
17 100-1005, eff. 8-21-18; 100-1093, eff. 8-26-18; 101-81, eff.
18 7-12-19; 101-414, eff. 8-16-19.)

19 Article 60.

20 Section 60-5. The Adult Protective Services Act is amended
21 by adding Section 3.1 as follows:

22 (320 ILCS 20/3.1 new)

23 Sec. 3.1. Adult protective services dementia training.

1 (a) This Section shall apply to any person who is employed
2 by the Department in the Adult Protective Services division
3 who works on the development and implementation of social
4 services to respond to and prevent adult abuse, neglect, or
5 exploitation, subject to appropriation.

6 (b) The Department shall develop and implement a dementia
7 training program that must include instruction on the
8 identification of people with dementia, risks such as
9 wandering, communication impairments, elder abuse, and the
10 best practices for interacting with people with dementia.

11 (c) Initial training of 4 hours shall be completed at the
12 start of employment with the Adult Protective Services
13 division and shall cover the following:

14 (1) Dementia, psychiatric, and behavioral symptoms.

15 (2) Communication issues, including how to communicate
16 respectfully and effectively.

17 (3) Techniques for understanding and approaching
18 behavioral symptoms.

19 (4) Information on how to address specific aspects of
20 safety, for example tips to prevent wandering.

21 (5) When it is necessary to alert law enforcement
22 agencies of potential criminal behavior involving a family
23 member, caretaker, or institutional abuse; neglect or
24 exploitation of a person with dementia; and what types of
25 abuse that are most common to people with dementia.

26 (6) Identifying incidents of self-neglect for people

1 with dementia who live alone as well as neglect by a
2 caregiver.

3 (7) Protocols for connecting people living with
4 dementia to local care resources and professionals who are
5 skilled in dementia care to encourage cross-referral and
6 reporting regarding incidents of abuse.

7 (d) Annual continuing education shall include 2 hours of
8 dementia training covering the subjects described in
9 subsection (c).

10 (e) This Section is designed to address gaps in current
11 dementia training requirements for Adult Protective Services
12 officials and improve the quality of training. If currently
13 existing law or rules contain more rigorous training
14 requirements for Adult Protective Service officials, those
15 laws or rules shall apply. Where there is overlap between this
16 Section and other laws and rules, the Department shall
17 interpret this Section to avoid duplication of requirements
18 while ensuring that the minimum requirements set in this
19 Section are met.

20 (f) The Department may adopt rules for the administration
21 of this Section.

22 Article 65.

23 Section 65-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
24 the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of Illinois

1 Act. References in this Article to "this Act" mean this
2 Article.

3 Section 65-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds as
4 follows:

5 (1) There are insufficient behavioral health
6 professionals in this State's behavioral health workforce
7 and further that there are insufficient behavioral health
8 professionals trained in evidence-based practices.

9 (2) The Illinois behavioral health workforce situation
10 is at a crisis state and the lack of a behavioral health
11 strategy is exacerbating the problem.

12 (3) In 2019, the Journal of Community Health found
13 that suicide rates are disproportionately higher among
14 African American adolescents. From 2001 to 2017, the rate
15 for African American teen boys rose 60%, according to the
16 study. Among African American teen girls, rates nearly
17 tripled, rising by an astounding 182%. Illinois was among
18 the 10 states with the greatest number of African American
19 adolescent suicides (2015-2017).

20 (4) Workforce shortages are evident in all behavioral
21 health professions, including, but not limited to,
22 psychiatry, psychiatric nursing, psychiatric physician
23 assistant, social work (licensed social work, licensed
24 clinical social work), counseling (licensed professional
25 counseling, licensed clinical professional counseling),

1 marriage and family therapy, licensed clinical psychology,
2 occupational therapy, prevention, substance use disorder
3 counseling, and peer support.

4 (5) The shortage of behavioral health practitioners
5 affects every Illinois county, every group of people with
6 behavioral health needs, including children and
7 adolescents, justice-involved populations, working
8 adults, people experiencing homelessness, veterans, and
9 older adults, and every health care and social service
10 setting, from residential facilities and hospitals to
11 community-based organizations and primary care clinics.

12 (6) Estimates of unmet needs consistently highlight
13 the dire situation in Illinois. Mental Health America
14 ranks Illinois 29th in the country in mental health
15 workforce availability based on its 480-to-1 ratio of
16 population to mental health professionals, and the Kaiser
17 Family Foundation estimates that only 23.3% of
18 Illinoisans' mental health needs can be met with its
19 current workforce.

20 (7) Shortages are especially acute in rural areas and
21 among low-income and under-insured individuals and
22 families. 30.3% of Illinois' rural hospitals are in
23 designated primary care shortage areas and 93.7% are in
24 designated mental health shortage areas. Nationally, 40%
25 of psychiatrists work in cash-only practices, limiting
26 access for those who cannot afford high out-of-pocket

1 costs, especially Medicaid eligible individuals and
2 families.

3 (8) Spanish-speaking therapists in suburban Cook
4 County, as well as in immigrant new growth communities
5 throughout the State, for example, and master's-prepared
6 social workers in rural communities are especially
7 difficult to recruit and retain.

8 (9) Illinois' shortage of psychiatrists specializing
9 in serving children and adolescents is also severe.
10 Eighty-one out of 102 Illinois counties have no child and
11 adolescent psychiatrists, and the remaining 21 counties
12 have only 310 child and adolescent psychiatrists for a
13 population of 2,450,000 children.

14 (10) Only 38.9% of the 121,000 Illinois youth aged 12
15 through 17 who experienced a major depressive episode
16 received care.

17 (11) An annual average of 799,000 people in Illinois
18 aged 12 and older need but do not receive substance use
19 disorder treatment at specialty facilities.

20 (12) According to the Statewide Semiannual Opioid
21 Report, Illinois Department of Public Health, September
22 2020, the number of opioid deaths in Illinois has
23 increased 3% from 2,167 deaths in 2018 to 2,233 deaths in
24 2019.

25 (13) Behavioral health workforce shortages have led to
26 well-documented problems of long wait times for

1 appointments with psychiatrists (4 to 6 months in some
2 cases), high turnover, and unfilled vacancies for social
3 workers and other behavioral health professionals that
4 have eroded the gains in insurance coverage for mental
5 illness and substance use disorder under the federal
6 Affordable Care Act and parity laws.

7 (14) As a result, individuals with mental illness or
8 substance use disorders end up in hospital emergency
9 rooms, which are the most expensive level of care, or are
10 incarcerated and do not receive adequate care, if any.

11 (15) There are many organizations and institutions
12 that are affected by behavioral health workforce
13 shortages, but no one entity is responsible for monitoring
14 the workforce supply and intervening to ensure it can
15 effectively meet behavioral health needs throughout the
16 State.

17 (16) Workforce shortages are more complex than simple
18 numerical shortfalls. Identifying the optimal number,
19 type, and location of behavioral health professionals to
20 meet the differing needs of Illinois' diverse regions and
21 populations across the lifespan is a difficult logistical
22 problem at the system and practice level that requires
23 coordinated efforts in research, education, service
24 delivery, and policy.

25 (17) This State has a compelling and substantial
26 interest in building a pipeline for behavioral health

1 professionals and to anchor research and education for
2 behavioral health workforce development. Beginning with
3 the proposed Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center
4 of Illinois, Illinois has the chance to develop a
5 blueprint to be a national leader in behavioral health
6 workforce development.

7 (18) The State must act now to improve the ability of
8 its residents to achieve their human potential and to live
9 healthy, productive lives by reducing the misery and
10 suffering with unmet behavioral health needs.

11 Section 65-10. Behavioral Health Workforce Education
12 Center of Illinois.

13 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
14 Illinois is created and shall be administered by a teaching,
15 research, or both teaching and research public institution of
16 higher education in this State. Subject to appropriation, the
17 Center shall be operational on or before July 1, 2022.

18 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
19 Illinois shall leverage workforce and behavioral health
20 resources, including, but not limited to, State, federal, and
21 foundation grant funding, federal Workforce Investment Act of
22 1998 programs, the National Health Service Corps and other
23 nongraduate medical education physician workforce training
24 programs, and existing behavioral health partnerships, and
25 align with reforms in Illinois.

1 Section 65-15. Structure.

2 (a) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
3 Illinois shall be structured as a multisite model, and the
4 administering public institution of higher education shall
5 serve as the hub institution, complemented by secondary
6 regional hubs, namely academic institutions, that serve rural
7 and small urban areas and at least one academic institution
8 serving a densely urban municipality with more than 1,000,000
9 inhabitants.

10 (b) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
11 Illinois shall be located within one academic institution and
12 shall be tasked with a convening and coordinating role for
13 workforce research and planning, including monitoring progress
14 toward Center goals.

15 (c) The Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
16 Illinois shall also coordinate with key State agencies
17 involved in behavioral health, workforce development, and
18 higher education in order to leverage disparate resources from
19 health care, workforce, and economic development programs in
20 Illinois government.

21 Section 65-20. Duties. The Behavioral Health Workforce
22 Education Center of Illinois shall perform the following
23 duties:

24 (1) Organize a consortium of universities in

1 partnerships with providers, school districts, law
2 enforcement, consumers and their families, State agencies,
3 and other stakeholders to implement workforce development
4 concepts and strategies in every region of this State.

5 (2) Be responsible for developing and implementing a
6 strategic plan for the recruitment, education, and
7 retention of a qualified, diverse, and evolving behavioral
8 health workforce in this State. Its planning and
9 activities shall include:

10 (A) convening and organizing vested stakeholders
11 spanning government agencies, clinics, behavioral
12 health facilities, prevention programs, hospitals,
13 schools, jails, prisons and juvenile justice, police
14 and emergency medical services, consumers and their
15 families, and other stakeholders;

16 (B) collecting and analyzing data on the
17 behavioral health workforce in Illinois, with detailed
18 information on specialties, credentials, additional
19 qualifications (such as training or experience in
20 particular models of care), location of practice, and
21 demographic characteristics, including age, gender,
22 race and ethnicity, and languages spoken;

23 (C) building partnerships with school districts,
24 public institutions of higher education, and workforce
25 investment agencies to create pipelines to behavioral
26 health careers from high schools and colleges,

1 pathways to behavioral health specialization among
2 health professional students, and expanded behavioral
3 health residency and internship opportunities for
4 graduates;

5 (D) evaluating and disseminating information about
6 evidence-based practices emerging from research
7 regarding promising modalities of treatment, care
8 coordination models, and medications;

9 (E) developing systems for tracking the
10 utilization of evidence-based practices that most
11 effectively meet behavioral health needs; and

12 (F) providing technical assistance to support
13 professional training and continuing education
14 programs that provide effective training in
15 evidence-based behavioral health practices.

16 (3) Coordinate data collection and analysis, including
17 systematic tracking of the behavioral health workforce and
18 datasets that support workforce planning for an
19 accessible, high-quality behavioral health system. In the
20 medium to long-term, the Center shall develop Illinois
21 behavioral workforce data capacity by:

22 (A) filling gaps in workforce data by collecting
23 information on specialty, training, and qualifications
24 for specific models of care, demographic
25 characteristics, including gender, race, ethnicity,
26 and languages spoken, and participation in public and

1 private insurance networks;

2 (B) identifying the highest priority geographies,
3 populations, and occupations for recruitment and
4 training;

5 (C) monitoring the incidence of behavioral health
6 conditions to improve estimates of unmet need; and

7 (D) compiling up-to-date, evidence-based
8 practices, monitoring utilization, and aligning
9 training resources to improve the uptake of the most
10 effective practices.

11 (4) Work to grow and advance peer and parent-peer
12 workforce development by:

13 (A) assessing the credentialing and reimbursement
14 processes and recommending reforms;

15 (B) evaluating available peer-parent training
16 models, choosing a model that meets Illinois' needs,
17 and working with partners to implement it universally
18 in child-serving programs throughout this State; and

19 (C) including peer recovery specialists and
20 parent-peer support professionals in interdisciplinary
21 training programs.

22 (5) Focus on the training of behavioral health
23 professionals in telehealth techniques, including taking
24 advantage of a telehealth network that exists, and other
25 innovative means of care delivery in order to increase
26 access to behavioral health services for all persons

1 within this State.

2 (6) No later than December 1 of every odd-numbered
3 year, prepare a report of its activities under this Act.
4 The report shall be filed electronically with the General
5 Assembly, as provided under Section 3.1 of the General
6 Assembly Organization Act, and shall be provided
7 electronically to any member of the General Assembly upon
8 request.

9 Section 65-25. Selection process.

10 (a) No later than 90 days after the effective date of this
11 Act, the Board of Higher Education shall select a public
12 institution of higher education, with input and assistance
13 from the Division of Mental Health of the Department of Human
14 Services, to administer the Behavioral Health Workforce
15 Education Center of Illinois.

16 (b) The selection process shall articulate the principles
17 of the Behavioral Health Workforce Education Center of
18 Illinois, not inconsistent with this Act.

19 (c) The Board of Higher Education, with input and
20 assistance from the Division of Mental Health of the
21 Department of Human Services, shall make its selection of a
22 public institution of higher education based on its ability
23 and willingness to execute the following tasks:

24 (1) Convening academic institutions providing
25 behavioral health education to:

1 (A) develop curricula to train future behavioral
2 health professionals in evidence-based practices that
3 meet the most urgent needs of Illinois' residents;

4 (B) build capacity to provide clinical training
5 and supervision; and

6 (C) facilitate telehealth services to every region
7 of the State.

8 (2) Functioning as a clearinghouse for research,
9 education, and training efforts to identify and
10 disseminate evidence-based practices across the State.

11 (3) Leveraging financial support from grants and
12 social impact loan funds.

13 (4) Providing infrastructure to organize regional
14 behavioral health education and outreach. As budgets
15 allow, this shall include conference and training space,
16 research and faculty staff time, telehealth, and distance
17 learning equipment.

18 (5) Working with regional hubs that assess and serve
19 the workforce needs of specific, well-defined regions and
20 specialize in specific research and training areas, such
21 as telehealth or mental health-criminal justice
22 partnerships, for which the regional hub can serve as a
23 statewide leader.

24 (d) The Board of Higher Education may adopt such rules as
25 may be necessary to implement and administer this Section.

1 Title VI. Access to Health Care

2 Article 70.

3 Section 70-5. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing
4 Section 3-10 as follows:

5 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

6 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
7 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
8 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of
9 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property
10 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that
11 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling
12 price of the property. In all cases where property
13 functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product
14 that has been refined, manufactured, or produced from property
15 purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of
16 the fair market value, if any, of the specific property so used
17 in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased
18 at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value"
19 means the price at which property would change hands between a
20 willing buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any
21 compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge
22 of the relevant facts. The fair market value shall be
23 established by Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same

1 property as that functionally used or consumed, or if there
2 are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or
3 purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois.

4 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
5 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
6 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
7 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

8 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
9 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of
10 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

11 With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act
12 applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after
13 January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the
14 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or
15 before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales
16 made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this
17 Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then
18 the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of
19 sales of gasohol made during that time.

20 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax
21 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales
22 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
23 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made
24 thereafter.

25 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and
26 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies

1 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1,
2 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the
3 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
4 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no
5 less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the
6 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%
7 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than
8 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

9 With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with
10 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
11 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
12 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
13 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

14 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
15 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
16 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
17 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
18 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
19 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as
20 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
21 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
22 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components
23 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
24 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
25 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
26 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use,~~

1 the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this
2 Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means
3 any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink,
4 whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda
5 water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water,
6 and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of
7 whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed
8 or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of
9 size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
10 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
11 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
12 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
13 juice.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
15 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
16 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
17 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
18 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
19 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

20 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
21 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
22 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
23 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
24 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
25 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
26 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of

1 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
2 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
3 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
4 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
5 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
7 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
8 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
9 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
10 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
11 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
12 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
13 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
14 flour or requires refrigeration.

15 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
16 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
17 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
18 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
19 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
20 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
21 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
22 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
23 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
24 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
25 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
26 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"

1 label includes:

2 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

3 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
4 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
5 substance or preparation.

6 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
7 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
8 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from
9 a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate
10 Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

11 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
12 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
13 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
14 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
15 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

16 If the property that is purchased at retail from a
17 retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside
18 Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is
19 taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is
20 computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a
21 reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
22 out-of-state use.

23 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
24 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

25 Section 70-10. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by

1 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

2 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

3 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
4 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
5 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as
6 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of
7 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less
8 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

9 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
10 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
11 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
12 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

13 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
14 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price
15 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
16 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80%
17 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
18 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
19 July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter.
20 If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of
21 gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate
22 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of
23 the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

24 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
25 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply

1 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
2 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
3 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
4 thereafter.

5 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use
6 Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,
7 the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling
8 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
9 service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
10 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price
11 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
12 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
13 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
14 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
15 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
16 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

17 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
18 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
19 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
20 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price
21 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service
22 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
23 applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

24 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
25 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
26 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an

1 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
2 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
3 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the
4 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of
5 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the
6 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property
7 transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

8 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
9 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale
10 of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax
11 Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act,
12 the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the
13 MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of
14 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be
15 imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is
16 to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
17 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
18 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
19 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
20 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
21 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
22 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
23 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
24 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components
25 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
26 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a

1 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
2 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~.
3 For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the
4 term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
5 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
6 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
7 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
8 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
9 in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container,
10 regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee,
11 tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk
12 products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk
13 Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit
14 or vegetable juice.

15 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
16 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
17 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
18 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
19 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
20 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

21 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
22 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
23 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
24 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
25 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
26 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning

1 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
2 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
3 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
4 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
5 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
6 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

7 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
8 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
9 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
10 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
11 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
12 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
13 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
14 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
15 flour or requires refrigeration.

16 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
17 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
18 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
19 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
20 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
21 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
22 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
23 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
24 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
25 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
26 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug

1 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
2 label includes:

3 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

4 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
5 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
6 substance or preparation.

7 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
8 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
9 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
10 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
11 Cannabis Program Act.

12 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
13 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
14 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
15 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
16 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

17 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is
18 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before
19 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under
20 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed
21 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable
22 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior
23 out-of-state use.

24 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
25 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

1 Section 70-15. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended
2 by changing Section 3-10 as follows:

3 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

4 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
5 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
6 the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use
7 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of
8 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be
9 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible
10 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item
11 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a
12 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on
13 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the
14 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the
15 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the
16 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When,
17 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and
18 produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed
19 by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of
20 the tangible personal property transferred incident to the
21 completion of the contract.

22 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
23 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
24 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
25 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

1 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
2 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost
3 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
4 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003,
5 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an
6 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on
7 or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the cost price
8 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
9 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at
10 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
11 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

12 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
13 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
14 to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to
15 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
16 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
17 thereafter.

18 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use
19 Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,
20 the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling
21 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of
22 service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31,
23 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price
24 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
25 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
26 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at

1 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
2 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
3 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

4 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
5 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
6 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax
7 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the
8 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the
9 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
10 December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the selling price
11 thereafter.

12 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each
13 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual
14 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an
15 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in
16 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or
17 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the
18 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of
19 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the
20 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property
21 transferred incident to the sale of those services.

22 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared
23 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale
24 of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax
25 Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act,
26 the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the

1 MC/DD Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act of
2 2013, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be
3 imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is
4 to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
5 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
6 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
7 immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this
8 paragraph) and prescription and nonprescription medicines,
9 drugs, medical appliances, products classified as Class III
10 medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
11 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
12 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components
13 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
14 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
15 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
16 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use~~.
17 For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the
18 term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use,
19 non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but
20 not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice,
21 carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as
22 soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained
23 in any closed or sealed can, carton, or container, regardless
24 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
25 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
26 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,

1 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
2 juice.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
4 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
5 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
6 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
7 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
8 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

9 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
10 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
11 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all
12 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
13 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
14 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
15 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
16 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
17 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
18 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
19 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
20 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
22 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
23 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
24 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
25 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
26 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or

1 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
2 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
3 flour or requires refrigeration.

4 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
5 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
6 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
7 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
8 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
9 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
10 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
11 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the
12 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
13 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
14 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
15 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
16 label includes:

17 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

18 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
19 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
20 substance or preparation.

21 Beginning on January 1, 2014 (the effective date of Public
22 Act 98-122), "prescription and nonprescription medicines and
23 drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from a registered
24 dispensing organization under the Compassionate Use of Medical
25 Cannabis Program Act.

26 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means

1 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
2 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
3 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
4 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

5 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
6 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

7 Section 70-20. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is
8 amended by changing Section 2-10 as follows:

9 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

10 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
11 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of
12 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made
13 in the course of business.

14 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
15 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
16 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
17 the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

18 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with
19 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of
20 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

21 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory
22 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
23 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
24 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device

1 that is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
2 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has
3 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
4 gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump
5 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall
6 be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4
7 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
8 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a
9 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty
10 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
11 retail premises where a violation occurs.

12 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the
13 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of
14 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1,
15 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July
16 1, 2003 and on or before July 1, 2017, and (iii) 100% of the
17 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however,
18 the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined in the
19 Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax
20 imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of
21 gasohol made during that time.

22 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined
23 in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply
24 to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on
25 or before December 31, 2023 but applies to 100% of the proceeds
26 of sales made thereafter.

1 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use
2 Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel,
3 the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds
4 of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before
5 December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made
6 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on
7 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
8 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at
9 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to
10 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less
11 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

12 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax
13 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with
14 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed
15 by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or
16 after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2023 but
17 applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

18 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be
19 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than
20 alcoholic beverages, food consisting of or infused with adult
21 use cannabis, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for
22 immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription
23 medicines, drugs, medical appliances, products classified as
24 Class III medical devices by the United States Food and Drug
25 Administration that are used for cancer treatment pursuant to
26 a prescription, as well as any accessories and components

1 related to those devices, modifications to a motor vehicle for
2 the purpose of rendering it usable by a person with a
3 disability, and insulin, blood sugar ~~urine~~ testing materials,
4 syringes, and needles used by human diabetics, ~~for human use,~~
5 the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this
6 Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means
7 any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink,
8 whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda
9 water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water,
10 and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of
11 whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed
12 or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of
13 size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea,
14 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as
15 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,
16 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
17 juice.

18 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
19 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic
20 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft
21 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk
22 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater
23 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other
25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to
26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

1 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and
2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
3 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning
4 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of
5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed
6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold
7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food
8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that
12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not
13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a
14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial
15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or
16 other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or
17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains
18 flour or requires refrigeration.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act,
20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and
21 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For
22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"
23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,
24 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan
25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by
26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

1 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of
2 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human
3 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug
4 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug"
5 label includes:

6 (A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
9 substance or preparation.

10 Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of
11 the 98th General Assembly, "prescription and nonprescription
12 medicines and drugs" includes medical cannabis purchased from
13 a registered dispensing organization under the Compassionate
14 Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

15 As used in this Section, "adult use cannabis" means
16 cannabis subject to tax under the Cannabis Cultivation
17 Privilege Tax Law and the Cannabis Purchaser Excise Tax Law
18 and does not include cannabis subject to tax under the
19 Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act.

20 (Source: P.A. 100-22, eff. 7-6-17; 101-363, eff. 8-9-19;
21 101-593, eff. 12-4-19.)

22 Article 72.

23 Section 72-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
24 the Underlying Causes of Crime and Violence Study Act.

1 Section 72-5. Legislative findings. In the State of
2 Illinois, two-thirds of gun violence is related to suicide,
3 and one-third is related to homicide, claiming approximately
4 12,000 lives a year. Violence has plagued communities,
5 predominantly poor and distressed communities in urban
6 settings, which have always treated violence as a criminal
7 justice issue, instead of a public health issue. On February
8 21, 2018, Pastor Anthony Williams was informed that his son,
9 Nehemiah William, had been shot to death. Due to this
10 disheartening event, Pastor Anthony Williams reached out to
11 State Representative Elizabeth "Lisa" Hernandez, urging that
12 the issue of violence be treated as a public health crisis. In
13 2018, elected officials from all levels of government started
14 a coalition to address violence as a public health crisis,
15 with the assistance of faith-based organizations, advocates,
16 and community members and held a statewide listening tour from
17 August 2018 to April 2019. The listening tour consisted of
18 stops on the South Side and West Side of Chicago, Maywood,
19 Springfield, and East St. Louis, with a future scheduled visit
20 in Danville. During the statewide listening sessions,
21 community members actively discussed neighborhood safety,
22 defining violence and how and why violence occurs in their
23 communities. The listening sessions provided different
24 solutions to address violence, however, all sessions confirmed
25 a disconnect from the priorities of government and the needs

1 of these communities.

2 Section 72-10. Study. The Department of Public Health and
3 the Department of Human Services shall study how to create a
4 process to identify high violence communities, also known as
5 R3 (Restore, Reinvest, and Renew) areas, and prioritize State
6 dollars to go to these communities to fund programs as well as
7 community and economic development projects that would address
8 the underlying causes of crime and violence.

9 Due to a variety of reasons, including in particular the
10 State's budget impasse, funds from multiple sources to
11 establish such a comprehensive policy are subject to
12 appropriation. Private philanthropic efforts will also be
13 considered. Policies like R3 are needed in order to provide
14 communities that have historically suffered from divestment,
15 poverty, and incarceration with smart solutions that can solve
16 the plague of structural violence that includes collective,
17 interpersonal, and self-directed violence. Understanding
18 structural violence helps explain the multiple and often
19 intersecting forces that create and perpetuate these
20 conditions on multiple levels. It is clear that violence is a
21 public health problem that needs to be treated as such.
22 Research has shown that when violence is treated in such a way
23 that educates, fosters collaboration, and redirects the
24 funding on a governmental level, its effects can be slowed or
25 even halted, resulting in civility being brought to our

1 communities in the State of Illinois. Research has shown that
2 when violence is treated in such a way, then its effects can be
3 slowed or even halted.

4 Section 72-15. Report. The Department of Public Health
5 and the Department of Human Services are required to report
6 their findings to the General Assembly by December 31, 2021.

7 Article 80.

8 Section 80-5. The Employee Sick Leave Act is amended by
9 changing Sections 5 and 10 as follows:

10 (820 ILCS 191/5)

11 Sec. 5. Definitions. In this Act:

12 "Covered family member" means an employee's child,
13 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
14 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
15 stepparent.

16 "Department" means the Department of Labor.

17 "Personal care" means activities to ensure that a covered
18 family member's basic medical, hygiene, nutritional, or safety
19 needs are met, or to provide transportation to medical
20 appointments, for a covered family member who is unable to
21 meet those needs himself or herself. "Personal care" also
22 means being physically present to provide emotional support to

1 a covered family member with a serious health condition who is
2 receiving inpatient or home care.

3 "Personal sick leave benefits" means any paid or unpaid
4 time available to an employee as provided through an
5 employment benefit plan or paid time off policy to be used as a
6 result of absence from work due to personal illness, injury,
7 ~~or~~ medical appointment, or for personal care of a covered
8 family member. An employment benefit plan or paid time off
9 policy does not include long term disability, short term
10 disability, an insurance policy, or other comparable benefit
11 plan or policy.

12 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

13 (820 ILCS 191/10)

14 Sec. 10. Use of leave; limitations.

15 (a) An employee may use personal sick leave benefits
16 provided by the employer for absences due to an illness,
17 injury, or medical appointment of the employee's child,
18 stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,
19 mother-in-law, father-in-law, grandchild, grandparent, or
20 stepparent, or for personal care of a covered family member on
21 the same terms upon which the employee is able to use personal
22 sick leave benefits for the employee's own illness or injury.
23 An employer may request written verification of the employee's
24 absence from a health care professional if such verification
25 is required under the employer's employment benefit plan or

1 paid time off policy.

2 (b) An employer may limit the use of personal sick leave
3 benefits provided by the employer for absences due to an
4 illness, injury, ~~or~~ medical appointment, or personal care of
5 the employee's covered family member ~~of the employee's child,~~
6 ~~stepchild, spouse, domestic partner, sibling, parent,~~
7 ~~mother in law, father in law, grandchild, grandparent, or~~
8 ~~stepparent~~ to an amount not less than the personal sick leave
9 that would be earned or accrued during 6 months at the
10 employee's then current rate of entitlement. For employers who
11 base personal sick leave benefits on an employee's years of
12 service instead of annual or monthly accrual, such employer
13 may limit the amount of sick leave to be used under this Act to
14 half of the employee's maximum annual grant.

15 (c) An employer who provides personal sick leave benefits
16 or a paid time off policy that would otherwise provide
17 benefits as required under subsections (a) and (b) shall not
18 be required to modify such benefits.

19 (Source: P.A. 99-841, eff. 1-1-17; 99-921, eff. 1-13-17.)

20 Article 90.

21 Section 90-5. The Nursing Home Care Act is amended by
22 adding Section 3-206.06 as follows:

23 (210 ILCS 45/3-206.06 new)

1 types of facilities for child care defined in this Act and that
2 are equally applicable to like institutions under the control
3 of the Department and to foster family homes used by and under
4 the direct supervision of the Department. The Department shall
5 seek the advice and assistance of persons representative of
6 the various types of child care facilities in establishing
7 such standards. The standards prescribed and published under
8 this Act take effect as provided in the Illinois
9 Administrative Procedure Act, and are restricted to
10 regulations pertaining to the following matters and to any
11 rules and regulations required or permitted by any other
12 Section of this Act:

13 (1) The operation and conduct of the facility and
14 responsibility it assumes for child care;

15 (2) The character, suitability and qualifications of
16 the applicant and other persons directly responsible for
17 the care and welfare of children served. All child day
18 care center licensees and employees who are required to
19 report child abuse or neglect under the Abused and
20 Neglected Child Reporting Act shall be required to attend
21 training on recognizing child abuse and neglect, as
22 prescribed by Department rules;

23 (3) The general financial ability and competence of
24 the applicant to provide necessary care for children and
25 to maintain prescribed standards;

26 (4) The number of individuals or staff required to

1 insure adequate supervision and care of the children
2 received. The standards shall provide that each child care
3 institution, maternity center, day care center, group
4 home, day care home, and group day care home shall have on
5 its premises during its hours of operation at least one
6 staff member certified in first aid, in the Heimlich
7 maneuver and in cardiopulmonary resuscitation by the
8 American Red Cross or other organization approved by rule
9 of the Department. Child welfare agencies shall not be
10 subject to such a staffing requirement. The Department may
11 offer, or arrange for the offering, on a periodic basis in
12 each community in this State in cooperation with the
13 American Red Cross, the American Heart Association or
14 other appropriate organization, voluntary programs to
15 train operators of foster family homes and day care homes
16 in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation;

17 (5) The appropriateness, safety, cleanliness, and
18 general adequacy of the premises, including maintenance of
19 adequate fire prevention and health standards conforming
20 to State laws and municipal codes to provide for the
21 physical comfort, care, and well-being of children
22 received;

23 (6) Provisions for food, clothing, educational
24 opportunities, program, equipment and individual supplies
25 to assure the healthy physical, mental, and spiritual
26 development of children served;

1 (7) Provisions to safeguard the legal rights of
2 children served;

3 (8) Maintenance of records pertaining to the
4 admission, progress, health, and discharge of children,
5 including, for day care centers and day care homes,
6 records indicating each child has been immunized as
7 required by State regulations. The Department shall
8 require proof that children enrolled in a facility have
9 been immunized against Haemophilus Influenzae B (HIB);

10 (9) Filing of reports with the Department;

11 (10) Discipline of children;

12 (11) Protection and fostering of the particular
13 religious faith of the children served;

14 (12) Provisions prohibiting firearms on day care
15 center premises except in the possession of peace
16 officers;

17 (13) Provisions prohibiting handguns on day care home
18 premises except in the possession of peace officers or
19 other adults who must possess a handgun as a condition of
20 employment and who reside on the premises of a day care
21 home;

22 (14) Provisions requiring that any firearm permitted
23 on day care home premises, except handguns in the
24 possession of peace officers, shall be kept in a
25 disassembled state, without ammunition, in locked storage,
26 inaccessible to children and that ammunition permitted on

1 day care home premises shall be kept in locked storage
2 separate from that of disassembled firearms, inaccessible
3 to children;

4 (15) Provisions requiring notification of parents or
5 guardians enrolling children at a day care home of the
6 presence in the day care home of any firearms and
7 ammunition and of the arrangements for the separate,
8 locked storage of such firearms and ammunition;

9 (16) Provisions requiring all licensed child care
10 facility employees who care for newborns and infants to
11 complete training every 3 years on the nature of sudden
12 unexpected infant death (SUID), sudden infant death
13 syndrome (SIDS), and the safe sleep recommendations of the
14 American Academy of Pediatrics; and

15 (17) With respect to foster family homes, provisions
16 requiring the Department to review quality of care
17 concerns and to consider those concerns in determining
18 whether a foster family home is qualified to care for
19 children.

20 By July 1, 2022, all licensed day care home providers,
21 licensed group day care home providers, and licensed day care
22 center directors and classroom staff shall participate in at
23 least one training that includes the topics of early childhood
24 social emotional learning, infant and early childhood mental
25 health, early childhood trauma, or adverse childhood
26 experiences. Current licensed providers, directors, and

1 classroom staff shall complete training by July 1, 2022 and
2 shall participate in training that includes the above topics
3 at least once every 3 years.

4 (b) If, in a facility for general child care, there are
5 children diagnosed as mentally ill or children diagnosed as
6 having an intellectual or physical disability, who are
7 determined to be in need of special mental treatment or of
8 nursing care, or both mental treatment and nursing care, the
9 Department shall seek the advice and recommendation of the
10 Department of Human Services, the Department of Public Health,
11 or both Departments regarding the residential treatment and
12 nursing care provided by the institution.

13 (c) The Department shall investigate any person applying
14 to be licensed as a foster parent to determine whether there is
15 any evidence of current drug or alcohol abuse in the
16 prospective foster family. The Department shall not license a
17 person as a foster parent if drug or alcohol abuse has been
18 identified in the foster family or if a reasonable suspicion
19 of such abuse exists, except that the Department may grant a
20 foster parent license to an applicant identified with an
21 alcohol or drug problem if the applicant has successfully
22 participated in an alcohol or drug treatment program,
23 self-help group, or other suitable activities and if the
24 Department determines that the foster family home can provide
25 a safe, appropriate environment and meet the physical and
26 emotional needs of children.

1 (d) The Department, in applying standards prescribed and
2 published, as herein provided, shall offer consultation
3 through employed staff or other qualified persons to assist
4 applicants and licensees in meeting and maintaining minimum
5 requirements for a license and to help them otherwise to
6 achieve programs of excellence related to the care of children
7 served. Such consultation shall include providing information
8 concerning education and training in early childhood
9 development to providers of day care home services. The
10 Department may provide or arrange for such education and
11 training for those providers who request such assistance.

12 (e) The Department shall distribute copies of licensing
13 standards to all licensees and applicants for a license. Each
14 licensee or holder of a permit shall distribute copies of the
15 appropriate licensing standards and any other information
16 required by the Department to child care facilities under its
17 supervision. Each licensee or holder of a permit shall
18 maintain appropriate documentation of the distribution of the
19 standards. Such documentation shall be part of the records of
20 the facility and subject to inspection by authorized
21 representatives of the Department.

22 (f) The Department shall prepare summaries of day care
23 licensing standards. Each licensee or holder of a permit for a
24 day care facility shall distribute a copy of the appropriate
25 summary and any other information required by the Department,
26 to the legal guardian of each child cared for in that facility

1 at the time when the child is enrolled or initially placed in
2 the facility. The licensee or holder of a permit for a day care
3 facility shall secure appropriate documentation of the
4 distribution of the summary and brochure. Such documentation
5 shall be a part of the records of the facility and subject to
6 inspection by an authorized representative of the Department.

7 (g) The Department shall distribute to each licensee and
8 holder of a permit copies of the licensing or permit standards
9 applicable to such person's facility. Each licensee or holder
10 of a permit shall make available by posting at all times in a
11 common or otherwise accessible area a complete and current set
12 of licensing standards in order that all employees of the
13 facility may have unrestricted access to such standards. All
14 employees of the facility shall have reviewed the standards
15 and any subsequent changes. Each licensee or holder of a
16 permit shall maintain appropriate documentation of the current
17 review of licensing standards by all employees. Such records
18 shall be part of the records of the facility and subject to
19 inspection by authorized representatives of the Department.

20 (h) Any standards involving physical examinations,
21 immunization, or medical treatment shall include appropriate
22 exemptions for children whose parents object thereto on the
23 grounds that they conflict with the tenets and practices of a
24 recognized church or religious organization, of which the
25 parent is an adherent or member, and for children who should
26 not be subjected to immunization for clinical reasons.

1 (i) The Department, in cooperation with the Department of
2 Public Health, shall work to increase immunization awareness
3 and participation among parents of children enrolled in day
4 care centers and day care homes by publishing on the
5 Department's website information about the benefits of
6 immunization against vaccine preventable diseases, including
7 influenza and pertussis. The information for vaccine
8 preventable diseases shall include the incidence and severity
9 of the diseases, the availability of vaccines, and the
10 importance of immunizing children and persons who frequently
11 have close contact with children. The website content shall be
12 reviewed annually in collaboration with the Department of
13 Public Health to reflect the most current recommendations of
14 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP). The
15 Department shall work with day care centers and day care homes
16 licensed under this Act to ensure that the information is
17 annually distributed to parents in August or September.

18 (j) Any standard adopted by the Department that requires
19 an applicant for a license to operate a day care home to
20 include a copy of a high school diploma or equivalent
21 certificate with his or her application shall be deemed to be
22 satisfied if the applicant includes a copy of a high school
23 diploma or equivalent certificate or a copy of a degree from an
24 accredited institution of higher education or vocational
25 institution or equivalent certificate.

26 (Source: P.A. 99-143, eff. 7-27-15; 99-779, eff. 1-1-17;

1 100-201, eff. 8-18-17.)

2 Article 100.

3 Section 100-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
4 the Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers Act.

5 Section 100-5. Creation; members; duties; report.

6 (a) The Special Commission on Gynecologic Cancers is
7 created. Membership of the Commission shall be as follows:

8 (1) A representative of the Illinois Comprehensive
9 Cancer Control Program, appointed by the Director of
10 Public Health;

11 (2) The Director of Insurance, or his or her designee;
12 and

13 (3) 20 members who shall be appointed as follows:

14 (A) three members appointed by the Speaker of
15 the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a
16 survivor of ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a
17 survivor of cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine
18 cancer, and one of whom shall be a medical specialist
19 in gynecologic cancers;

20 (B) three members appointed by the Senate
21 President, one of whom shall be a survivor of ovarian
22 cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of cervical,
23 vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one of whom

1 shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic cancers;

2 (C) three members appointed by the House
3 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of
4 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of
5 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one
6 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic
7 cancers;

8 (D) three members appointed by the Senate
9 Minority Leader, one of whom shall be a survivor of
10 ovarian cancer, one of whom shall be a survivor of
11 cervical, vaginal, vulvar, or uterine cancer, and one
12 of whom shall be a medical specialist in gynecologic
13 cancers; and

14 (E) eight members appointed by the Governor,
15 one of whom shall be a caregiver of a woman diagnosed
16 with a gynecologic cancer, one of whom shall be a
17 medical specialist in gynecologic cancers, one of whom
18 shall be an individual with expertise in community
19 based health care and issues affecting underserved and
20 vulnerable populations, 2 of whom shall be individuals
21 representing gynecologic cancer awareness and support
22 groups in the State, one of whom shall be a researcher
23 specializing in gynecologic cancers, and 2 of whom
24 shall be members of the public with demonstrated
25 expertise in issues relating to the work of the
26 Commission.

1 (b) Members of the Commission shall serve without
2 compensation or reimbursement from the Commission. Members
3 shall select a Chair from among themselves and the Chair shall
4 set the meeting schedule.

5 (c) The Illinois Department of Public Health shall provide
6 administrative support to the Commission.

7 (d) The Commission is charged with the study of the
8 following:

9 (1) establishing a mechanism to ascertain the
10 prevalence of gynecologic cancers in the State and, to the
11 extent possible, to collect statistics relative to the
12 timing of diagnosis and risk factors associated with
13 gynecologic cancers;

14 (2) determining how to best effectuate early diagnosis
15 and treatment for gynecologic cancer patients;

16 (3) determining best practices for closing disparities
17 in outcomes for gynecologic cancer patients and innovative
18 approaches to reaching underserved and vulnerable
19 populations;

20 (4) determining any unmet needs of persons with
21 gynecologic cancers and those of their families; and

22 (5) providing recommendations for additional
23 legislation, support programs, and resources to meet the
24 unmet needs of persons with gynecologic cancers and their
25 families.

26 (e) The Commission shall file its final report with the

1 General Assembly no later than December 31, 2021 and, upon the
2 filing of its report, is dissolved.

3 Section 100-90. Repeal. This Article is repealed on
4 January 1, 2023.

5 Article 105.

6 Section 105-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
7 changing Section 5A-12.7 as follows:

8 (305 ILCS 5/5A-12.7)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2022)

10 Sec. 5A-12.7. Continuation of hospital access payments on
11 and after July 1, 2020.

12 (a) To preserve and improve access to hospital services,
13 for hospital services rendered on and after July 1, 2020, the
14 Department shall, except for hospitals described in subsection
15 (b) of Section 5A-3, make payments to hospitals or require
16 capitated managed care organizations to make payments as set
17 forth in this Section. Payments under this Section are not due
18 and payable, however, until: (i) the methodologies described
19 in this Section are approved by the federal government in an
20 appropriate State Plan amendment or directed payment preprint;
21 and (ii) the assessment imposed under this Article is
22 determined to be a permissible tax under Title XIX of the

1 Social Security Act. In determining the hospital access
2 payments authorized under subsection (g) of this Section, if a
3 hospital ceases to qualify for payments from the pool, the
4 payments for all hospitals continuing to qualify for payments
5 from such pool shall be uniformly adjusted to fully expend the
6 aggregate net amount of the pool, with such adjustment being
7 effective on the first day of the second month following the
8 date the hospital ceases to receive payments from such pool.

9 (b) Amounts moved into claims-based rates and distributed
10 in accordance with Section 14-12 shall remain in those
11 claims-based rates.

12 (c) Graduate medical education.

13 (1) The calculation of graduate medical education
14 payments shall be based on the hospital's Medicare cost
15 report ending in Calendar Year 2018, as reported in the
16 Healthcare Cost Report Information System file, release
17 date September 30, 2019. An Illinois hospital reporting
18 intern and resident cost on its Medicare cost report shall
19 be eligible for graduate medical education payments.

20 (2) Each hospital's annualized Medicaid Intern
21 Resident Cost is calculated using annualized intern and
22 resident total costs obtained from Worksheet B Part I,
23 Columns 21 and 22 the sum of Lines 30-43, 50-76, 90-93,
24 96-98, and 105-112 multiplied by the percentage that the
25 hospital's Medicaid days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7,
26 Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18, and 32) comprise of the

1 hospital's total days (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 8,
2 Lines 14, 16-18, and 32).

3 (3) An annualized Medicaid indirect medical education
4 (IME) payment is calculated for each hospital using its
5 IME payments (Worksheet E Part A, Line 29, Column 1)
6 multiplied by the percentage that its Medicaid days
7 (Worksheet S3 Part I, Column 7, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, 16-18,
8 and 32) comprise of its Medicare days (Worksheet S3 Part
9 I, Column 6, Lines 2, 3, 4, 14, and 16-18).

10 (4) For each hospital, its annualized Medicaid Intern
11 Resident Cost and its annualized Medicaid IME payment are
12 summed, and, except as capped at 120% of the average cost
13 per intern and resident for all qualifying hospitals as
14 calculated under this paragraph, is multiplied by 22.6% to
15 determine the hospital's final graduate medical education
16 payment. Each hospital's average cost per intern and
17 resident shall be calculated by summing its total
18 annualized Medicaid Intern Resident Cost plus its
19 annualized Medicaid IME payment and dividing that amount
20 by the hospital's total Full Time Equivalent Residents and
21 Interns. If the hospital's average per intern and resident
22 cost is greater than 120% of the same calculation for all
23 qualifying hospitals, the hospital's per intern and
24 resident cost shall be capped at 120% of the average cost
25 for all qualifying hospitals.

26 (d) Fee-for-service supplemental payments. Each Illinois

1 hospital shall receive an annual payment equal to the amounts
2 below, to be paid in 12 equal installments on or before the
3 seventh State business day of each month, except that no
4 payment shall be due within 30 days after the later of the date
5 of notification of federal approval of the payment
6 methodologies required under this Section or any waiver
7 required under 42 CFR 433.68, at which time the sum of amounts
8 required under this Section prior to the date of notification
9 is due and payable.

10 (1) For critical access hospitals, \$385 per covered
11 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
12 \$530 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates
13 of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
14 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

15 (2) For safety-net hospitals, \$960 per covered
16 inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
17 \$625 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim for dates
18 of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the Department's
19 Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

20 (3) For long term acute care hospitals, \$295 per
21 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
22 claims for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
23 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

24 (4) For freestanding psychiatric hospitals, \$125 per
25 covered inpatient day contained in paid fee-for-service
26 claims and \$130 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim

1 for dates of service in Calendar Year 2019 in the
2 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

3 (5) For freestanding rehabilitation hospitals, \$355
4 per covered inpatient day contained in paid
5 fee-for-service claims for dates of service in Calendar
6 Year 2019 in the Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as
7 of May 11, 2020.

8 (6) For all general acute care hospitals and high
9 Medicaid hospitals as defined in subsection (f), \$350 per
10 covered inpatient day for dates of service in Calendar
11 Year 2019 contained in paid fee-for-service claims and
12 \$620 per paid fee-for-service outpatient claim in the
13 Department's Enterprise Data Warehouse as of May 11, 2020.

14 (7) Alzheimer's treatment access payment. Each
15 Illinois academic medical center or teaching hospital, as
16 defined in Section 5-5e.2 of this Code, that is identified
17 as the primary hospital affiliate of one of the Regional
18 Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Centers, as designated by
19 the Alzheimer's Disease Assistance Act and identified in
20 the Department of Public Health's Alzheimer's Disease
21 State Plan dated December 2016, shall be paid an
22 Alzheimer's treatment access payment equal to the product
23 of the qualifying hospital's State Fiscal Year 2018 total
24 inpatient fee-for-service days multiplied by the
25 applicable Alzheimer's treatment rate of \$226.30 for
26 hospitals located in Cook County and \$116.21 for hospitals

1 located outside Cook County.

2 (e) The Department shall require managed care
3 organizations (MCOs) to make directed payments and
4 pass-through payments according to this Section. Each calendar
5 year, the Department shall require MCOs to pay the maximum
6 amount out of these funds as allowed as pass-through payments
7 under federal regulations. The Department shall require MCOs
8 to make such pass-through payments as specified in this
9 Section. The Department shall require the MCOs to pay the
10 remaining amounts as directed Payments as specified in this
11 Section. The Department shall issue payments to the
12 Comptroller by the seventh business day of each month for all
13 MCOs that are sufficient for MCOs to make the directed
14 payments and pass-through payments according to this Section.
15 The Department shall require the MCOs to make pass-through
16 payments and directed payments using electronic funds
17 transfers (EFT), if the hospital provides the information
18 necessary to process such EFTs, in accordance with directions
19 provided monthly by the Department, within 7 business days of
20 the date the funds are paid to the MCOs, as indicated by the
21 "Paid Date" on the website of the Office of the Comptroller if
22 the funds are paid by EFT and the MCOs have received directed
23 payment instructions. If funds are not paid through the
24 Comptroller by EFT, payment must be made within 7 business
25 days of the date actually received by the MCO. The MCO will be
26 considered to have paid the pass-through payments when the

1 payment remittance number is generated or the date the MCO
2 sends the check to the hospital, if EFT information is not
3 supplied. If an MCO is late in paying a pass-through payment or
4 directed payment as required under this Section (including any
5 extensions granted by the Department), it shall pay a penalty,
6 unless waived by the Department for reasonable cause, to the
7 Department equal to 5% of the amount of the pass-through
8 payment or directed payment not paid on or before the due date
9 plus 5% of the portion thereof remaining unpaid on the last day
10 of each 30-day period thereafter. Payments to MCOs that would
11 be paid consistent with actuarial certification and enrollment
12 in the absence of the increased capitation payments under this
13 Section shall not be reduced as a consequence of payments made
14 under this subsection. The Department shall publish and
15 maintain on its website for a period of no less than 8 calendar
16 quarters, the quarterly calculation of directed payments and
17 pass-through payments owed to each hospital from each MCO. All
18 calculations and reports shall be posted no later than the
19 first day of the quarter for which the payments are to be
20 issued.

21 (f)(1) For purposes of allocating the funds included in
22 capitation payments to MCOs, Illinois hospitals shall be
23 divided into the following classes as defined in
24 administrative rules:

25 (A) Critical access hospitals.

26 (B) Safety-net hospitals, except that stand-alone

1 children's hospitals that are not specialty children's
2 hospitals will not be included.

3 (C) Long term acute care hospitals.

4 (D) Freestanding psychiatric hospitals.

5 (E) Freestanding rehabilitation hospitals.

6 (F) High Medicaid hospitals. As used in this Section,
7 "high Medicaid hospital" means a general acute care
8 hospital that is not a safety-net hospital or critical
9 access hospital and that has a Medicaid Inpatient
10 Utilization Rate above 30% or a hospital that had over
11 35,000 inpatient Medicaid days during the applicable
12 period. For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
13 2020, the applicable period for the Medicaid Inpatient
14 Utilization Rate (MIUR) is the rate year 2020 MIUR and for
15 the number of inpatient days it is State fiscal year 2018.
16 Beginning in calendar year 2021, the Department shall use
17 the most recently determined MIUR, as defined in
18 subsection (h) of Section 5-5.02, and for the inpatient
19 day threshold, the State fiscal year ending 18 months
20 prior to the beginning of the calendar year. For purposes
21 of calculating MIUR under this Section, children's
22 hospitals and affiliated general acute care hospitals
23 shall be considered a single hospital.

24 (G) General acute care hospitals. As used under this
25 Section, "general acute care hospitals" means all other
26 Illinois hospitals not identified in subparagraphs (A)

1 through (F).

2 (2) Hospitals' qualification for each class shall be
3 assessed prior to the beginning of each calendar year and the
4 new class designation shall be effective January 1 of the next
5 year. The Department shall publish by rule the process for
6 establishing class determination.

7 (g) Fixed pool directed payments. Beginning July 1, 2020,
8 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be
9 used to issue directed payments to qualified Illinois
10 safety-net hospitals and critical access hospitals on a
11 monthly basis in accordance with this subsection. Prior to the
12 beginning of each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the
13 Department shall use encounter claims data from the
14 Determination Quarter, accepted by the Department's Medicaid
15 Management Information System for inpatient and outpatient
16 services rendered by safety-net hospitals and critical access
17 hospitals to determine a quarterly uniform per unit add-on for
18 each hospital class.

19 (1) Inpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform per
20 diem add-on shall be derived by dividing the quarterly
21 Inpatient Directed Payments Pool amount allocated to the
22 applicable hospital class by the total inpatient days
23 contained on all encounter claims received during the
24 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

25 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
26 quarterly inpatient directed payment calculated that

1 is equal to the product of the number of inpatient days
2 attributable to the hospital used in the calculation
3 of the quarterly uniform class per diem add-on,
4 multiplied by the calculated applicable quarterly
5 uniform class per diem add-on of the hospital class.

6 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
7 quarterly inpatient directed payment in each of the 3
8 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with
9 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

10 (2) Outpatient per unit add-on. A quarterly uniform
11 per claim add-on shall be derived by dividing the
12 quarterly Outpatient Directed Payments Pool amount
13 allocated to the applicable hospital class by the total
14 outpatient encounter claims received during the
15 Determination Quarter, for all hospitals in the class.

16 (A) Each hospital in the class shall have a
17 quarterly outpatient directed payment calculated that
18 is equal to the product of the number of outpatient
19 encounter claims attributable to the hospital used in
20 the calculation of the quarterly uniform class per
21 claim add-on, multiplied by the calculated applicable
22 quarterly uniform class per claim add-on of the
23 hospital class.

24 (B) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of its
25 quarterly outpatient directed payment in each of the 3
26 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance with

1 directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

2 (3) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
3 Directed Payment as identified by the Department on its
4 quarterly determination report.

5 (4) Definitions. As used in this subsection:

6 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each 3 month calendar
7 quarter, beginning July 1, 2020.

8 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each 3 month
9 calendar quarter, which ends 3 months prior to the
10 first day of each Payout Quarter.

11 (5) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020,
12 the following amounts shall be allocated to the following
13 hospital class directed payment pools for the quarterly
14 development of a uniform per unit add-on:

15 (A) \$2,894,500 for hospital inpatient services for
16 critical access hospitals.

17 (B) \$4,294,374 for hospital outpatient services
18 for critical access hospitals.

19 (C) \$29,109,330 for hospital inpatient services
20 for safety-net hospitals.

21 (D) \$35,041,218 for hospital outpatient services
22 for safety-net hospitals.

23 (h) Fixed rate directed payments. Effective July 1, 2020,
24 the Department shall issue payments to MCOs which shall be
25 used to issue directed payments to Illinois hospitals not
26 identified in paragraph (g) on a monthly basis. Prior to the

1 beginning of each Payout Quarter beginning July 1, 2020, the
2 Department shall use encounter claims data from the
3 Determination Quarter, accepted by the Department's Medicaid
4 Management Information System for inpatient and outpatient
5 services rendered by hospitals in each hospital class
6 identified in paragraph (f) and not identified in paragraph
7 (g). For the period July 1, 2020 through December 2020, the
8 Department shall direct MCOs to make payments as follows:

9 (1) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
10 to \$1,750 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
11 20 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
12 by the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
13 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

14 (2) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
15 to \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
16 21 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
17 by the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
18 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

19 (3) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
20 to \$80 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22
21 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
22 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
23 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

24 (4) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
25 to \$375 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
26 24 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied

1 by the hospital's total number of category of service 24
2 paid EAPG (EAPGs) for the determination quarter.

3 (5) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
4 to \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
5 27 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
6 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
7 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination
8 quarter.

9 (6) For general acute care hospitals an amount equal
10 to \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service
11 29 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied
12 by the hospital's total number of category of service 29
13 paid EAPGs for the determination quarter.

14 (7) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
15 \$1,800 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 20
16 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
17 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
18 category of service 20 for the determination quarter.

19 (8) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
20 \$160 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 21
21 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
22 the hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
23 category of service 21 for the determination quarter.

24 (9) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to \$80
25 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 22 case
26 mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by the

1 hospital's total number of inpatient admissions for
2 category of service 22 for the determination quarter.

3 (10) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
4 \$400 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 24
5 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
6 the hospital's total number of category of service 24 paid
7 EAPG outpatient claims for the determination quarter.

8 (11) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
9 \$240 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 27
10 and 28 case mix index for the determination quarter
11 multiplied by the hospital's total number of category of
12 service 27 and 28 paid EAPGs for the determination
13 quarter.

14 (12) For high Medicaid hospitals an amount equal to
15 \$290 multiplied by the hospital's category of service 29
16 case mix index for the determination quarter multiplied by
17 the hospital's total number of category of service 29 paid
18 EAPGs for the determination quarter.

19 (13) For long term acute care hospitals the amount of
20 \$495 multiplied by the hospital's total number of
21 inpatient days for the determination quarter.

22 (14) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$210
23 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient
24 days for category of service 21 for the determination
25 quarter.

26 (15) For psychiatric hospitals the amount of \$250

1 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
2 claims for category of service 27 and 28 for the
3 determination quarter.

4 (16) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$410
5 multiplied by the hospital's total number of inpatient
6 days for category of service 22 for the determination
7 quarter.

8 (17) For rehabilitation hospitals the amount of \$100
9 multiplied by the hospital's total number of outpatient
10 claims for category of service 29 for the determination
11 quarter.

12 (18) Each hospital shall be paid 1/3 of their
13 quarterly inpatient and outpatient directed payment in
14 each of the 3 months of the Payout Quarter, in accordance
15 with directions provided to each MCO by the Department.

16 (19) Each MCO shall pay each hospital the Monthly
17 Directed Payment amount as identified by the Department on
18 its quarterly determination report.

19 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, if
20 the Department determines that the actual total hospital
21 utilization data that is used to calculate the fixed rate
22 directed payments is substantially different than anticipated
23 when the rates in this subsection were initially determined
24 (for unforeseeable circumstances such as the COVID-19
25 pandemic), the Department may adjust the rates specified in
26 this subsection so that the total directed payments

1 approximate the total spending amount anticipated when the
2 rates were initially established.

3 Definitions. As used in this subsection:

4 (A) "Payout Quarter" means each calendar quarter,
5 beginning July 1, 2020.

6 (B) "Determination Quarter" means each calendar
7 quarter which ends 3 months prior to the first day of
8 each Payout Quarter.

9 (C) "Case mix index" means a hospital specific
10 calculation. For inpatient claims the case mix index
11 is calculated each quarter by summing the relative
12 weight of all inpatient Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG)
13 claims for a category of service in the applicable
14 Determination Quarter and dividing the sum by the
15 number of sum total of all inpatient DRG admissions
16 for the category of service for the associated claims.
17 The case mix index for outpatient claims is calculated
18 each quarter by summing the relative weight of all
19 paid EAPGs in the applicable Determination Quarter and
20 dividing the sum by the sum total of paid EAPGs for the
21 associated claims.

22 (i) Beginning January 1, 2021, the rates for directed
23 payments shall be recalculated in order to spend the
24 additional funds for directed payments that result from
25 reduction in the amount of pass-through payments allowed under
26 federal regulations. The additional funds for directed

1 payments shall be allocated proportionally to each class of
2 hospitals based on that class' proportion of services.

3 (j) Pass-through payments.

4 (1) For the period July 1, 2020 through December 31,
5 2020, the Department shall assign quarterly pass-through
6 payments to each class of hospitals equal to one-fourth of
7 the following annual allocations:

8 (A) \$390,487,095 to safety-net hospitals.

9 (B) \$62,553,886 to critical access hospitals.

10 (C) \$345,021,438 to high Medicaid hospitals.

11 (D) \$551,429,071 to general acute care hospitals.

12 (E) \$27,283,870 to long term acute care hospitals.

13 (F) \$40,825,444 to freestanding psychiatric
14 hospitals.

15 (G) \$9,652,108 to freestanding rehabilitation
16 hospitals.

17 (2) The pass-through payments shall at a minimum
18 ensure hospitals receive a total amount of monthly
19 payments under this Section as received in calendar year
20 2019 in accordance with this Article and paragraph (1) of
21 subsection (d-5) of Section 14-12, exclusive of amounts
22 received through payments referenced in subsection (b).

23 (3) For the calendar year beginning January 1, 2021,
24 and each calendar year thereafter, each hospital's
25 pass-through payment amount shall be reduced
26 proportionally to the reduction of all pass-through

1 payments required by federal regulations.

2 (k) At least 30 days prior to each calendar year, the
3 Department shall notify each hospital of changes to the
4 payment methodologies in this Section, including, but not
5 limited to, changes in the fixed rate directed payment rates,
6 the aggregate pass-through payment amount for all hospitals,
7 and the hospital's pass-through payment amount for the
8 upcoming calendar year.

9 (l) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section,
10 the Department may adopt rules to change the methodology for
11 directed and pass-through payments as set forth in this
12 Section, but only to the extent necessary to obtain federal
13 approval of a necessary State Plan amendment or Directed
14 Payment Preprint or to otherwise conform to federal law or
15 federal regulation.

16 (m) As used in this subsection, "managed care
17 organization" or "MCO" means an entity which contracts with
18 the Department to provide services where payment for medical
19 services is made on a capitated basis, excluding contracted
20 entities for dual eligible or Department of Children and
21 Family Services youth populations.

22 (n) In order to address the escalating infant mortality
23 rates among minority communities in Illinois, the State shall,
24 subject to appropriation, create a pool of funding of at least
25 \$50,000,000 annually to be disbursed among safety-net
26 hospitals that maintain perinatal designation from the

1 Department of Public Health. The funding shall be used to
2 preserve or enhance OB/GYN services or other specialty
3 services at the receiving hospital, with the distribution of
4 funding to be established by rule and with consideration to
5 perinatal hospitals with safe birthing levels and quality
6 metrics for healthy mothers and babies.

7 (Source: P.A. 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

8 Article 110.

9 Section 110-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
10 the Racial Impact Note Act.

11 Section 110-5. Racial impact note.

12 (a) Every bill which has or could have a disparate impact
13 on racial and ethnic minorities, upon the request of any
14 member, shall have prepared for it, before second reading in
15 the house of introduction, a brief explanatory statement or
16 note that shall include a reliable estimate of the anticipated
17 impact on those racial and ethnic minorities likely to be
18 impacted by the bill. Each racial impact note must include,
19 for racial and ethnic minorities for which data are available:
20 (i) an estimate of how the proposed legislation would impact
21 racial and ethnic minorities; (ii) a statement of the
22 methodologies and assumptions used in preparing the estimate;
23 (iii) an estimate of the racial and ethnic composition of the

1 population who may be impacted by the proposed legislation,
2 including those persons who may be negatively impacted and
3 those persons who may benefit from the proposed legislation;
4 and (iv) any other matter that a responding agency considers
5 appropriate in relation to the racial and ethnic minorities
6 likely to be affected by the bill.

7 Section 110-10. Preparation.

8 (a) The sponsor of each bill for which a request under
9 Section 110-5 has been made shall present a copy of the bill
10 with the request for a racial impact note to the appropriate
11 responding agency or agencies under subsection (b). The
12 responding agency or agencies shall prepare and submit the
13 note to the sponsor of the bill within 5 calendar days, except
14 that whenever, because of the complexity of the measure,
15 additional time is required for the preparation of the racial
16 impact note, the responding agency or agencies may inform the
17 sponsor of the bill, and the sponsor may approve an extension
18 of the time within which the note is to be submitted, not to
19 extend, however, beyond June 15, following the date of the
20 request. If, in the opinion of the responding agency or
21 agencies, there is insufficient information to prepare a
22 reliable estimate of the anticipated impact, a statement to
23 that effect can be filed and shall meet the requirements of
24 this Act.

25 (b) If a bill concerns arrests, convictions, or law

1 enforcement, a statement shall be prepared by the Illinois
2 Criminal Justice Information Authority specifying the impact
3 on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
4 corrections, sentencing, or the placement of individuals
5 within the Department of Corrections, a statement shall be
6 prepared by the Department of Corrections specifying the
7 impact on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
8 local government, a statement shall be prepared by the
9 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity specifying the
10 impact on racial and ethnic minorities. If a bill concerns
11 education, one of the following agencies shall prepare a
12 statement specifying the impact on racial and ethnic
13 minorities: (i) the Illinois Community College Board, if the
14 bill affects community colleges; (ii) the Illinois State Board
15 of Education, if the bill affects primary and secondary
16 education; or (iii) the Illinois Board of Higher Education, if
17 the bill affects State universities. Any other State agency
18 impacted or responsible for implementing all or part of this
19 bill shall prepare a statement of the racial and ethnic impact
20 of the bill as it relates to that agency.

21 Section 110-15. Requisites and contents. The note shall be
22 factual in nature, as brief and concise as may be, and, in
23 addition, it shall include both the immediate effect and, if
24 determinable or reasonably foreseeable, the long range effect
25 of the measure on racial and ethnic minorities. If, after

1 careful investigation, it is determined that such an effect is
2 not ascertainable, the note shall contain a statement to that
3 effect, setting forth the reasons why no ascertainable effect
4 can be given.

5 Section 110-20. Comment or opinion; technical or
6 mechanical defects. No comment or opinion shall be included
7 in the racial impact note with regard to the merits of the
8 measure for which the racial impact note is prepared; however,
9 technical or mechanical defects may be noted.

10 Section 110-25. Appearance of State officials and
11 employees in support or opposition of measure. The fact that a
12 racial impact note is prepared for any bill shall not preclude
13 or restrict the appearance before any committee of the General
14 Assembly of any official or authorized employee of the
15 responding agency or agencies, or any other impacted State
16 agency, who desires to be heard in support of or in opposition
17 to the measure.

18 Article 115.

19 Section 115-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
20 adding Section 14-14 as follows:

21 (305 ILCS 5/14-14 new)

1 (20 ILCS 5/5-565) (was 20 ILCS 5/6.06)

2 Sec. 5-565. In the Department of Public Health.

3 (a) The General Assembly declares it to be the public
4 policy of this State that all residents ~~citizens~~ of Illinois
5 are entitled to lead healthy lives. Governmental public health
6 has a specific responsibility to ensure that a public health
7 system is in place to allow the public health mission to be
8 achieved. The public health system is the collection of
9 public, private, and voluntary entities as well as individuals
10 and informal associations that contribute to the public's
11 health within the State. To develop a public health system
12 requires certain core functions to be performed by government.
13 The State Board of Health is to assume the leadership role in
14 advising the Director in meeting the following functions:

15 (1) Needs assessment.

16 (2) Statewide health objectives.

17 (3) Policy development.

18 (4) Assurance of access to necessary services.

19 There shall be a State Board of Health composed of 20
20 persons, all of whom shall be appointed by the Governor, with
21 the advice and consent of the Senate for those appointed by the
22 Governor on and after June 30, 1998, and one of whom shall be a
23 senior citizen age 60 or over. Five members shall be
24 physicians licensed to practice medicine in all its branches,
25 one representing a medical school faculty, one who is board

1 certified in preventive medicine, and one who is engaged in
2 private practice. One member shall be a chiropractic
3 physician. One member shall be a dentist; one an environmental
4 health practitioner; one a local public health administrator;
5 one a local board of health member; one a registered nurse; one
6 a physical therapist; one an optometrist; one a veterinarian;
7 one a public health academician; one a health care industry
8 representative; one a representative of the business
9 community; one a representative of the non-profit public
10 interest community; and 2 shall be citizens at large.

11 The terms of Board of Health members shall be 3 years,
12 except that members shall continue to serve on the Board of
13 Health until a replacement is appointed. Upon the effective
14 date of Public Act 93-975 (January 1, 2005) ~~this amendatory~~
15 ~~Act of the 93rd General Assembly,~~ in the appointment of the
16 Board of Health members appointed to vacancies or positions
17 with terms expiring on or before December 31, 2004, the
18 Governor shall appoint up to 6 members to serve for terms of 3
19 years; up to 6 members to serve for terms of 2 years; and up to
20 5 members to serve for a term of one year, so that the term of
21 no more than 6 members expire in the same year. All members
22 shall be legal residents of the State of Illinois. The duties
23 of the Board shall include, but not be limited to, the
24 following:

25 (1) To advise the Department of ways to encourage
26 public understanding and support of the Department's

1 programs.

2 (2) To evaluate all boards, councils, committees,
3 authorities, and bodies advisory to, or an adjunct of, the
4 Department of Public Health or its Director for the
5 purpose of recommending to the Director one or more of the
6 following:

7 (i) The elimination of bodies whose activities are
8 not consistent with goals and objectives of the
9 Department.

10 (ii) The consolidation of bodies whose activities
11 encompass compatible programmatic subjects.

12 (iii) The restructuring of the relationship
13 between the various bodies and their integration
14 within the organizational structure of the Department.

15 (iv) The establishment of new bodies deemed
16 essential to the functioning of the Department.

17 (3) To serve as an advisory group to the Director for
18 public health emergencies and control of health hazards.

19 (4) To advise the Director regarding public health
20 policy, and to make health policy recommendations
21 regarding priorities to the Governor through the Director.

22 (5) To present public health issues to the Director
23 and to make recommendations for the resolution of those
24 issues.

25 (6) To recommend studies to delineate public health
26 problems.

1 (7) To make recommendations to the Governor through
2 the Director regarding the coordination of State public
3 health activities with other State and local public health
4 agencies and organizations.

5 (8) To report on or before February 1 of each year on
6 the health of the residents of Illinois to the Governor,
7 the General Assembly, and the public.

8 (9) To review the final draft of all proposed
9 administrative rules, other than emergency or peremptory
10 ~~preemptory~~ rules and those rules that another advisory
11 body must approve or review within a statutorily defined
12 time period, of the Department after September 19, 1991
13 (the effective date of Public Act 87-633). The Board shall
14 review the proposed rules within 90 days of submission by
15 the Department. The Department shall take into
16 consideration any comments and recommendations of the
17 Board regarding the proposed rules prior to submission to
18 the Secretary of State for initial publication. If the
19 Department disagrees with the recommendations of the
20 Board, it shall submit a written response outlining the
21 reasons for not accepting the recommendations.

22 In the case of proposed administrative rules or
23 amendments to administrative rules regarding immunization
24 of children against preventable communicable diseases
25 designated by the Director under the Communicable Disease
26 Prevention Act, after the Immunization Advisory Committee

1 has made its recommendations, the Board shall conduct 3
2 public hearings, geographically distributed throughout the
3 State. At the conclusion of the hearings, the State Board
4 of Health shall issue a report, including its
5 recommendations, to the Director. The Director shall take
6 into consideration any comments or recommendations made by
7 the Board based on these hearings.

8 (10) To deliver to the Governor for presentation to
9 the General Assembly a State Health Assessment (SHA) and a
10 State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP). The first 5 ~~3~~ such
11 plans shall be delivered to the Governor on January 1,
12 2006, January 1, 2009, ~~and~~ January 1, 2016, January 1,
13 2021, and June 30, 2022, and then every 5 years
14 thereafter.

15 The State Health Assessment and State Health
16 Improvement Plan Plan shall assess and recommend
17 priorities and strategies to improve the public health
18 system, ~~and~~ the health status of Illinois residents,
19 reduce health disparities and inequities, and promote
20 health equity. The State Health Assessment and State
21 Health Improvement Plan development and implementation
22 shall conform to national Public Health Accreditation
23 Board Standards. The State Health Assessment and State
24 Health Improvement Plan development and implementation
25 process shall be carried out with the administrative and
26 operational support of the Department of Public Health

1 ~~taking into consideration national health objectives and~~
2 ~~system standards as frameworks for assessment.~~

3 The State Health Assessment shall include
4 comprehensive, broad-based data and information from a
5 variety of sources on health status and the public health
6 system including:

7 (i) quantitative data, if it is available, on the
8 demographics and health status of the population,
9 including data over time on health by gender identity,
10 sexual orientation, race, ethnicity, age,
11 socio-economic factors, geographic region, disability
12 status, and other indicators of disparity;

13 (ii) quantitative data on social and structural
14 issues affecting health (social and structural
15 determinants of health), including, but not limited
16 to, housing, transportation, educational attainment,
17 employment, and income inequality;

18 (iii) priorities and strategies developed at the
19 community level through the Illinois Project for Local
20 Assessment of Needs (IPLAN) and other local and
21 regional community health needs assessments;

22 (iv) qualitative data representing the
23 population's input on health concerns and well-being,
24 including the perceptions of people experiencing
25 disparities and health inequities;

26 (v) information on health disparities and health

1 inequities; and

2 (vi) information on public health system strengths
3 and areas for improvement.

4 ~~The Plan shall also take into consideration priorities~~
5 ~~and strategies developed at the community level through~~
6 ~~the Illinois Project for Local Assessment of Needs (IPLAN)~~
7 ~~and any regional health improvement plans that may be~~
8 ~~developed.~~

9 The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall focus on
10 prevention, social determinants of health, and promoting
11 health equity as key strategies ~~as a key strategy~~ for
12 long-term health improvement in Illinois.

13 The State Health Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall identify
14 priority State health issues and social issues affecting
15 health, and shall examine and make recommendations on the
16 contributions and strategies of the public and private
17 sectors for improving health status and the public health
18 system in the State. In addition to recommendations on
19 health status improvement priorities and strategies for
20 the population of the State as a whole, the State Health
21 Improvement Plan ~~Plan~~ shall make recommendations, provided
22 that data exists to support such recommendations,
23 regarding priorities and strategies for reducing and
24 eliminating health disparities and health inequities in
25 Illinois; including racial, ethnic, gender identification,
26 sexual orientation, age, disability, socio-economic, and

1 geographic disparities. The State Health Improvement Plan
2 shall make recommendations regarding social determinants
3 of health, such as housing, transportation, educational
4 attainment, employment, and income inequality.

5 The development and implementation of the State Health
6 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan shall be a
7 collaborative public-private cross-agency effort overseen
8 by the SHA and SHIP Partnership. The Director of Public
9 Health shall consult with the Governor to ensure
10 participation by the head of State agencies with public
11 health responsibilities (or their designees) in the SHA
12 and SHIP Partnership, including, but not limited to, the
13 Department of Public Health, the Department of Human
14 Services, the Department of Healthcare and Family
15 Services, the Department of Children and Family Services,
16 the Environmental Protection Agency, the Illinois State
17 Board of Education, the Department on Aging, the Illinois
18 Housing Development Authority, the Illinois Criminal
19 Justice Information Authority, the Department of
20 Agriculture, the Department of Transportation, the
21 Department of Corrections, the Department of Commerce and
22 Economic Opportunity, and the Chair of the State Board of
23 Health to also serve on the Partnership. A member of the
24 Governors' staff shall participate in the Partnership and
25 serve as a liaison to the Governors' office.

26 The Director of ~~the Illinois Department of Public~~

1 Health shall appoint a minimum of 15 other members of the
2 SHA and SHIP Partnership representing a Planning Team that
3 ~~includes~~ a range of public, private, and voluntary sector
4 stakeholders and participants in the public health system.
5 For the first SHA and SHIP Partnership after the effective
6 date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly,
7 one-half of the members shall be appointed for a 3-year
8 term, and one-half of the members shall be appointed for a
9 5-year term. Subsequently, members shall be appointed to
10 5-year terms. Should any member not be able to fulfill his
11 or her term, the Director may appoint a replacement to
12 complete that term. The Director, in consultation with the
13 SHA and SHIP Partnership, may engage additional
14 individuals and organizations to serve on subcommittees
15 and ad hoc efforts to conduct the State Health Assessment
16 and develop and implement the State Health Improvement
17 Plan. Members of the SHA and SHIP Partnership shall
18 receive no compensation for serving as members, but may be
19 reimbursed for their necessary expenses if departmental
20 resources allow.

21 The SHA and SHIP Partnership ~~This Team~~ shall include:
22 ~~the directors of State agencies with public health~~
23 ~~responsibilities (or their designees), including but not~~
24 ~~limited to the Illinois Departments of Public Health and~~
25 ~~Department of Human Services,~~ representatives of local
26 health departments, ~~representatives of local community~~

1 ~~health partnerships,~~ and individuals with expertise who
2 represent an array of organizations and constituencies
3 engaged in public health improvement and prevention, such
4 as non-profit public interest groups, groups serving
5 populations that experience health disparities and health
6 inequities, groups addressing social determinants of
7 health, health issue groups, faith community groups,
8 health care providers, businesses and employers, academic
9 institutions, and community-based organizations.

10 The Director shall endeavor to make the membership of
11 the Partnership diverse and inclusive of the racial,
12 ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity
13 of the State. The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall be
14 chaired by the Director of Public Health or his or her
15 designee.

16 The SHA and SHIP Partnership shall develop and
17 implement a community engagement process that facilitates
18 input into the development of the State Health Assessment
19 and State Health Improvement Plan. This engagement process
20 shall ensure that individuals with lived experience in the
21 issues addressed in the State Health Assessment and State
22 Health Improvement Plan are meaningfully engaged in the
23 development and implementation of the State Health
24 Assessment and State Health Improvement Plan.

25 The State Board of Health shall hold at least 3 public
26 hearings addressing a draft of the State Health

1 Improvement Plan ~~drafts of the Plan~~ in representative
2 geographic areas of the State. ~~Members of the Planning~~
3 ~~Team shall receive no compensation for their services, but~~
4 ~~may be reimbursed for their necessary expenses.~~

5 ~~Upon the delivery of each State Health Improvement~~
6 ~~Plan, the Governor shall appoint a SHIP Implementation~~
7 ~~Coordination Council that includes a range of public,~~
8 ~~private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and~~
9 ~~participants in the public health system. The Council~~
10 ~~shall include the directors of State agencies and entities~~
11 ~~with public health system responsibilities (or their~~
12 ~~designees), including but not limited to the Department of~~
13 ~~Public Health, Department of Human Services, Department of~~
14 ~~Healthcare and Family Services, Environmental Protection~~
15 ~~Agency, Illinois State Board of Education, Department on~~
16 ~~Aging, Illinois Violence Prevention Authority, Department~~
17 ~~of Agriculture, Department of Insurance, Department of~~
18 ~~Financial and Professional Regulation, Department of~~
19 ~~Transportation, and Department of Commerce and Economic~~
20 ~~Opportunity and the Chair of the State Board of Health.~~
21 ~~The Council shall include representatives of local health~~
22 ~~departments and individuals with expertise who represent~~
23 ~~an array of organizations and constituencies engaged in~~
24 ~~public health improvement and prevention, including~~
25 ~~non profit public interest groups, health issue groups,~~
26 ~~faith community groups, health care providers, businesses~~

1 ~~and employers, academic institutions, and community-based~~
2 ~~organizations. The Governor shall endeavor to make the~~
3 ~~membership of the Council representative of the racial,~~
4 ~~ethnic, gender, socio-economic, and geographic diversity~~
5 ~~of the State. The Governor shall designate one State~~
6 ~~agency representative and one other non governmental~~
7 ~~member as co chairs of the Council. The Governor shall~~
8 ~~designate a member of the Governor's office to serve as~~
9 ~~liaison to the Council and one or more State agencies to~~
10 ~~provide or arrange for support to the Council. The members~~
11 ~~of the SHIP Implementation Coordination Council for each~~
12 ~~State Health Improvement Plan shall serve until the~~
13 ~~delivery of the subsequent State Health Improvement Plan,~~
14 ~~whereupon a new Council shall be appointed. Members of the~~
15 ~~SHIP Planning Team may serve on the SHIP Implementation~~
16 ~~Coordination Council if so appointed by the Governor.~~

17 Upon the delivery of each State Health Assessment and
18 State Health Improvement Plan, the SHA and SHIP
19 Partnership ~~The SHIP Implementation Coordination Council~~
20 shall coordinate the efforts and engagement of the public,
21 private, and voluntary sector stakeholders and
22 participants in the public health system to implement each
23 SHIP. The Partnership Council shall serve as a forum for
24 collaborative action; coordinate existing and new
25 initiatives; develop detailed implementation steps, with
26 mechanisms for action; implement specific projects;

1 identify public and private funding sources at the local,
2 State and federal level; promote public awareness of the
3 SHIP; and advocate for the implementation of the SHIP. The
4 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall implement strategies to
5 ensure that individuals and communities affected by health
6 disparities and health inequities are engaged in the
7 process throughout the 5-year cycle. The SHA and SHIP
8 Partnership shall regularly evaluate and update the State
9 Health Assessment and track implementation of the State
10 Health Improvement Plan with revisions as necessary. The
11 SHA and SHIP Partnership shall not have the authority to
12 direct any public or private entity to take specific
13 action to implement the SHIP. ~~; and develop an annual~~
14 ~~report to the Governor, General Assembly, and public~~
15 ~~regarding the status of implementation of the SHIP. The~~
16 ~~Council shall not, however, have the authority to direct~~
17 ~~any public or private entity to take specific action to~~
18 ~~implement the SHIP.~~

19 The State Board of Health shall submit a report by
20 January 31 of each year on the status of State Health
21 Improvement Plan implementation and community engagement
22 activities to the Governor, General Assembly, and public.
23 In the fifth year, the report may be consolidated into the
24 new State Health Assessment and State Health Improvement
25 Plan.

26 (11) Upon the request of the Governor, to recommend to

1 the Governor candidates for Director of Public Health when
2 vacancies occur in the position.

3 (12) To adopt bylaws for the conduct of its own
4 business, including the authority to establish ad hoc
5 committees to address specific public health programs
6 requiring resolution.

7 (13) (Blank).

8 Upon appointment, the Board shall elect a chairperson from
9 among its members.

10 Members of the Board shall receive compensation for their
11 services at the rate of \$150 per day, not to exceed \$10,000 per
12 year, as designated by the Director for each day required for
13 transacting the business of the Board and shall be reimbursed
14 for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their
15 duties. The Board shall meet from time to time at the call of
16 the Department, at the call of the chairperson, or upon the
17 request of 3 of its members, but shall not meet less than 4
18 times per year.

19 (b) (Blank).

20 (c) An Advisory Board on Necropsy Service to Coroners,
21 which shall counsel and advise with the Director on the
22 administration of the Autopsy Act. The Advisory Board shall
23 consist of 11 members, including a senior citizen age 60 or
24 over, appointed by the Governor, one of whom shall be
25 designated as chairman by a majority of the members of the
26 Board. In the appointment of the first Board the Governor

1 shall appoint 3 members to serve for terms of 1 year, 3 for
2 terms of 2 years, and 3 for terms of 3 years. The members first
3 appointed under Public Act 83-1538 shall serve for a term of 3
4 years. All members appointed thereafter shall be appointed for
5 terms of 3 years, except that when an appointment is made to
6 fill a vacancy, the appointment shall be for the remaining
7 term of the position vacant. The members of the Board shall be
8 citizens of the State of Illinois. In the appointment of
9 members of the Advisory Board the Governor shall appoint 3
10 members who shall be persons licensed to practice medicine and
11 surgery in the State of Illinois, at least 2 of whom shall have
12 received post-graduate training in the field of pathology; 3
13 members who are duly elected coroners in this State; and 5
14 members who shall have interest and abilities in the field of
15 forensic medicine but who shall be neither persons licensed to
16 practice any branch of medicine in this State nor coroners. In
17 the appointment of medical and coroner members of the Board,
18 the Governor shall invite nominations from recognized medical
19 and coroners organizations in this State respectively. Board
20 members, while serving on business of the Board, shall receive
21 actual necessary travel and subsistence expenses while so
22 serving away from their places of residence.

23 (Source: P.A. 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 99-527, eff. 1-1-17;
24 revised 7-17-19.)

1 Section 125-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
2 the Health and Human Services Task Force and Study Act.
3 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

4 Section 125-5. Findings. The General Assembly finds that:

5 (1) The State is committed to improving the health and
6 well-being of Illinois residents and families.

7 (2) According to data collected by the Kaiser
8 Foundation, Illinois had over 905,000 uninsured residents
9 in 2019, with a total uninsured rate of 7.3%.

10 (3) Many Illinois residents and families who have
11 health insurance cannot afford to use it due to high
12 deductibles and cost sharing.

13 (4) Lack of access to affordable health care services
14 disproportionately affects minority communities
15 throughout the State, leading to poorer health outcomes
16 among those populations.

17 (5) Illinois Medicaid beneficiaries are not receiving
18 the coordinated and effective care they need to support
19 their overall health and well-being.

20 (6) Illinois has an opportunity to improve the health
21 and well-being of a historically underserved and
22 vulnerable population by providing more coordinated and
23 higher quality care to its Medicaid beneficiaries.

24 (7) The State of Illinois has a responsibility to help

1 crime victims access justice, assistance, and the support
2 they need to heal.

3 (8) Research has shown that people who are repeatedly
4 victimized are more likely to face mental health problems
5 such as depression, anxiety, and symptoms related to
6 post-traumatic stress disorder and chronic trauma.

7 (9) Trauma-informed care has been promoted and
8 established in communities across the country on a
9 bipartisan basis, and numerous federal agencies have
10 integrated trauma-informed approaches into their programs
11 and grants, which should be leveraged by the State of
12 Illinois.

13 (10) Infants, children, and youth and their families
14 who have experienced or are at risk of experiencing
15 trauma, including those who are low-income, homeless,
16 involved with the child welfare system, involved in the
17 juvenile or adult justice system, unemployed, or not
18 enrolled in or at risk of dropping out of an educational
19 institution and live in a community that has faced acute
20 or long-term exposure to substantial discrimination,
21 historical oppression, intergenerational poverty, a high
22 rate of violence or drug overdose deaths, should have an
23 opportunity for improved outcomes; this means increasing
24 access to greater opportunities to meet educational,
25 employment, health, developmental, community reentry,
26 permanency from foster care, or other key goals.

1 Section 125-10. Health and Human Services Task Force. The
2 Health and Human Services Task Force is created within the
3 Department of Human Services to undertake a systematic review
4 of health and human service departments and programs with the
5 goal of improving health and human service outcomes for
6 Illinois residents.

7 Section 125-15. Study.

8 (1) The Task Force shall review all health and human
9 service departments and programs and make recommendations for
10 achieving a system that will improve interagency
11 interoperability with respect to improving access to
12 healthcare, healthcare disparities, workforce competency and
13 diversity, social determinants of health, and data sharing and
14 collection. These recommendations shall include, but are not
15 limited to, the following elements:

16 (i) impact on infant and maternal mortality;

17 (ii) impact of hospital closures, including safety-net
18 hospitals, on local communities; and

19 (iii) impact on Medicaid Managed Care Organizations.

20 (2) The Task Force shall review and make recommendations
21 on ways the Medicaid program can partner and cooperate with
22 other agencies, including but not limited to the Department of
23 Agriculture, the Department of Insurance, the Department of
24 Human Services, the Department of Labor, the Environmental

1 Protection Agency, and the Department of Public Health, to
2 better address social determinants of public health,
3 including, but not limited to, food deserts, affordable
4 housing, environmental pollutions, employment, education, and
5 public support services. This shall include a review and
6 recommendations on ways Medicaid and the agencies can share
7 costs related to better health outcomes.

8 (3) The Task Force shall review the current partnership,
9 communication, and cooperation between Federally Qualified
10 Health Centers (FQHCs) and safety-net hospitals in Illinois
11 and make recommendations on public policies that will improve
12 interoperability and cooperations between these entities in
13 order to achieve improved coordinated care and better health
14 outcomes for vulnerable populations in the State.

15 (4) The Task Force shall review and examine public
16 policies affecting trauma and social determinants of health,
17 including trauma-informed care, and make recommendations on
18 ways to improve and integrate trauma-informed approaches into
19 programs and agencies in the State, including, but not limited
20 to, Medicaid and other health care programs administered by
21 the State, and increase awareness of trauma and its effects on
22 communities across Illinois.

23 (5) The Task Force shall review and examine the connection
24 between access to education and health outcomes particularly
25 in African American and minority communities and make
26 recommendations on public policies to address any gaps or

1 deficiencies.

2 Section 125-20. Membership; appointments; meetings;
3 support.

4 (1) The Task Force shall include representation from both
5 public and private organizations, and its membership shall
6 reflect regional, racial, and cultural diversity to ensure
7 representation of the needs of all Illinois citizens. Task
8 Force members shall include one member appointed by the
9 President of the Senate, one member appointed by the Minority
10 Leader of the Senate, one member appointed by the Speaker of
11 the House of Representatives, one member appointed by the
12 Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and other
13 members appointed by the Governor. The Governor's appointments
14 shall include, without limitation, the following:

15 (A) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
16 President, who shall serve as Co-Chair;

17 (B) One member of the House of Representatives,
18 appointed by the Speaker of the House, who shall serve as
19 Co-Chair;

20 (C) Eight members of the General Assembly representing
21 each of the majority and minority caucuses of each
22 chamber.

23 (D) The Directors or Secretaries of the following
24 State agencies or their designees:

25 (i) Department of Human Services.

- 1 (ii) Department of Children and Family Services.
- 2 (iii) Department of Healthcare and Family
3 Services.
- 4 (iv) State Board of Education.
- 5 (v) Department on Aging.
- 6 (vi) Department of Public Health.
- 7 (vii) Department of Veterans' Affairs.
- 8 (viii) Department of Insurance.
- 9 (E) Local government stakeholders and nongovernmental
10 stakeholders with an interest in human services, including
11 representation among the following private-sector fields
12 and constituencies:
- 13 (i) Early childhood education and development.
- 14 (ii) Child care.
- 15 (iii) Child welfare.
- 16 (iv) Youth services.
- 17 (v) Developmental disabilities.
- 18 (vi) Mental health.
- 19 (vii) Employment and training.
- 20 (viii) Sexual and domestic violence.
- 21 (ix) Alcohol and substance abuse.
- 22 (x) Local community collaborations among human
23 services programs.
- 24 (xi) Immigrant services.
- 25 (xii) Affordable housing.
- 26 (xiii) Food and nutrition.

- 1 (xiv) Homelessness.
- 2 (xv) Older adults.
- 3 (xvi) Physical disabilities.
- 4 (xvii) Maternal and child health.
- 5 (xviii) Medicaid managed care organizations.
- 6 (xix) Healthcare delivery.
- 7 (xx) Health insurance.

8 (2) Members shall serve without compensation for the
9 duration of the Task Force.

10 (3) In the event of a vacancy, the appointment to fill the
11 vacancy shall be made in the same manner as the original
12 appointment.

13 (4) The Task Force shall convene within 60 days after the
14 effective date of this Act. The initial meeting of the Task
15 Force shall be convened by the co-chair selected by the
16 Governor. Subsequent meetings shall convene at the call of the
17 co-chairs. The Task Force shall meet on a quarterly basis, or
18 more often if necessary.

19 (5) The Department of Human Services shall provide
20 administrative support to the Task Force.

21 Section 125-25. Report. The Task Force shall report to the
22 Governor and the General Assembly on the Task Force's progress
23 toward its goals and objectives by June 30, 2021, and every
24 June 30 thereafter.

1 administering services, and limiting health disparities
2 through the promotion of equitable and accessible
3 healthcare.

4 (3) According to the Centers for Disease Control and
5 Prevention, racism and segregation in the State of
6 Illinois have exacerbated a health divide, resulting in
7 Black residents having lower life expectancies than white
8 citizens of this State and being far more likely than
9 other races to die prematurely (before the age of 75) and
10 to die of heart disease or stroke; Black residents of
11 Illinois have a higher level of infant mortality, lower
12 birth weight babies, and are more likely to be overweight
13 or obese as adults, have adult diabetes, and have
14 long-term complications from diabetes that exacerbate
15 other conditions, including the susceptibility to
16 COVID-19.

17 (4) Black and Brown people are more likely to
18 experience poor health outcomes as a consequence of their
19 social determinants of health, health inequities stemming
20 from economic instability, education, physical
21 environment, food, and access to health care systems.

22 (5) Black residents in Illinois are more likely than
23 white residents to experience violence-related trauma as a
24 result of socioeconomic conditions resulting from systemic
25 racism.

26 (6) Racism is a social system with multiple dimensions

1 in which individual racism is internalized or
2 interpersonal and systemic racism is institutional or
3 structural and is a system of structuring opportunity and
4 assigning value based on the social interpretation of how
5 one looks; this unfairly disadvantages specific
6 individuals and communities, while unfairly giving
7 advantages to other individuals and communities; it saps
8 the strength of the whole society through the waste of
9 human resources.

10 (7) Racism causes persistent racial discrimination
11 that influences many areas of life, including housing,
12 education, employment, and criminal justice; an emerging
13 body of research demonstrates that racism itself is a
14 social determinant of health.

15 (8) More than 100 studies have linked racism to worse
16 health outcomes.

17 (9) The American Public Health Association launched a
18 National Campaign against Racism.

19 (10) Public health's responsibilities to address
20 racism include reshaping our discourse and agenda so that
21 we all actively engage in racial justice work.

22 Section 130-10. Anti-Racism Commission.

23 (a) The Anti-Racism Commission is hereby created to
24 identify and propose statewide policies to eliminate systemic
25 racism and advance equitable solutions for Black and Brown

1 people in Illinois.

2 (b) The Anti-Racism Commission shall consist of the
3 following members, who shall serve without compensation:

4 (1) one member of the House of Representatives,
5 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
6 who shall serve as co-chair;

7 (2) one member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
8 President, who shall serve as co-chair;

9 (3) one member of the House of Representatives,
10 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
11 Representatives;

12 (4) one member of the Senate, appointed by the
13 Minority Leader of the Senate;

14 (5) the Director of Public Health, or his or her
15 designee;

16 (6) the Chair of the House Black Caucus;

17 (7) the Chair of the Senate Black Caucus;

18 (8) the Chair of the Joint Legislative Black Caucus;

19 (9) the director of a statewide association
20 representing public health departments, appointed by the
21 Speaker of the House of Representatives;

22 (10) the Chair of the House Latino Caucus;

23 (11) the Chair of the Senate Latino Caucus;

24 (12) one community member appointed by the House Black
25 Caucus Chair;

26 (13) one community member appointed by the Senate

1 Black Caucus Chair;

2 (14) one community member appointed by the House
3 Latino Caucus Chair; and

4 (15) one community member appointed by the Senate
5 Latino Caucus Chair.

6 (c) The Department of Public Health shall provide
7 administrative support for the Commission.

8 (d) The Commission is charged with, but not limited to,
9 the following tasks:

10 (1) Working to create an equity and justice-oriented
11 State government.

12 (2) Assessing the policy and procedures of all State
13 agencies to ensure racial equity is a core element of
14 State government.

15 (3) Developing and incorporating into the
16 organizational structure of State government a plan for
17 educational efforts to understand, address, and dismantle
18 systemic racism in government actions.

19 (4) Recommending and advocating for policies that
20 improve health in Black and Brown people and support
21 local, State, regional, and federal initiatives that
22 advance efforts to dismantle systemic racism.

23 (5) Working to build alliances and partnerships with
24 organizations that are confronting racism and encouraging
25 other local, State, regional, and national entities to
26 recognize racism as a public health crisis.

1 (6) Promoting community engagement, actively engaging
2 citizens on issues of racism and assisting in providing
3 tools to engage actively and authentically with Black and
4 Brown people.

5 (7) Reviewing all portions of codified State laws
6 through the lens of racial equity.

7 (8) Working with the Department of Central Management
8 Services to update policies that encourage diversity in
9 human resources, including hiring, board appointments, and
10 vendor selection by agencies, and to review all grant
11 management activities with an eye toward equity and
12 workforce development.

13 (9) Recommending policies that promote racially
14 equitable economic and workforce development practices.

15 (10) Promoting and supporting all policies that
16 prioritize the health of all people, especially people of
17 color, by mitigating exposure to adverse childhood
18 experiences and trauma in childhood and ensuring
19 implementation of health and equity in all policies.

20 (11) Encouraging community partners and stakeholders
21 in the education, employment, housing, criminal justice,
22 and safety arenas to recognize racism as a public health
23 crisis and to implement policy recommendations.

24 (12) Identifying clear goals and objectives, including
25 specific benchmarks, to assess progress.

26 (13) Holding public hearings across Illinois to

1 continue to explore and to recommend needed action by the
2 General Assembly.

3 (14) Working with the Governor and the General
4 Assembly to identify the necessary funds to support the
5 Anti-Racism Commission and its endeavors.

6 (15) Identifying resources to allocate to Black and
7 Brown communities on an annual basis.

8 (16) Encouraging corporate investment in anti-racism
9 policies in Black and Brown communities.

10 (e) The Commission shall submit its final report to the
11 Governor and the General Assembly no later than December 31,
12 2021. The Commission is dissolved upon the filing of its
13 report.

14 Section 130-15. Repeal. This Article is repealed on
15 January 1, 2023.

16 Article 131.

17 Section 131-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
18 the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program Act.
19 References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

20 Section 131-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

21 "Department" means the Department of Public Health.

22 "Program" means the Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and

1 Treatment Program.

2 Section 131-10. Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and
3 Treatment Program. The Department shall establish a grant
4 program for the purpose of providing for the prevention, care,
5 and treatment of sickle cell disease and for educational
6 programs concerning the disease.

7 Section 131-15. Grants; eligibility standards.

8 (a) The Department shall do the following:

9 (1) (A) Develop application criteria and standards of
10 eligibility for groups or organizations who apply for
11 funds under the program.

12 (B) Make available grants to groups and organizations
13 who meet the eligibility standards set by the Department.

14 However:

15 (i) the highest priority for grants shall be
16 accorded to established sickle cell disease
17 community-based organizations throughout Illinois; and

18 (ii) priority shall also be given to ensuring the
19 establishment of sickle cell disease centers in
20 underserved areas that have a higher population of
21 sickle cell disease patients.

22 (2) Determine the maximum amount available for each
23 grant provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1).

24 (3) Determine policies for the expiration and renewal

1 of grants provided under subparagraph (B) of paragraph
2 (1).

3 (4) Require that all grant funds be used for the
4 purpose of prevention, care, and treatment of sickle cell
5 disease or for educational programs concerning the
6 disease. Grant funds shall be used for one or more of the
7 following purposes:

8 (A) Assisting in the development and expansion of
9 care for the treatment of individuals with sickle cell
10 disease, particularly for adults, including the
11 following types of care:

12 (i) Self-administered care.

13 (ii) Preventive care.

14 (iii) Home care.

15 (iv) Other evidence-based medical procedures
16 and techniques designed to provide maximum control
17 over sickling episodes typical of occurring to an
18 individual with the disease.

19 (B) Increasing access to health care for
20 individuals with sickle cell disease.

21 (C) Establishing additional sickle cell disease
22 infusion centers.

23 (D) Increasing access to mental health resources
24 and pain management therapies for individuals with
25 sickle cell disease.

26 (E) Providing counseling to any individual, at no

1 cost, concerning sickle cell disease and sickle cell
2 trait, and the characteristics, symptoms, and
3 treatment of the disease.

4 (i) The counseling described in this
5 subparagraph (E) may consist of any of the
6 following:

7 (I) Genetic counseling for an individual
8 who tests positive for the sickle cell trait.

9 (II) Psychosocial counseling for an
10 individual who tests positive for sickle cell
11 disease, including any of the following:

12 (aa) Social service counseling.

13 (bb) Psychological counseling.

14 (cc) Psychiatric counseling.

15 (5) Develop a sickle cell disease educational outreach
16 program that includes the dissemination of educational
17 materials to the following concerning sickle cell disease
18 and sickle cell trait:

19 (A) Medical residents.

20 (B) Immigrants.

21 (C) Schools and universities.

22 (6) Adopt any rules necessary to implement the
23 provisions of this Act.

24 (b) The Department may contract with an entity to
25 implement the sickle cell disease educational outreach program
26 described in paragraph (5) of subsection (a).

1 Section 131-20. Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

2 (a) The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund is created as a
3 special fund in the State treasury for the purpose of carrying
4 out the provisions of this Act and for no other purpose. The
5 Fund shall be administered by the Department.

6 (b) The Fund shall consist of:

7 (1) Any moneys appropriated to the Department for the
8 Sickle Cell Prevention, Care, and Treatment Program.

9 (2) Gifts, bequests, and other sources of funding.

10 (3) All interest earned on moneys in the Fund.

11 Section 131-25. Study.

12 (a) Before July 1, 2022, and on a biennial basis
13 thereafter, the Department, with the assistance of:

14 (1) the Center for Minority Health Services;

15 (2) health care providers that treat individuals with
16 sickle cell disease;

17 (3) individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease;

18 (4) representatives of community-based organizations
19 that serve individuals with sickle cell disease; and

20 (5) data collected via newborn screening for sickle
21 cell disease;

22 shall perform a study to determine the prevalence, impact, and
23 needs of individuals with sickle cell disease and the sickle
24 cell trait in Illinois.

1 (b) The study must include the following:

2 (1) The prevalence, by geographic location, of
3 individuals diagnosed with sickle cell disease in
4 Illinois.

5 (2) The prevalence, by geographic location, of
6 individuals diagnosed as sickle cell trait carriers in
7 Illinois.

8 (3) The availability and affordability of screening
9 services in Illinois for the sickle cell trait.

10 (4) The location and capacity of the following for the
11 treatment of sickle cell disease and sickle cell trait
12 carriers:

13 (A) Treatment centers.

14 (B) Clinics.

15 (C) Community-based social service organizations.

16 (D) Medical specialists.

17 (5) The unmet medical, psychological, and social needs
18 encountered by individuals in Illinois with sickle cell
19 disease.

20 (6) The underserved areas of Illinois for the
21 treatment of sickle cell disease.

22 (7) Recommendations for actions to address any
23 shortcomings in the State identified under this Section.

24 (c) The Department shall submit a report on the study
25 performed under this Section to the General Assembly.

1 Section 131-30. Implementation subject to appropriation.
2 Implementation of this Act is subject to appropriation.

3 Section 131-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
4 Section 5.937 as follows:

5 (30 ILCS 105/5.937 new)

6 Sec. 5.937. The Sickle Cell Chronic Disease Fund.

7 Title VII. Hospital Closure

8 Article 135.

9 Section 135-5. The Illinois Health Facilities Planning Act
10 is amended by changing Sections 4, 5.4, and 8.7 as follows:

11 (20 ILCS 3960/4) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1154)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

13 Sec. 4. Health Facilities and Services Review Board;
14 membership; appointment; term; compensation; quorum.

15 (a) There is created the Health Facilities and Services
16 Review Board, which shall perform the functions described in
17 this Act. The Department shall provide operational support to
18 the Board as necessary, including the provision of office
19 space, supplies, and clerical, financial, and accounting
20 services. The Board may contract for functions or operational

1 support as needed. The Board may also contract with experts
2 related to specific health services or facilities and create
3 technical advisory panels to assist in the development of
4 criteria, standards, and procedures used in the evaluation of
5 applications for permit and exemption.

6 (b) The State Board shall consist of 11 ~~9~~ voting members.
7 All members shall be residents of Illinois and at least 4 shall
8 reside outside the Chicago Metropolitan Statistical Area.
9 Consideration shall be given to potential appointees who
10 reflect the ethnic and cultural diversity of the State.
11 Neither Board members nor Board staff shall be convicted
12 felons or have pled guilty to a felony.

13 Each member shall have a reasonable knowledge of the
14 practice, procedures and principles of the health care
15 delivery system in Illinois, including at least 5 members who
16 shall be knowledgeable about health care delivery systems,
17 health systems planning, finance, or the management of health
18 care facilities currently regulated under the Act. One member
19 shall be a representative of a non-profit health care consumer
20 advocacy organization. One member shall be a representative
21 from the community with experience on the effects of
22 discontinuing health care services or the closure of health
23 care facilities on the surrounding community; provided,
24 however, that all other members of the Board shall be
25 appointed before this member shall be appointed. A spouse,
26 parent, sibling, or child of a Board member cannot be an

1 employee, agent, or under contract with services or facilities
2 subject to the Act. Prior to appointment and in the course of
3 service on the Board, members of the Board shall disclose the
4 employment or other financial interest of any other relative
5 of the member, if known, in service or facilities subject to
6 the Act. Members of the Board shall declare any conflict of
7 interest that may exist with respect to the status of those
8 relatives and recuse themselves from voting on any issue for
9 which a conflict of interest is declared. No person shall be
10 appointed or continue to serve as a member of the State Board
11 who is, or whose spouse, parent, sibling, or child is, a member
12 of the Board of Directors of, has a financial interest in, or
13 has a business relationship with a health care facility.

14 Notwithstanding any provision of this Section to the
15 contrary, the term of office of each member of the State Board
16 serving on the day before the effective date of this
17 amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly is abolished on
18 the date upon which members of the ~~9-member~~ Board, as
19 established by this amendatory Act of the 96th General
20 Assembly, have been appointed and can begin to take action as a
21 Board.

22 (c) The State Board shall be appointed by the Governor,
23 with the advice and consent of the Senate. Not more than 6 ~~5~~ of
24 the appointments shall be of the same political party at the
25 time of the appointment.

26 The Secretary of Human Services, the Director of

1 Healthcare and Family Services, and the Director of Public
2 Health, or their designated representatives, shall serve as
3 ex-officio, non-voting members of the State Board.

4 (d) Of those 9 members initially appointed by the Governor
5 following the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
6 96th General Assembly, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July
7 1, 2011, 3 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2012, and 3
8 shall serve for terms expiring July 1, 2013. Thereafter, each
9 appointed member shall hold office for a term of 3 years,
10 provided that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring
11 prior to the expiration of the term for which his or her
12 predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder
13 of such term and the term of office of each successor shall
14 commence on July 1 of the year in which his predecessor's term
15 expires. Each member shall hold office until his or her
16 successor is appointed and qualified. The Governor may
17 reappoint a member for additional terms, but no member shall
18 serve more than 3 terms, subject to review and re-approval
19 every 3 years.

20 (e) State Board members, while serving on business of the
21 State Board, shall receive actual and necessary travel and
22 subsistence expenses while so serving away from their places
23 of residence. Until March 1, 2010, a member of the State Board
24 who experiences a significant financial hardship due to the
25 loss of income on days of attendance at meetings or while
26 otherwise engaged in the business of the State Board may be

1 paid a hardship allowance, as determined by and subject to the
2 approval of the Governor's Travel Control Board.

3 (f) The Governor shall designate one of the members to
4 serve as the Chairman of the Board, who shall be a person with
5 expertise in health care delivery system planning, finance or
6 management of health care facilities that are regulated under
7 the Act. The Chairman shall annually review Board member
8 performance and shall report the attendance record of each
9 Board member to the General Assembly.

10 (g) The State Board, through the Chairman, shall prepare a
11 separate and distinct budget approved by the General Assembly
12 and shall hire and supervise its own professional staff
13 responsible for carrying out the responsibilities of the
14 Board.

15 (h) The State Board shall meet at least every 45 days, or
16 as often as the Chairman of the State Board deems necessary, or
17 upon the request of a majority of the members.

18 (i) ~~Six~~ ~~Five~~ members of the State Board shall constitute a
19 quorum. The affirmative vote of 6 ~~5~~ of the members of the State
20 Board shall be necessary for any action requiring a vote to be
21 taken by the State Board. A vacancy in the membership of the
22 State Board shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise
23 all the rights and perform all the duties of the State Board as
24 provided by this Act.

25 (j) A State Board member shall disqualify himself or
26 herself from the consideration of any application for a permit

1 or exemption in which the State Board member or the State Board
2 member's spouse, parent, sibling, or child: (i) has an
3 economic interest in the matter; or (ii) is employed by,
4 serves as a consultant for, or is a member of the governing
5 board of the applicant or a party opposing the application.

6 (k) The Chairman, Board members, and Board staff must
7 comply with the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

8 (Source: P.A. 99-527, eff. 1-1-17; 100-681, eff. 8-3-18.)

9 (20 ILCS 3960/5.4)

10 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

11 Sec. 5.4. Safety Net Impact Statement.

12 (a) General review criteria shall include a requirement
13 that all health care facilities, with the exception of skilled
14 and intermediate long-term care facilities licensed under the
15 Nursing Home Care Act, provide a Safety Net Impact Statement,
16 which shall be filed with an application for a substantive
17 project or when the application proposes to discontinue a
18 category of service.

19 (b) For the purposes of this Section, "safety net
20 services" are services provided by health care providers or
21 organizations that deliver health care services to persons
22 with barriers to mainstream health care due to lack of
23 insurance, inability to pay, special needs, ethnic or cultural
24 characteristics, or geographic isolation. Safety net service
25 providers include, but are not limited to, hospitals and

1 private practice physicians that provide charity care,
2 school-based health centers, migrant health clinics, rural
3 health clinics, federally qualified health centers, community
4 health centers, public health departments, and community
5 mental health centers.

6 (c) As developed by the applicant, a Safety Net Impact
7 Statement shall describe all of the following:

8 (1) The project's material impact, if any, on
9 essential safety net services in the community, including
10 the impact on racial and health care disparities in the
11 community, to the extent that it is feasible for an
12 applicant to have such knowledge.

13 (2) The project's impact on the ability of another
14 provider or health care system to cross-subsidize safety
15 net services, if reasonably known to the applicant.

16 (3) How the discontinuation of a facility or service
17 might impact the remaining safety net providers in a given
18 community, if reasonably known by the applicant.

19 (d) Safety Net Impact Statements shall also include all of
20 the following:

21 (1) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a
22 certification describing the amount of charity care
23 provided by the applicant. The amount calculated by
24 hospital applicants shall be in accordance with the
25 reporting requirements for charity care reporting in the
26 Illinois Community Benefits Act. Non-hospital applicants

1 shall report charity care, at cost, in accordance with an
2 appropriate methodology specified by the Board.

3 (2) For the 3 fiscal years prior to the application, a
4 certification of the amount of care provided to Medicaid
5 patients. Hospital and non-hospital applicants shall
6 provide Medicaid information in a manner consistent with
7 the information reported each year to the State Board
8 regarding "Inpatients and Outpatients Served by Payor
9 Source" and "Inpatient and Outpatient Net Revenue by Payor
10 Source" as required by the Board under Section 13 of this
11 Act and published in the Annual Hospital Profile.

12 (3) Any information the applicant believes is directly
13 relevant to safety net services, including information
14 regarding teaching, research, and any other service.

15 (e) The Board staff shall publish a notice, that an
16 application accompanied by a Safety Net Impact Statement has
17 been filed, in a newspaper having general circulation within
18 the area affected by the application. If no newspaper has a
19 general circulation within the county, the Board shall post
20 the notice in 5 conspicuous places within the proposed area.

21 (f) Any person, community organization, provider, or
22 health system or other entity wishing to comment upon or
23 oppose the application may file a Safety Net Impact Statement
24 Response with the Board, which shall provide additional
25 information concerning a project's impact on safety net
26 services in the community.

1 (g) Applicants shall be provided an opportunity to submit
2 a reply to any Safety Net Impact Statement Response.

3 (h) The State Board Staff Report shall include a statement
4 as to whether a Safety Net Impact Statement was filed by the
5 applicant and whether it included information on charity care,
6 the amount of care provided to Medicaid patients, and
7 information on teaching, research, or any other service
8 provided by the applicant directly relevant to safety net
9 services. The report shall also indicate the names of the
10 parties submitting responses and the number of responses and
11 replies, if any, that were filed.

12 (Source: P.A. 100-518, eff. 6-1-18.)

13 (20 ILCS 3960/8.7)

14 (Section scheduled to be repealed on December 31, 2029)

15 Sec. 8.7. Application for permit for discontinuation of a
16 health care facility or category of service; public notice and
17 public hearing.

18 (a) Upon a finding that an application to close a health
19 care facility or discontinue a category of service is
20 complete, the State Board shall publish a legal notice on 3
21 consecutive days in a newspaper of general circulation in the
22 area or community to be affected and afford the public an
23 opportunity to request a hearing. If the application is for a
24 facility located in a Metropolitan Statistical Area, an
25 additional legal notice shall be published in a newspaper of

1 limited circulation, if one exists, in the area in which the
2 facility is located. If the newspaper of limited circulation
3 is published on a daily basis, the additional legal notice
4 shall be published on 3 consecutive days. The legal notice
5 shall also be posted on the Health Facilities and Services
6 Review Board's website and sent to the State Representative
7 and State Senator of the district in which the health care
8 facility is located. In addition, the health care facility
9 shall provide notice of closure to the local media that the
10 health care facility would routinely notify about facility
11 events.

12 An application to close a health care facility shall only
13 be deemed complete if it includes evidence that the health
14 care facility provided written notice at least 30 days prior
15 to filing the application of its intent to do so to the
16 municipality in which it is located, the State Representative
17 and State Senator of the district in which the health care
18 facility is located, the State Board, the Director of Public
19 Health, and the Director of Healthcare and Family Services.
20 The changes made to this subsection by this amendatory Act of
21 the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all applications
22 submitted after the effective date of this amendatory Act of
23 the 101st General Assembly.

24 (b) No later than 30 days after issuance of a permit to
25 close a health care facility or discontinue a category of
26 service, the permit holder shall give written notice of the

1 closure or discontinuation to the State Senator and State
2 Representative serving the legislative district in which the
3 health care facility is located.

4 (c) (1) If there is a pending lawsuit that challenges an
5 application to discontinue a health care facility that either
6 names the Board as a party or alleges fraud in the filing of
7 the application, the Board may defer action on the application
8 for up to 6 months after the date of the initial deferral of
9 the application.

10 (2) The Board may defer action on an application to
11 discontinue a hospital that is pending before the Board as of
12 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 102nd General
13 Assembly for up to 60 days after the effective date of this
14 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

15 (3) The Board may defer taking final action on an
16 application to discontinue a hospital that is filed on or
17 after January 12, 2021, until the earlier to occur of: (i) the
18 expiration of the statewide disaster declaration proclaimed by
19 the Governor of the State of Illinois due to the COVID-19
20 pandemic that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any
21 extension thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later; or
22 (ii) the expiration of the declaration of a public health
23 emergency due to the COVID-19 pandemic as declared by the
24 Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
25 that is in effect on January 12, 2021, or any extension
26 thereof, or July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later. This

1 paragraph (3) is repealed as of the date of the expiration of
2 the statewide disaster declaration proclaimed by the Governor
3 of the State of Illinois due to the COVID-19 pandemic that is
4 in effect on January 12, 2021, or any extension thereof, or
5 July 1, 2021, whichever occurs later.

6 (d) The changes made to this Section by this amendatory
7 Act of the 101st General Assembly shall apply to all
8 applications submitted after the effective date of this
9 amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly.

10 (Source: P.A. 101-83, eff. 7-15-19; 101-650, eff. 7-7-20.)

11 Title VIII. Managed Care Organization Reform

12 Article 150.

13 Section 150-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
14 changing Section 5-30.1 as follows:

15 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.1)

16 Sec. 5-30.1. Managed care protections.

17 (a) As used in this Section:

18 "Managed care organization" or "MCO" means any entity
19 which contracts with the Department to provide services where
20 payment for medical services is made on a capitated basis.

21 "Emergency services" include:

22 (1) emergency services, as defined by Section 10 of

1 the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights Act;

2 (2) emergency medical screening examinations, as
3 defined by Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and
4 Patient Rights Act;

5 (3) post-stabilization medical services, as defined by
6 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
7 Act; and

8 (4) emergency medical conditions, as defined by
9 Section 10 of the Managed Care Reform and Patient Rights
10 Act.

11 (b) As provided by Section 5-16.12, managed care
12 organizations are subject to the provisions of the Managed
13 Care Reform and Patient Rights Act.

14 (c) An MCO shall pay any provider of emergency services
15 that does not have in effect a contract with the contracted
16 Medicaid MCO. The default rate of reimbursement shall be the
17 rate paid under Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program
18 methodology, including all policy adjusters, including but not
19 limited to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid
20 Percentage Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments,
21 and all outlier add-on adjustments to the extent such
22 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
23 applicable MCO capitated rates.

24 (d) An MCO shall pay for all post-stabilization services
25 as a covered service in any of the following situations:

26 (1) the MCO authorized such services;

1 (2) such services were administered to maintain the
2 enrollee's stabilized condition within one hour after a
3 request to the MCO for authorization of further
4 post-stabilization services;

5 (3) the MCO did not respond to a request to authorize
6 such services within one hour;

7 (4) the MCO could not be contacted; or

8 (5) the MCO and the treating provider, if the treating
9 provider is a non-affiliated provider, could not reach an
10 agreement concerning the enrollee's care and an affiliated
11 provider was unavailable for a consultation, in which case
12 the MCO must pay for such services rendered by the
13 treating non-affiliated provider until an affiliated
14 provider was reached and either concurred with the
15 treating non-affiliated provider's plan of care or assumed
16 responsibility for the enrollee's care. Such payment shall
17 be made at the default rate of reimbursement paid under
18 Illinois Medicaid fee-for-service program methodology,
19 including all policy adjusters, including but not limited
20 to Medicaid High Volume Adjustments, Medicaid Percentage
21 Adjustments, Outpatient High Volume Adjustments and all
22 outlier add-on adjustments to the extent that such
23 adjustments are incorporated in the development of the
24 applicable MCO capitated rates.

25 (e) The following requirements apply to MCOs in
26 determining payment for all emergency services:

1 (1) MCOs shall not impose any requirements for prior
2 approval of emergency services.

3 (2) The MCO shall cover emergency services provided to
4 enrollees who are temporarily away from their residence
5 and outside the contracting area to the extent that the
6 enrollees would be entitled to the emergency services if
7 they still were within the contracting area.

8 (3) The MCO shall have no obligation to cover medical
9 services provided on an emergency basis that are not
10 covered services under the contract.

11 (4) The MCO shall not condition coverage for emergency
12 services on the treating provider notifying the MCO of the
13 enrollee's screening and treatment within 10 days after
14 presentation for emergency services.

15 (5) The determination of the attending emergency
16 physician, or the provider actually treating the enrollee,
17 of whether an enrollee is sufficiently stabilized for
18 discharge or transfer to another facility, shall be
19 binding on the MCO. The MCO shall cover emergency services
20 for all enrollees whether the emergency services are
21 provided by an affiliated or non-affiliated provider.

22 (6) The MCO's financial responsibility for
23 post-stabilization care services it has not pre-approved
24 ends when:

25 (A) a plan physician with privileges at the
26 treating hospital assumes responsibility for the

1 enrollee's care;

2 (B) a plan physician assumes responsibility for
3 the enrollee's care through transfer;

4 (C) a contracting entity representative and the
5 treating physician reach an agreement concerning the
6 enrollee's care; or

7 (D) the enrollee is discharged.

8 (f) Network adequacy and transparency.

9 (1) The Department shall:

10 (A) ensure that an adequate provider network is in
11 place, taking into consideration health professional
12 shortage areas and medically underserved areas;

13 (B) publicly release an explanation of its process
14 for analyzing network adequacy;

15 (C) periodically ensure that an MCO continues to
16 have an adequate network in place; ~~and~~

17 (D) require MCOs, including Medicaid Managed Care
18 Entities as defined in Section 5-30.2, to meet
19 provider directory requirements under Section 5-30.3;
20 and -

21 (E) require MCOs to ensure that any
22 Medicaid-certified provider under contract with an MCO
23 and previously submitted on a roster on the date of
24 service is paid for any medically necessary,
25 Medicaid-covered, and authorized service rendered to
26 any of the MCO's enrollees, regardless of inclusion on

1 the MCO's published and publicly available directory
2 of available providers.

3 (2) Each MCO shall confirm its receipt of information
4 submitted specific to physician or dentist additions or
5 physician or dentist deletions from the MCO's provider
6 network within 3 days after receiving all required
7 information from contracted physicians or dentists, and
8 electronic physician and dental directories must be
9 updated consistent with current rules as published by the
10 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services or its
11 successor agency.

12 (g) Timely payment of claims.

13 (1) The MCO shall pay a claim within 30 days of
14 receiving a claim that contains all the essential
15 information needed to adjudicate the claim.

16 (2) The MCO shall notify the billing party of its
17 inability to adjudicate a claim within 30 days of
18 receiving that claim.

19 (3) The MCO shall pay a penalty that is at least equal
20 to the timely payment interest penalty imposed under
21 Section 368a of the Illinois Insurance Code for any claims
22 not timely paid.

23 (A) When an MCO is required to pay a timely payment
24 interest penalty to a provider, the MCO must calculate
25 and pay the timely payment interest penalty that is
26 due to the provider within 30 days after the payment of

1 the claim. In no event shall a provider be required to
2 request or apply for payment of any owed timely
3 payment interest penalties.

4 (B) Such payments shall be reported separately
5 from the claim payment for services rendered to the
6 MCO's enrollee and clearly identified as interest
7 payments.

8 (4) (A) The Department shall require MCOs to expedite
9 payments to providers identified on the Department's
10 expedited provider list, determined in accordance with 89
11 Ill. Adm. Code 140.71(b), on a schedule at least as
12 frequently as the providers are paid under the
13 Department's fee-for-service expedited provider schedule.

14 (B) Compliance with the expedited provider
15 requirement may be satisfied by an MCO through the use
16 of a Periodic Interim Payment (PIP) program that has
17 been mutually agreed to and documented between the MCO
18 and the provider, if ~~and~~ the PIP program ensures that
19 any expedited provider receives regular and periodic
20 payments based on prior period payment experience from
21 that MCO. Total payments under the PIP program may be
22 reconciled against future PIP payments on a schedule
23 mutually agreed to between the MCO and the provider.

24 (C) The Department shall share at least monthly
25 its expedited provider list and the frequency with
26 which it pays providers on the expedited list.

1 (g-5) Recognizing that the rapid transformation of the
2 Illinois Medicaid program may have unintended operational
3 challenges for both payers and providers:

4 (1) in no instance shall a medically necessary covered
5 service rendered in good faith, based upon eligibility
6 information documented by the provider, be denied coverage
7 or diminished in payment amount if the eligibility or
8 coverage information available at the time the service was
9 rendered is later found to be inaccurate in the assignment
10 of coverage responsibility between MCOs or the
11 fee-for-service system, except for instances when an
12 individual is deemed to have not been eligible for
13 coverage under the Illinois Medicaid program; and

14 (2) the Department shall, by December 31, 2016, adopt
15 rules establishing policies that shall be included in the
16 Medicaid managed care policy and procedures manual
17 addressing payment resolutions in situations in which a
18 provider renders services based upon information obtained
19 after verifying a patient's eligibility and coverage plan
20 through either the Department's current enrollment system
21 or a system operated by the coverage plan identified by
22 the patient presenting for services:

23 (A) such medically necessary covered services
24 shall be considered rendered in good faith;

25 (B) such policies and procedures shall be
26 developed in consultation with industry

1 representatives of the Medicaid managed care health
2 plans and representatives of provider associations
3 representing the majority of providers within the
4 identified provider industry; and

5 (C) such rules shall be published for a review and
6 comment period of no less than 30 days on the
7 Department's website with final rules remaining
8 available on the Department's website.

9 The rules on payment resolutions shall include, but not be
10 limited to:

11 (A) the extension of the timely filing period;

12 (B) retroactive prior authorizations; and

13 (C) guaranteed minimum payment rate of no less than
14 the current, as of the date of service, fee-for-service
15 rate, plus all applicable add-ons, when the resulting
16 service relationship is out of network.

17 The rules shall be applicable for both MCO coverage and
18 fee-for-service coverage.

19 If the fee-for-service system is ultimately determined to
20 have been responsible for coverage on the date of service, the
21 Department shall provide for an extended period for claims
22 submission outside the standard timely filing requirements.

23 (g-6) MCO Performance Metrics Report.

24 (1) The Department shall publish, on at least a
25 quarterly basis, each MCO's operational performance,
26 including, but not limited to, the following categories of

1 metrics:

2 (A) claims payment, including timeliness and
3 accuracy;

4 (B) prior authorizations;

5 (C) grievance and appeals;

6 (D) utilization statistics;

7 (E) provider disputes;

8 (F) provider credentialing; and

9 (G) member and provider customer service.

10 (2) The Department shall ensure that the metrics
11 report is accessible to providers online by January 1,
12 2017.

13 (3) The metrics shall be developed in consultation
14 with industry representatives of the Medicaid managed care
15 health plans and representatives of associations
16 representing the majority of providers within the
17 identified industry.

18 (4) Metrics shall be defined and incorporated into the
19 applicable Managed Care Policy Manual issued by the
20 Department.

21 (g-7) MCO claims processing and performance analysis. In
22 order to monitor MCO payments to hospital providers, pursuant
23 to this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the
24 Department shall post an analysis of MCO claims processing and
25 payment performance on its website every 6 months. Such
26 analysis shall include a review and evaluation of a

1 representative sample of hospital claims that are rejected and
2 denied for clean and unclean claims and the top 5 reasons for
3 such actions and timeliness of claims adjudication, which
4 identifies the percentage of claims adjudicated within 30, 60,
5 90, and over 90 days, and the dollar amounts associated with
6 those claims. The Department shall post the contracted claims
7 report required by HealthChoice Illinois on its website every
8 3 months.

9 (g-8) Dispute resolution process. The Department shall
10 maintain a provider complaint portal through which a provider
11 can submit to the Department unresolved disputes with an MCO.
12 An unresolved dispute means an MCO's decision that denies in
13 whole or in part a claim for reimbursement to a provider for
14 health care services rendered by the provider to an enrollee
15 of the MCO with which the provider disagrees. Disputes shall
16 not be submitted to the portal until the provider has availed
17 itself of the MCO's internal dispute resolution process.
18 Disputes that are submitted to the MCO internal dispute
19 resolution process may be submitted to the Department of
20 Healthcare and Family Services' complaint portal no sooner
21 than 30 days after submitting to the MCO's internal process
22 and not later than 30 days after the unsatisfactory resolution
23 of the internal MCO process or 60 days after submitting the
24 dispute to the MCO internal process. Multiple claim disputes
25 involving the same MCO may be submitted in one complaint,
26 regardless of whether the claims are for different enrollees,

1 when the specific reason for non-payment of the claims
2 involves a common question of fact or policy. Within 10
3 business days of receipt of a complaint, the Department shall
4 present such disputes to the appropriate MCO, which shall then
5 have 30 days to issue its written proposal to resolve the
6 dispute. The Department may grant one 30-day extension of this
7 time frame to one of the parties to resolve the dispute. If the
8 dispute remains unresolved at the end of this time frame or the
9 provider is not satisfied with the MCO's written proposal to
10 resolve the dispute, the provider may, within 30 days, request
11 the Department to review the dispute and make a final
12 determination. Within 30 days of the request for Department
13 review of the dispute, both the provider and the MCO shall
14 present all relevant information to the Department for
15 resolution and make individuals with knowledge of the issues
16 available to the Department for further inquiry if needed.
17 Within 30 days of receiving the relevant information on the
18 dispute, or the lapse of the period for submitting such
19 information, the Department shall issue a written decision on
20 the dispute based on contractual terms between the provider
21 and the MCO, contractual terms between the MCO and the
22 Department of Healthcare and Family Services and applicable
23 Medicaid policy. The decision of the Department shall be
24 final. By January 1, 2020, the Department shall establish by
25 rule further details of this dispute resolution process.
26 Disputes between MCOs and providers presented to the

1 Department for resolution are not contested cases, as defined
2 in Section 1-30 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act,
3 conferring any right to an administrative hearing.

4 (g-9) (1) The Department shall publish annually on its
5 website a report on the calculation of each managed care
6 organization's medical loss ratio showing the following:

7 (A) Premium revenue, with appropriate adjustments.

8 (B) Benefit expense, setting forth the aggregate
9 amount spent for the following:

10 (i) Direct paid claims.

11 (ii) Subcapitation payments.

12 (iii) Other claim payments.

13 (iv) Direct reserves.

14 (v) Gross recoveries.

15 (vi) Expenses for activities that improve health
16 care quality as allowed by the Department.

17 (2) The medical loss ratio shall be calculated consistent
18 with federal law and regulation following a claims runout
19 period determined by the Department.

20 (g-10) (1) "Liability effective date" means the date on
21 which an MCO becomes responsible for payment for medically
22 necessary and covered services rendered by a provider to one
23 of its enrollees in accordance with the contract terms between
24 the MCO and the provider. The liability effective date shall
25 be the later of:

26 (A) The execution date of a network participation

1 contract agreement.

2 (B) The date the provider or its representative
3 submits to the MCO the complete and accurate standardized
4 roster form for the provider in the format approved by the
5 Department.

6 (C) The provider effective date contained within the
7 Department's provider enrollment subsystem within the
8 Illinois Medicaid Program Advanced Cloud Technology
9 (IMPACT) System.

10 (2) The standardized roster form may be submitted to the
11 MCO at the same time that the provider submits an enrollment
12 application to the Department through IMPACT.

13 (3) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall require all
14 MCOs to update their provider directory with information for
15 new practitioners of existing contracted providers within 30
16 days of receipt of a complete and accurate standardized roster
17 template in the format approved by the Department provided
18 that the provider is effective in the Department's provider
19 enrollment subsystem within the IMPACT system. Such provider
20 directory shall be readily accessible for purposes of
21 selecting an approved health care provider and comply with all
22 other federal and State requirements.

23 (g-11) The Department shall work with relevant
24 stakeholders on the development of operational guidelines to
25 enhance and improve operational performance of Illinois'
26 Medicaid managed care program, including, but not limited to,

1 improving provider billing practices, reducing claim
2 rejections and inappropriate payment denials, and
3 standardizing processes, procedures, definitions, and response
4 timelines, with the goal of reducing provider and MCO
5 administrative burdens and conflict. The Department shall
6 include a report on the progress of these program improvements
7 and other topics in its Fiscal Year 2020 annual report to the
8 General Assembly.

9 (g-12) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the
10 Department or an MCO requires submission of a claim for
11 payment in a non-electronic format, a provider shall always be
12 afforded a period of no less than 90 business days, as a
13 correction period, following any notification of rejection by
14 either the Department or the MCO to correct errors or
15 omissions in the original submission.

16 Under no circumstances, either by an MCO or under the
17 State's fee-for-service system, shall a provider be denied
18 payment for failure to comply with any timely submission
19 requirements under this Code or under any existing contract,
20 unless the non-electronic format claim submission occurs after
21 the initial 180 days following the latest date of service on
22 the claim, or after the 90 business days correction period
23 following notification to the provider of rejection or denial
24 of payment.

25 (h) The Department shall not expand mandatory MCO
26 enrollment into new counties beyond those counties already

1 designated by the Department as of June 1, 2014 for the
2 individuals whose eligibility for medical assistance is not
3 the seniors or people with disabilities population until the
4 Department provides an opportunity for accountable care
5 entities and MCOs to participate in such newly designated
6 counties.

7 (i) The requirements of this Section apply to contracts
8 with accountable care entities and MCOs entered into, amended,
9 or renewed after June 16, 2014 (the effective date of Public
10 Act 98-651).

11 (j) Health care information released to managed care
12 organizations. A health care provider shall release to a
13 Medicaid managed care organization, upon request, and subject
14 to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
15 1996 and any other law applicable to the release of health
16 information, the health care information of the MCO's
17 enrollee, if the enrollee has completed and signed a general
18 release form that grants to the health care provider
19 permission to release the recipient's health care information
20 to the recipient's insurance carrier.

21 (k) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services,
22 managed care organizations, a statewide organization
23 representing hospitals, and a statewide organization
24 representing safety-net hospitals shall explore ways to
25 support billing departments in safety-net hospitals.

26 (l) The requirements of this Section added by this

1 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly shall apply to
2 services provided on or after the first day of the month that
3 begins 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act
4 of the 102nd General Assembly.

5 (Source: P.A. 100-201, eff. 8-18-17; 100-580, eff. 3-12-18;
6 100-587, eff. 6-4-18; 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

7 Article 155.

8 Section 155-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
9 adding Section 5-30.17 as follows:

10 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.17 new)

11 Sec. 5-30.17. Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission.

12 (a) The Medicaid Managed Care Oversight Commission is
13 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family
14 Services to evaluate the effectiveness of Illinois' managed
15 care program.

16 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

17 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
18 President, who shall serve as co-chair.

19 (2) One member of the House of Representatives,
20 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
21 who shall serve as co-chair.

22 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,
23 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of

1 Representatives.

2 (4) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Senate
3 Minority Leader.

4 (5) One member representing the Department of
5 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

6 (6) One member representing the Department of Public
7 Health, appointed by the Governor.

8 (7) One member representing the Department of Human
9 Services, appointed by the Governor.

10 (8) One member representing the Department of Children
11 and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

12 (9) One member of a statewide association representing
13 Medicaid managed care plans, appointed by the Governor.

14 (10) One member of a statewide association
15 representing a majority of hospitals, appointed by the
16 Governor.

17 (11) Two academic experts on Medicaid managed care
18 programs, appointed by the Governor.

19 (12) One member of a statewide association
20 representing primary care providers, appointed by the
21 Governor.

22 (13) One member of a statewide association
23 representing behavioral health providers, appointed by the
24 Governor.

25 (14) Members representing Federally Qualified Health
26 Centers, a long-term care association, a dental

1 association, pharmacies, pharmacists, a developmental
2 disability association, a Medicaid consumer advocate, a
3 Medicaid consumer, an association representing physicians,
4 a behavioral health association, and an association
5 representing pediatricians, appointed by the Governor.

6 (15) A member of a statewide association representing
7 only safety-net hospitals, appointed by the Governor.

8 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and
9 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the
10 Commission's executive administrators in providing
11 administrative support, research support, and other
12 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.
13 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and
14 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing
15 budget.

16 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no
17 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

18 (e) The Commission shall meet quarterly beginning as soon
19 as is practicable after the effective date of this amendatory
20 Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

21 (f) The Commission shall:

22 (1) review data on health outcomes of Medicaid managed
23 care members;

24 (2) review current care coordination and case
25 management efforts and make recommendations on expanding
26 care coordination to additional populations with a focus

1 on the social determinants of health;

2 (3) review and assess the appropriateness of metrics
3 used in the Pay-for-Performance programs;

4 (4) review the Department's prior authorization and
5 utilization management requirements and recommend
6 adaptations for the Medicaid population;

7 (5) review managed care performance in meeting
8 diversity contracting goals and the use of funds dedicated
9 to meeting such goals, including, but not limited to,
10 contracting requirements set forth in the Business
11 Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with
12 Disabilities Act; recommend strategies to increase
13 compliance with diversity contracting goals in
14 collaboration with the Chief Procurement Officer for
15 General Services and the Business Enterprise Council for
16 Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities; and
17 recoup any misappropriated funds for diversity
18 contracting;

19 (6) review data on the effectiveness of processing to
20 medical providers;

21 (7) review member access to health care services in
22 the Medicaid Program, including specialty care services;

23 (8) review value-based and other alternative payment
24 methodologies to make recommendations to enhance program
25 efficiency and improve health outcomes;

26 (9) review the compliance of all managed care entities

1 in State contracts and recommend reasonable financial
2 penalties for any noncompliance;

3 (10) produce an annual report detailing the
4 Commission's findings based upon its review of research
5 conducted under this Section, including specific
6 recommendations, if any, and any other information the
7 Commission may deem proper in furtherance of its duties
8 under this Section;

9 (11) review provider availability and make
10 recommendations to increase providers where needed,
11 including reviewing the regulatory environment and making
12 recommendations for reforms;

13 (12) review capacity for culturally competent
14 services, including translation services among providers;
15 and

16 (13) review and recommend changes to the safety-net
17 hospital definition to create different classifications of
18 safety-net hospitals.

19 (f-5) The Department shall make available upon request the
20 analytics of Medicaid managed care clearinghouse data
21 regarding processing.

22 (g) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year
23 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its
24 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The
25 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of
26 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate

1 in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the
2 Secretary shall direct.

3 Article 160.

4 Section 160-5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
5 Sections 5.935 and 6z-124 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 105/5.935 new)

7 Sec. 5.935. The Managed Care Oversight Fund.

8 (30 ILCS 105/6z-124 new)

9 Sec. 6z-124. Managed Care Oversight Fund. The Managed Care
10 Oversight Fund is created as a special fund in the State
11 treasury. Subject to appropriation, available annual moneys in
12 the Fund shall be used by the Department of Healthcare and
13 Family Services to support contracting with women and
14 minority-owned businesses as part of the Department's Business
15 Enterprise Program requirements. The Department shall
16 prioritize contracts for care coordination services, workforce
17 development, and other services that support the Department's
18 mission to promote health equity. Funds may not be used for any
19 administrative costs of the Department.

20 Article 170.

1 Section 170-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
2 adding Section 5-30.16 as follows:

3 (305 ILCS 5/5-30.16 new)

4 Sec. 5-30.16. Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission.

5 (a) The Medicaid Business Opportunity Commission is
6 created within the Department of Healthcare and Family
7 Services to develop a program to support and grow minority,
8 women, and persons with disability owned businesses.

9 (b) The Commission shall consist of the following members:

10 (1) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative
11 Black Caucus.

12 (2) Two members appointed by the Illinois Legislative
13 Latino Caucus.

14 (3) Two members appointed by the Conference of Women
15 Legislators of the Illinois General Assembly.

16 (4) Two members representing a statewide Medicaid
17 health plan association, appointed by the Governor.

18 (5) One member representing the Department of
19 Healthcare and Family Services, appointed by the Governor.

20 (6) Three members representing businesses currently
21 registered with the Business Enterprise Program, appointed
22 by the Governor.

23 (7) One member representing the disability community,
24 appointed by the Governor.

25 (8) One member representing the Business Enterprise

1 Council, appointed by the Governor.

2 (c) The Director of Healthcare and Family Services and
3 chief of staff, or their designees, shall serve as the
4 Commission's executive administrators in providing
5 administrative support, research support, and other
6 administrative tasks requested by the Commission's co-chairs.
7 Any expenses, including, but not limited to, travel and
8 housing, shall be paid for by the Department's existing
9 budget.

10 (d) The members of the Commission shall receive no
11 compensation for their services as members of the Commission.

12 (e) The members of the Commission shall designate
13 co-chairs of the Commission to lead their efforts at the first
14 meeting of the Commission.

15 (f) The Commission shall meet at least monthly beginning
16 as soon as is practicable after the effective date of this
17 amendatory Act of the 102nd General Assembly.

18 (g) The Commission shall:

19 (1) Develop a recommendation on a Medicaid Business
20 Opportunity Program for Minority, Women, and Persons with
21 Disability Owned business contracting requirements to be
22 included in the contracts between the Department of
23 Healthcare and Family Services and the Managed Care
24 entities for the provision of Medicaid Services.

25 (2) Make recommendations on the process by which
26 vendors or providers would be certified as eligible to be

1 included in the program and appropriate eligibility
2 standards relative to the healthcare industry.

3 (3) Make a recommendation on whether to include not
4 for profit organizations, diversity councils, or diversity
5 chambers as eligible for certification.

6 (4) Make a recommendation on whether diverse staff
7 shall be considered within the goals set for managed care
8 entities.

9 (5) Make a recommendation on whether a new platform
10 for certification is necessary to administer this program
11 or if the existing platform for the Business Enterprise
12 Program is capable of including recommended changes coming
13 from this Commission.

14 (6) Make a recommendation on the ongoing activity of
15 the Commission including structure, frequency of meetings,
16 and agendas to ensure ongoing oversight of the program by
17 the Commission.

18 (h) The Commission shall provide recommendations to the
19 Department and the General assembly by April 15, 2021 in order
20 to ensure prompt implementation of the Medicaid Business
21 Opportunity Program.

22 (i) Beginning January 1, 2022, and for each year
23 thereafter, the Commission shall submit a report of its
24 findings and recommendations to the General Assembly. The
25 report to the General Assembly shall be filed with the Clerk of
26 the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate

1 in electronic form only, in the manner that the Clerk and the
2 Secretary shall direct.

3 Article 172.

4 Section 172-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
5 changing Section 14-13 as follows:

6 (305 ILCS 5/14-13)

7 Sec. 14-13. Reimbursement for inpatient stays extended
8 beyond medical necessity.

9 (a) By October 1, 2019, the Department shall by rule
10 implement a methodology effective for dates of service July 1,
11 2019 and later to reimburse hospitals for inpatient stays
12 extended beyond medical necessity due to the inability of the
13 Department or the managed care organization in which a
14 recipient is enrolled or the hospital discharge planner to
15 find an appropriate placement after discharge from the
16 hospital. The Department shall evaluate the effectiveness of
17 the current reimbursement rate for inpatient hospital stays
18 beyond medical necessity.

19 (b) The methodology shall provide reasonable compensation
20 for the services provided attributable to the days of the
21 extended stay for which the prevailing rate methodology
22 provides no reimbursement. The Department may use a day
23 outlier program to satisfy this requirement. The reimbursement

1 rate shall be set at a level so as not to act as an incentive
2 to avoid transfer to the appropriate level of care needed or
3 placement, after discharge.

4 (c) The Department shall require managed care
5 organizations to adopt this methodology or an alternative
6 methodology that pays at least as much as the Department's
7 adopted methodology unless otherwise mutually agreed upon
8 contractual language is developed by the provider and the
9 managed care organization for a risk-based or innovative
10 payment methodology.

11 (d) Days beyond medical necessity shall not be eligible
12 for per diem add-on payments under the Medicaid High Volume
13 Adjustment (MHVA) or the Medicaid Percentage Adjustment (MPA)
14 programs.

15 (e) For services covered by the fee-for-service program,
16 reimbursement under this Section shall only be made for days
17 beyond medical necessity that occur after the hospital has
18 notified the Department of the need for post-discharge
19 placement. For services covered by a managed care
20 organization, hospitals shall notify the appropriate managed
21 care organization of an admission within 24 hours of
22 admission. For every 24-hour period beyond the initial 24
23 hours after admission that the hospital fails to notify the
24 managed care organization of the admission, reimbursement
25 under this subsection shall be reduced by one day.

26 (Source: P.A. 101-209, eff. 8-5-19.)

1 Title IX. Maternal and Infant Mortality

2 Article 175.

3 Section 175-5. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
4 adding Section 5-18.5 as follows:

5 (305 ILCS 5/5-18.5 new)

6 Sec. 5-18.5. Perinatal doula and evidence-based home
7 visiting services.

8 (a) As used in this Section:

9 "Home visiting" means a voluntary, evidence-based strategy
10 used to support pregnant people, infants, and young children
11 and their caregivers to promote infant, child, and maternal
12 health, to foster educational development and school
13 readiness, and to help prevent child abuse and neglect. Home
14 visitors are trained professionals whose visits and activities
15 focus on promoting strong parent-child attachment to foster
16 healthy child development.

17 "Perinatal doula" means a trained provider who provides
18 regular, voluntary physical, emotional, and educational
19 support, but not medical or midwife care, to pregnant and
20 birthing persons before, during, and after childbirth,
21 otherwise known as the perinatal period.

22 "Perinatal doula training" means any doula training that

1 focuses on providing support throughout the prenatal, labor
2 and delivery, or postpartum period, and reflects the type of
3 doula care that the doula seeks to provide.

4 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Article,
5 perinatal doula services and evidence-based home visiting
6 services shall be covered under the medical assistance
7 program, subject to appropriation, for persons who are
8 otherwise eligible for medical assistance under this Article.
9 Perinatal doula services include regular visits beginning in
10 the prenatal period and continuing into the postnatal period,
11 inclusive of continuous support during labor and delivery,
12 that support healthy pregnancies and positive birth outcomes.
13 Perinatal doula services may be embedded in an existing
14 program, such as evidence-based home visiting. Perinatal doula
15 services provided during the prenatal period may be provided
16 weekly, services provided during the labor and delivery period
17 may be provided for the entire duration of labor and the time
18 immediately following birth, and services provided during the
19 postpartum period may be provided up to 12 months postpartum.

20 (c) The Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall
21 adopt rules to administer this Section. In this rulemaking,
22 the Department shall consider the expertise of and consult
23 with doula program experts, doula training providers,
24 practicing doulas, and home visiting experts, along with State
25 agencies implementing perinatal doula services and relevant
26 bodies under the Illinois Early Learning Council. This body of

1 experts shall inform the Department on the credentials
2 necessary for perinatal doula and home visiting services to be
3 eligible for Medicaid reimbursement and the rate of
4 reimbursement for home visiting and perinatal doula services
5 in the prenatal, labor and delivery, and postpartum periods.
6 Every 2 years, the Department shall assess the rates of
7 reimbursement for perinatal doula and home visiting services
8 and adjust rates accordingly.

9 (d) The Department shall seek such State plan amendments
10 or waivers as may be necessary to implement this Section and
11 shall secure federal financial participation for expenditures
12 made by the Department in accordance with this Section.

13 Title X.Medicaid Managed Care Reform

14 Article 185.

15 Section 185-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as
16 the Medicaid Technical Assistance Act. References in this
17 Article to "this Act" mean this Article.

18 Section 185-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

19 "Behavioral health providers" means mental health and
20 substance use disorder providers.

21 "Department" means the Department of Healthcare and Family
22 Services.

1 "Health care providers" means organizations who provide
2 physical, mental, substance use disorder, or social
3 determinant of health services.

4 "Network adequacy" means a Medicaid beneficiaries' ability
5 to access all necessary provider types within time and
6 distance standards as defined in the Managed Care Organization
7 model contract.

8 "Service deserts" means geographic areas of the State with
9 no or limited Medicaid providers that accept Medicaid.

10 "Social determinants of health" means any conditions that
11 impact an individual's health, including, but not limited to,
12 access to healthy food, safety, education, and housing
13 stability.

14 "Stakeholders" means, but are not limited to, health care
15 providers, advocacy organizations, managed care organizations,
16 Medicaid beneficiaries, and State and city partners.

17 Section 185-10. Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. The
18 Department of Healthcare and Family Services shall establish a
19 Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. The Medicaid Technical
20 Assistance Center shall operate as a cross-system educational
21 resource to strengthen the business infrastructure of health
22 care provider organizations in Illinois to ultimately increase
23 the capacity, access, and quality of Illinois' Medicaid
24 managed care program, HealthChoice Illinois. The Medicaid
25 Technical Assistance Center shall be established within the

1 Department's Office of Medicaid Innovation.

2 Section 185-15. Collaboration. The Medicaid Technical
3 Assistance Center shall collaborate with public and private
4 partners throughout the State to identify, establish, and
5 maintain best practices necessary for health providers to
6 ensure their capacity to participate in HealthChoice Illinois.
7 The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center shall administer the
8 following:

9 (1) Trainings: The Medicaid Technical Assistance
10 Center shall create and administer ongoing trainings for
11 health care providers. Trainings may be subcontracted. The
12 Medicaid Technical Assistance Center shall provide
13 in-person and web-based trainings. In-person training
14 shall be conducted throughout the State. All trainings
15 must be free of charge. The Medicaid Technical Assistance
16 Center shall administer post-training surveys and
17 incorporate feedback. Training content and delivery must
18 be reflective of Illinois providers' varying levels of
19 readiness, resources, and client populations.

20 (2) Web-based resources: The Medicaid Technical
21 Assistance Center shall maintain an independent, easy to
22 navigate, and up-to-date website that includes, but is not
23 limited to: recorded training archives, a training
24 calendar, provider resources and tools, up-to-date
25 explanations of Department and managed care organization

1 guidance, a running database of frequently asked questions
2 and contact information for key staff members of the
3 Department, managed care organizations, and the Medicaid
4 Technical Assistance Center.

5 (3) Learning collaboratives: The Medicaid Technical
6 Assistance Center shall host regional learning
7 collaboratives that will supplement the Medicaid Technical
8 Assistance Center training curriculum to bring together
9 groups of stakeholders to share issues, best practices,
10 and escalate issues. Leadership of the Department and
11 managed care organizations shall attend learning
12 collaboratives on a quarterly basis.

13 (4) Network adequacy reports: The Medicaid Technical
14 Assistance Center shall publicly release a report on
15 Medicaid provider network adequacy within the first 3
16 years of implementation and annually thereafter. The
17 reports shall identify provider service deserts and health
18 care disparities by race and ethnicity.

19 Section 185-20. Federal financial participation. The
20 Department of Healthcare and Family Services, to the extent
21 allowable under federal law, shall maximize federal financial
22 participation for any moneys appropriated to the Department
23 for the Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. Any federal
24 financial participation funds obtained in accordance with this
25 Section shall be used for the further development and

1 expansion of the Medicaid Technical Assistance Center. All
2 federal financial participation funds obtained under this
3 subsection shall be deposited into the Medicaid Technical
4 Assistance Center Fund created under Section 185-25.

5 Section 185-25. Medicaid Technical Assistance Center Fund.
6 The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center Fund is created as a
7 special fund in the State treasury. The Fund shall consist of
8 any moneys appropriated to the Department of Healthcare and
9 Family Services for the purposes of this Act and any federal
10 financial participation funds obtained as provided under
11 Section 20. Moneys in the Fund shall be used for carrying out
12 the purposes of this Act and for no other purpose. All interest
13 earned on the moneys in the Fund shall be deposited into the
14 Fund.

15 Section 185-90. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
16 Section 5.936 as follows:

17 (30 ILCS 105/5.936 new)

18 Sec. 5.936. The Medicaid Technical Assistance Center Fund.

19 Title XI.Miscellaneous

20 Article 999.

1 Section 999-99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
2 becoming law.".